# **Millennium Development Authority - Ghana**

# **Monitoring and Evaluation Plan**

**Revised Version** 

November, 2018

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# PREAMBLE

This Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Plan:

- is part of the action plan set out in the MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE COMPACT (Compact) signed on 5<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2014 between the United States of America, acting through the Millennium Challenge Corporation, a United States Government corporation (MCC), and Ghana, acting through its government;
- will support provisions described in the Compact; and
- is governed by and follows the principles stipulated in the *Policy for Monitoring and Evaluation of Compacts and Threshold Programs* (MCC M&E Policy).

This M&E Plan is considered a binding document, and failure to comply with its stipulations could result in suspension of disbursements. It may be modified or amended as necessary following the MCC M&E Policy, and if it is consistent with the requirements of the Compact and any other relevant supplemental legal documents.

# LIST OF ACRONYMS

AgDevCo	Africa Agricultural Development Company		
BA	Beneficiary Analysis		
CCR	Compact Completion Report		
DFP	Detailed Financial Plan		
DQR	Data Quality Review		
DSM EC	Demand Side Management		
EC	Energy Commission		
ECG	Electricity Company of Ghana		
EE	Energy Efficiency		
EFOT	ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround		
ERR	Economic Rate of Return		
EEDSM	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management		
GDP	Gross Domestic Product		
GOG	Government of Ghana		
GRIDCo	Ghana Grid Company		
IPP	Independent Power Producer		
ITT	Indicator Tracking Table		
KWh	Kilowatt Hour		
LNG	Liquefied Natural Gas		
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation		
MCA	Millennium Challenge Account		
MCC	Millennium Challenge Corporation		
MEE	Market and Economic Enclave		
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies		
MiDA	Millennium Development Authority		
MMDA	Metropolitan, Municipal and District Assemblies		
MoEn	Ministry of Energy		
MSMEs	Micro, Small and Medium Scale Enterprises		
MWh	Megawatt Hour		
NEDCo	Northern Electricity Distribution Company		
NFOT	NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround		
PIA	Program Implementation Agreement		
PGSI	Power Generation Sector Improvement		
PMC	Project Management Consultant		
PURC	Public Utilities Regulatory Commission		
QDRP	Quarterly Disbursement Request Package		
RSCB	Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building		
RCT	Randomized Control Trial		
TBD	To be determined		
USAID	United States Agency for International Development		
USG	United States Government		
VRA	Volta River Authority		
WSEM	Wholesale Electricity Market		

# **1. COMPACT AND OBJECTIVE OVERVIEW**

## 1.1 Introduction and Background

The Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Plan explains in detail how and what MCC and MiDA (the accountable entity for the MCA-Ghana Program) will (a) monitor to determine whether the Projects are on track to achieve their intended results ("*Monitoring Component*"), and (b) evaluate implementation strategies, provide lessons learned, determine cost effectiveness and estimate the impact of Compact interventions ("*Evaluation Component*"). The M&E Plan summarizes all indicators that must be reported to MCC on a regular basis, as well as a description of any complementary data to be collected for evaluation of the Program. The M&E Plan also includes the monitoring and evaluation ("*M&E*") requirements that MiDA must meet in order to receive Disbursements, and serves as a communication tool so that MiDA staff and other stakeholders clearly understand the objectives and targets that MiDA is responsible for achieving.

This Monitoring and Evaluation Plan is a management tool that provides the following functions:

- *Describes the program logic and expected results.* Gives details about what impacts the Compact and each of its components are expected to produce in economic, social, and gender areas and how these effects will be achieved.
- Sets out data and reporting requirements and quality control procedures. Defines indicators, identifies data sources, frequency in order to define how performance and results will be measured. Outlines the flow of data and information from the project sites through to the various stakeholders both for public consumption and to inform decision-making. It describes the mechanisms that seek to assure the quality, reliability and accuracy of program performance information and data.
- *Establishes a monitoring framework*. Establishes a process to alert implementers, MiDA management, stakeholders, and MCC to whether or not the program is achieving its major milestones during program implementation and provides a basis for making program adjustments.
- *Describes the evaluation plan.* Explains in detail how MCC and MiDA will evaluate whether or not the interventions achieve their intended results and expected impacts over time.
- *Includes roles and responsibilities.* Describes in detail what the M&E staff are responsible for.

# 1.2 Problem Analysis: The Power Constraint in Ghana's Economy

#### The Ghana Power Sector

The institutions operating in Ghana's power sector and their respective functions are summarized in the table below. With the exception of the IPPs, all the companies on the electricity value chain are state-owned.

Institution	Function
Ministry of Energy (MoEn)	Energy policy formulation
Energy Commission (EC)	Energy policy advisory, planning, technical regulation and monitoring
Public Utilities Regulatory Commission (PURC)	Electricity tariff regulation
Volta River Authority (VRA)	Electricity generation
Bui Power Authority (BPA)	Electricity generation
Ghana Grid Company (GRIDCo)	Electricity transmission
Electricity Company of Ghana (ECG)	Electricity distribution in Southern Ghana
Northern Electricity Distribution Company (NEDCo)	Electricity distribution in Northern Ghana
Independent Power Producers (IPPs)	Electricity Generation

#### **Ghana Power Sector Institutions and their Functions**

#### Power as a Constraint

Ghana was selected as eligible to develop this Compact prior to completion of the First Compact. At roughly the same time it was named eligible to develop this Compact, Ghana was also named one of four countries to participate in the pilot for the Partnership for Growth ("Partnership for Growth"), an initiative intended to create the next generation of emerging markets through better coordinated and strategically focused United States Government ("USG") programs and resources. Based on an analysis of the obstacles to economic growth ("Constraints Analysis"), conducted jointly by the Government of Ghana (GOG) and the USG, three key constraints to economic growth were identified: insufficient and unreliable power, lack of access to credit, and insecure land use rights. The Government selected the power sector as the area of focus for its proposed second compact while the Partnership for Growth program in Ghana focuses on the power and credit sectors.

In 2012, the Ministry of Energy estimated that Ghana needed to make a total of \$4.7 billion<sup>1</sup> of investments to catch up and/or upgrade the existing power infrastructure. Of this amount, \$200-280 million of investment in generation was required annually to cater for load increases<sup>2</sup>.

However investment in infrastructure alone will not produce the desired improvement in reliability of electricity supply, without measures to increase the operational efficiency of the operating entities in the power sector, in particular ECG, to increase the creditworthiness of these entities, and thereby attract private capital to the power sector. Using Compact funds to address only the capital and equipment shortfalls of the public sector operators will provide limited opportunities for private sector development and participation in the power sector. However using the Compact funds to undertake the necessary reforms and interventions that would result in opening up the power sector and making it attractive to private capital and investments, will have longer term impact in providing investment opportunities for private capital and investors. Clearly the limited availability of public sector capital for infrastructure development necessitates the adoption of strategies that will attract private capital by leveraging public capital, and creating a conducive environment for private capital to flourish (*Source: MCA-Ghana Concept Paper (Project 1) submitted to MCC*).

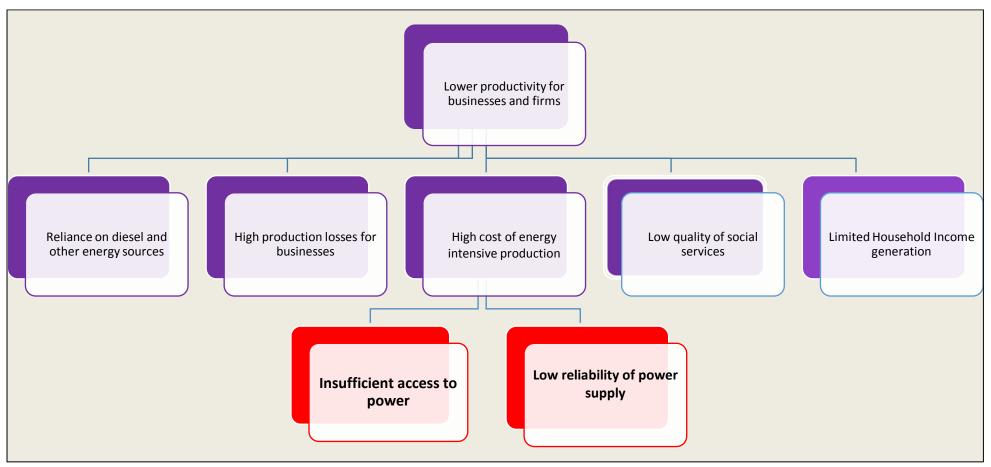
#### The Structure of the Power Problem Tree

The part of the problem tree that identifies power-related issues accounting for lower productivity for businesses and firms is shown in the figure below, which is a subset of the trees developed in March 2012. The full problem tree is in the Annex.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Presentation on 'Investment Opportunities in the Power Sector', Ghana Ministry of Energy, January 2012 (reported in the MCA-Ghana Concept Paper (Project 1) submitted to MCC)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on GRIDCo 10-year load forecasts 2011-2021 and Industry Estimates for Costs of Generation (reported in the MCA-Ghana Concept Paper (Project 1) submitted to MCC)

#### **Ghana Power Compact Problem Tree**



The Millennium Challenge Account Compact II: The Ghana Power Sector Problem Tree

Low reliability of power and insufficient access to power have been identified as the problems facing the Ghana power sector. The causes of each of these two problems are presented below.

- 1. Low reliability of power
  - 1.1 Governance and regulatory framework does not meet the needs of all stakeholders
  - 1.2 Insufficient power supply to meet economic demand
  - 1.3 Transmission capacity is constrained
  - 1.4 Distribution system is constrained and inefficient
- 1. Insufficient access to power
  - 1.1. Electrification in rural areas affects balance sheets of Distribution companies negatively
  - 1.2. Limited government and private investment in rural electrification
  - 1.3. High cost compared to benefits of rural electrification
  - 1.4. High costs for off-grid options

The Power Sector Problem Tree was developed by the Ghana Power Compact Development Core Team in consultation with Focal Persons from the power sector agencies, technical advisors, and MCC counterparts. There were also consultations with potential investors, key consumers and the general public.

To make a sustainable impact on reliability and adequacy of electricity supply in Ghana, Compact II seeks to solve the problems that have discouraged private development of generation capacity, as well as addressing the concerns of the power sector agencies and utilities.

The key problems in the area of Governance and Regulation that were identified at the time of developing the Compact are:

- Need for an effective Sector-Specific Legal Framework for IPPs;
- Need for a Full Cost Recovery Tariff;
- Need for increased Transparency of Tariff-Setting Process;
- Absence of Gas Pricing and Allocation Policies and Regulations;
- Distribution Companies not considered Credit Worthy Off-Takers;
- Wholesale Pricing;
- Independence of the Regulatory Bodies;
- Shortfalls in Regulatory Capacities; and
- Insufficient momentum behind the Sector Reform Process.

It is worthy of note that some progress has been made in relation to the identified problems, in particular:

- Need for an effective Sector-Specific Legal Framework for IPPs; and
- Absence of Gas Pricing and Allocation Policies and Regulations.

It is, however, anticipated that there would eventually be full resolution of the identified problems as the identified interventions are implemented.

Adequate and reliable power generation capacity is key in expanding the Ghanaian economy through industrialization and infrastructure development. Addressing the root causes of the inadequate investment in Ghana's power sector generation is expected to serve as the catalyst for a sustainable economic and social transformation.

### 1.3 Program Logic

#### 1.3.1 Compact Background

On August 5 2014, the Millennium Challenge Corporation (MCC), a Federal Corporation created under Title VI of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2004 and acting on behalf of the United States Government (USG), signed a Compact with the Government of Ghana (GOG) worth US\$535,565,000 (with the Governments of the United States of America and Ghana contributing US\$498,200,000) and US\$37,365,000 respectively) to reduce poverty in Ghana through sustainable economic growth<sup>3</sup>. The Ghana Compact which entered into force in September 2016 will be implemented for a five-year period and completed by September 2021. The Government of Ghana has established an agency, identified as the Millennium Development Authority (MiDA), to serve as the Accountable Entity (AE) for the implementation of the Compact.

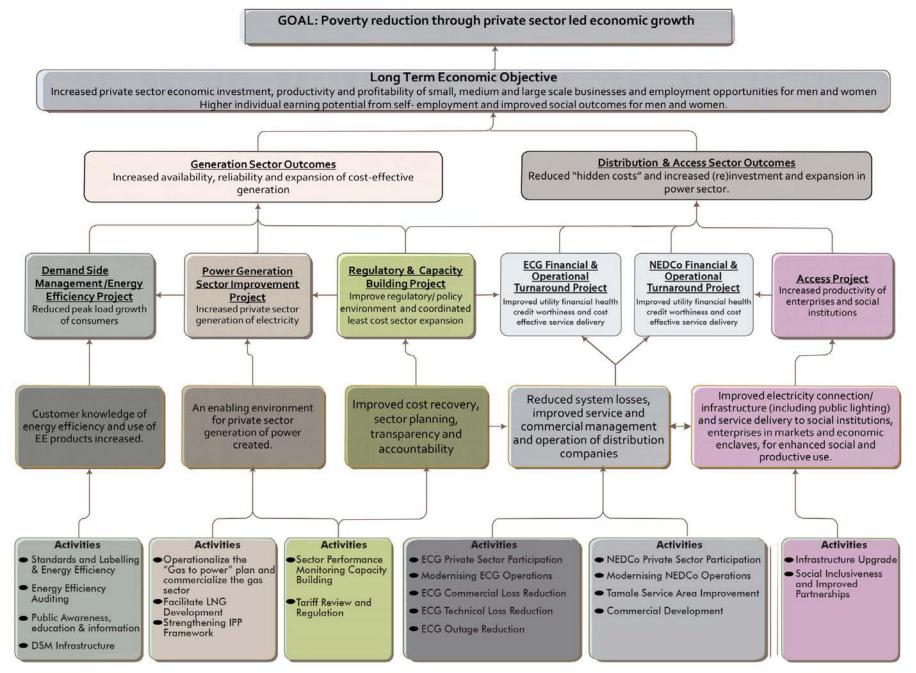
#### 1.3.2 Compact Logic

The Compact-level logic model below illustrates how the Compact Program, Projects and Activities contribute to the Compact Goal, the Program Objectives, and Project Objectives.

The Program Objectives are to: (i) increase private sector investment and the productivity and profitability of micro, small, medium and large scale businesses; (ii) increase employment opportunities for men and women; (iii) raise earning potential from self-employment; and (iv) improve social outcomes for men and women. Prior to the achievement of these high level objectives it is envisaged that a set of hierarchically lower level but interrelated objectives (outcomes) of power generation, distribution and access will be achieved. These outcomes are expected to trigger (cause) the aforementioned program objectives (effects) include (a) increased availability, reliability and expansion of cost-effective generation, and (b) reduced "hidden costs" and increased (re)investment and expansion in the power sector.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Please refer to the Compact Document for a detailed description.

#### **Overall Program Logic**



#### 1.3.3 Project Description and Logic

The overall program logic illustrated above is complemented by lower level logic models at the Project, and/or Activity levels (as necessary) depending on Compact design and implementation. All logic models clearly summarize the outputs, outcomes, and goal expected to result from the Program. A description of the objectives of each Project is included below.

The project description and the project-specific logic models, each illustrating its theory of change with the underlying assumptions and risks, are presented below. The logic diagrams are included as annexes to the M&E Plan.

#### ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project Description and Logic

#### Summary of Project and Activities

The ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project's objective is to improve the quality and reliability of electricity through reduced outages and cost-effective service delivery by ECG, reduce aggregate technical, commercial and collections losses, and to ensure ECG can serve as a creditworthy and credible off-taker under power purchase agreements. The Project Objective will be achieved by reducing implicit subsidies (created by losses, underpricing and under-billing) and ensuring cost-recovery and re-investment in the distribution sub-sector, through introduction of PSP in the governance and management of ECG, and through infrastructure and foundational investments designed to reduce losses and improve service quality.

There are five Activities under the Project.

*Private Sector Participation Activity*: This Activity will provide support for the design and execution of an Acceptable ECG PSP Transaction. Funding for this Activity is intended to cover the following interventions:

- Transaction Advisory services to, among others, advise the Government on the design and implementation of an international tender to select an Acceptable ECG PSP Provider, supporting the Government until Financial Close;
- Consultation with management and employees of ECG to gain support for PSP; and
- Consultancy to design the institutional set-up for the Acceptable ECG PSP Transaction.

*Modernizing Utility Operations Activity*: This Activity is designed to introduce modern tools to ECG, build the capacity of ECG's staff to use the tools, and provide a robust communication network for ECG. Specific interventions include:

- Installation of a Geographic Information System (GIS) based distribution management system, grid digitization, and customer census to record and store basic data;
- Installation of an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system and integration with existing enterprise applications for the purpose of facilitating the flow of information between business functions within ECG and managing connections to outside stakeholders;
- Provision of technical assistance to strengthen Project implementation through the hiring of qualified advisors; upgrade of data center and communications network to

assist ECG in creating a data center compatible with current industry standards and to better manage the network;

- Loss characterization study to distinguish between technical and commercial losses in the ECG Target Regions;
- Technical assistance for tariff applications to provide ECG with the support and training needed to develop a rate case filing compliant with the Tariff Plan;
- Institutionalizing gender responsiveness to support gender auditing, development of a gender policy at ECG and support activities for strengthening institutional capacity of ECG to implement a gender policy and enhance the capacity of female employee associations through knowledge sharing, networking, and the development of internships and mentoring to university students in science and technology, particularly women; and
- Assistance to the ECG training center in Tema in the form of provision of training tools and development/updating of course curricula.

*Reduction in Commercial Losses and Improvement of Revenue Collection Rates Activity*: The Activity addresses commercial and collection losses. Specific interventions to address commercial losses include:

- Creation of service connection standards and normalization of existing services to update existing standards with a new design; train ECG personnel to enforce the new standards; and repair and upgrade non-conforming services.
- Strengthening the loss control program by providing the loss control units at ECG with the means (training, tools, and equipment) to more effectively reduce commercial losses.
- Installation of automated meter readers at special load tariff service locations and on selected non-special load tariff service locations in the ECG Target Regions as well as installation of metering at critical nodes of the distribution system in the ECG Target Regions to provide ECG the ability to identify and monitor where technical and commercial losses are occurring.
- Replacement of legacy credit meters with pre-payment meters in the ECG Target Regions to improve collection efficiency and timely closing of monthly financial statements.

*Technical Loss Reduction Activity*: The interventions under this Activity will result in lowering thermal losses for the primary and secondary distribution systems in the ECG Target Regions. Specific interventions include:

- Updated distribution design and construction standards based upon currently accepted best practices to ensure compliance with international best practice for low loss and economical designs.
- Low voltage bifurcation and network improvements to reduce the length of the low voltage circuits to ensure they do not exceed a length that affects the quality of service and a technical loss threshold.
- Introduction of reactive power compensation for primary substations to optimize power levels at 33/11 kV substations.

- Installation of bulk supply points with feeders to existing primary substations to ease overloading based on the current demand forecast and to avoid rolling brownouts.
- Installation of primary substations with interconnecting sub-transmission links and medium voltage offloading circuits to help reduce technical losses and avoid extended outages caused by failures or maximum capacity reached at geographically adjacent substations.

*Outage Reduction Activity*: The Outage Reduction Activity will improve service and increase sales. The interventions under this Activity include:

- Installation of outage management system to identify outage locations and causes and serve to reduce outage frequencies and durations.
- Sectionalizing study of ECG Target Regions and automation of medium voltage networks and system control and data acquisition expansion to locate sectionalizing devices in the 11 kV network to reduce the geographic area affected by outages.
- Provision of specialized vehicles, tools, and equipment required for fault clearance and restoration of outages in the ECG Target Regions.

#### Project Logic

Unreliable power has been a major constraint to growth of businesses in Ghana. To effectively support the growth requirements of the economy, key challenges in the distribution of power must be addressed. ECG, the leading Distribution Company in Ghana does not run on commercial basis, incurs high technical and commercial losses, which deters private investment, leads to low quality of service and high cost of electricity service provision.

The EFOT Project is designed to deliver short, medium, and long term goals. In the short term, the Project will improve the financial sustainability of ECG by reducing commercial losses, improving billing and collection, ensuring cost reflective tariffs, regular automatic adjustment of tariffs and improving financial management generally within ECG. Ghanaians are expected to experience improvements in the quality of Power under EFOT through the reduction of unplanned outages and distribution technical losses resulting in an improved voltage profile. Similarly the Operations management of ECG will be transformed by improving outage response time, reducing cost per kWh of electricity generation and reinvestment and maintenance in capital expenditure. Consequently, ECG will regain the ability to adhere to commercially agreed time limits for payments of bills to IPPs. However vital institutional capacity building activities must complement the PSP option to achieve planned improvements in short term outcomes. Also sufficient infrastructure investments including private sector participant contributions are needed to achieve loss reduction targets within ECG.

The medium term outcomes include improving the financial viability of ECG, positioning ECG as a credible off-taker, improving satisfaction among ECG customers and enhanced investment capacity within ECG, resulting in sustainable service delivery. Customers' reliance on diesel and petrol generators will be reduced resulting in the increase in electricity consumption. To achieve the above it is critical that Generation and sector-wide master plan is implemented and key policy and regulations from the Compact are sustainably implemented, ECG's credit guarantee provides assurance to power producers of the Company's worthiness and customers observe improvements in outage response time and frequency of load shedding.

In the long term, among outcomes, Ghanaian businesses will experience an increase in investment coupled with the ability to churn out value added products and reduction in sales

losses, which will invariably lead to increased wage employment. It is also expected that, all things being equal, household expenditure on energy will decrease. It must be noted that achievement of results under the EFOT Project depends on coordinated actions from all other Compact program components, including sector expansion to meet demand. Deterioration in conditions under which businesses operate in Ghana (inflation, interest rates and credit availability, exchange rates) and other factors outside of Compact scope may impact the likelihood of investment and deter private sector investment in Power sector.

The key assumptions and risks that underlie the accomplishment of the theory of change are summarized in the table below. These assumptions and risks are external to the Program<sup>4</sup>

Project	Assumptions	Risks		
ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project:	<ul> <li>Sector Government reforms achieved</li> <li>Customer ability to pay</li> <li>Payment of bills by GOG</li> <li>Availability of credit</li> <li>Customer willingness to pay</li> <li>Impact can be seen on national level hidden costs</li> <li>Availability of skilled labor</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tampering and vandalism of ECG assets</li> <li>Increased load shedding</li> <li>ECG staff resistance to change</li> <li>Political interventions in sector</li> <li>Consumer resistance to tariff increases</li> </ul>		

Summary of Key Assumptions and Risks: ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project

#### NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project Description and Logic

#### Summary of Project and Activities

The NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project consists of some of the categories of Activities and interventions as have been presented above for the ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project. However, given the different starting condition and outlook for NEDCo, there are some differences in approach. Most notably, the focus is on making service improvements in the commercial capital of northern Ghana, which is part of the operational area of NEDCo, and improving the customer mix by having more commercial customers for the purpose of achieving an acceptable economic rate of return ("*ERR*").

There are four Activities under the Project.

<u>Private Sector Participation Activity:</u> The Private Sector Participation Activity will provide support for the design and execution of an Acceptable NEDCo PSP Transaction. Funding for this Activity is intended to cover the following interventions:

- Transaction advisory services to structure and bring the Acceptable NEDCo PSP Transaction to Financial Close;
- Assistance with targeted communications strategy, outreach and consultation to gain support of stakeholders;
- Consultation with management and employees of NEDCo to gain support for PSP;
- Consultancy to design the institutional set-up for the Acceptable NEDCo PSP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The M&E Team will document the trends in risk factors for each Project and how their potential impact on the anticipated results. An assumption and risk status tracking table will be developed to help track and explain how these exogenous factors<sup>4</sup> are impacting on Compact results, especially where deviations from the performance targets exceed the  $\pm 10$  percent deviation from indicator target.

Transaction;

- Management contract for the Acceptable NEDCo PSP Provider; and
- Formalizing a financial plan, as required pursuant to Schedule 2 of the PIA, for a clear and transparent mechanism to cover NEDCo operating losses and capital expenditures.

*Modernizing Utility Operations* Activity: Similar to interventions under the corresponding ECG Activity, the proposed interventions are as follows:

- Customer census and service normalization such that, for those consumers whose meter installations are improperly installed or located, the connection will be normalized to ensure integrity of the services.
- Acquisition and installation of a customer information system ("*CIS*") and integration with automated meter reading and prepayment metering system to integrate multiple business applications with which NEDCo will manage its core business functions.
- Provision of operations and maintenance materials to allow NEDCo to perform emergency and routine repairs and maintenance on distribution feeders, laterals, distribution transformers and services and to address outages.
- Provision of vehicles, tools, and special equipment for operating staff to safely and adequately manage operating functions throughout NEDCo, including addressing outages.
- Development of an ESMS for NEDCo.
- Technical assistance for development of rate case to provide NEDCo the support and training needed to develop a rate case compliant with the Tariff Plan.
- Institutionalizing gender responsiveness to support gender auditing, development of gender policy at NEDCo and support activities for strengthening institutional capacity of NEDCo to implement a gender policy and enhance the capacity of female employee associations through knowledge sharing, networking, and the development of internships and mentoring to university students in science and technology, particularly women.

*Tamale Service Area Improvement Activity*: The proposed investments under the Tamale Service Area Improvement Activity are as follows:

- Rehabilitation/upgrade of lines and underground cables to replace aging medium voltage underground conductors subject to frequent faults that are causing outages.
- Low voltage bifurcation and network improvements (also called high voltage distribution system ("*HVDS*")) to reduce the length of the low voltage circuits to ensure they do not exceed a length that affects the quality of service and a technical loss threshold.
- Installation of primary substations with interconnecting sub-transmission links and medium voltage offloading circuits to help reduce technical losses and avoid extended outages caused by failures or maximum capacity reached at geographically adjacent substations.
- Installation of Automatic Meter Reading ("*AMR*") technology at the Bulk Supply Point ("*BSP*"), feeders and other critical nodes on the NEDCo system to allow for more frequent energy meter reading, introduction of more frequent billing cycles for large commercial or industrial customers, and energy balancing, all to provide

NEDCo with the ability to identify and monitor where technical and commercial losses are occurring.

• Introduction of reactive power compensation for primary substations to optimize power levels at 34.5/11 kV substations by installing capacitor banks.

*Commercial Development Activity*: The Commercial Development Activity seeks to improve the customer mix of NEDCo by focusing on adding higher-value customers who pay tariffs that cover the cost of service and cross subsidize lifeline customers who receive service at below-cost tariffs. Specific interventions include:

- Extension of reliable medium voltage electric service to the Africa Agricultural Development Company (AgDevCo) Babator Irrigated Farming Hub by providing a feeder, lines, interconnection, voltage regulator, and metered distribution transformer stations.
- Customer densification and intensification to increase the number of commercial customers in urban areas with under-utilized transformer capacity where commercial activity can be enhanced by electric service through strengthening and expanding medium and low voltage circuits, accompanied by targeted communications campaigns, to support new commercial connections.

#### Project Logic

Reliable and low-cost electricity supply is an essential input for economic activity and to attract productive investment. Conversely, high electricity costs and electricity shortages act as disincentive to investment, hamper competitiveness, and complicate efforts aimed at poverty reduction, all in all resulting in reduced efficiency and a bottleneck to economic activity. Inadequate management of the electricity sector usually brings about electricity rationing and costly subsidies, which are often exacerbated by fraud and nonpayment, or by weak enforcement. Investment in infrastructure alone will not produce the desired improvement in reliability of electricity supply, without measures to increase the operational efficiency of NEDCo operations, to increase the creditworthiness of this entity, and thereby attract private capital to the power sector. Using Compact funds to address only the capital and equipment shortfalls of the public sector operators will provide limited opportunities for private sector development and participation in the power sector.

To help address this challenge, the NFOT project is designed to address key challenge identified within the NEDCo operations. The Project Objective will be achieved by strengthening NEDCo's financial and operational performance and ensuring it is able to function independently, and to engage with the private sector to meet their electricity needs.

The modernization of NEDCo operations would mend NEDCo's network systems which will in turn lead to reduction of unbilled electricity in the short term. In the medium term, it is envisaged that, the improved financial viability of NEDCo would attract investment in NEDCo operations. Installation of Customer Information System to support NEDCo operating functions such as meter reading, bill delivery, collections, receiving and addressing customer complaints, and maintenance activities is expected to reduce commercial losses and improve the revenue collection rate. In the short term, the timely payment of bills to IPPs will create sustainable expansion of the electricity sector to meet demand resulting in reduced load shedding and outages. In addition, it is also expected that the interventions would improve the revenue available for NEDCo's operations.

In the medium term, the provision of service materials for connecting AgDevco, customer densification and intensification would facilitate timely and standardized connection of customers which will in turn increase their satisfaction. The installation of primary substations with interconnecting sub-transmission links and medium voltage offloading circuits would help reduce technical losses and avoid extended outages caused by failures or maximum capacity reached at geographically adjacent substations. This will enhance investment capacity resulting in sustainable delivery of services. The installation of an outage management system and provision of specialized vehicles for NEDCo operations is also expected to ensure continuous expansion of network service quality and reliability in the Tamale Service Area. This will in turn help reduce customer reliance on diesel/petrol leading to higher economic productivity for the same units of appliances.

In the long term, the above-mentioned medium term outcomes are expected to reduce losses in added value in terms of lost income to the owners of businesses (or owner-operators as the case may be for informal activities) and wages due to service disruptions.

The key assumptions and risks that underlie the accomplishment of the theory of change summarized in the program logic are summarized in the table below.

Project	Assumptions	Risks
NEDCo Financial	Sector reforms achieved	Tampering and vandalism
and Operational	• Customer ability to pay	Customer resistance to tariff
Turnaround	• Payment of bills	increases
Project:	• Credit and skilled labor for increased	• NEDCo staff resistance to change
	investment	Increased load shedding
	• Customer willingness to pay	• Consumer resistance to tariff
	• Impact on hidden costs can be felt	increases
	nationally	
	Connection fees affordable	

#### Summary of Key Assumptions and Risks; NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project

#### Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project Description and Logic

#### Summary of Project and Activities

The *Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project's* objective is to ensure the sustainability of all power sector investments, promote greater transparency and accountability for results in the sector, and enhance evidence-based decision making among sector institutions. This Project will therefore ensure that the power sector is financially self-sustaining and relies less heavily on cross-subsidies among tariff categories or other direct or implicit subsidies from the Government. This Project will support creation of an enabling environment for private investment in the power sector. The Project Objective will be achieved

by strengthening independent monitoring of service quality, and improving capacity for ratemaking and other regulatory processes, including the review and restructuring of tariffs to enable the utilities to recover costs.

The Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project consists of two Activities – capacity building of the sector performance monitoring capabilities to ensure better reporting and tariff review, focused on the process of ratemaking and the structure of tariffs.

Sector Performance Monitoring Capacity Building Activity: The purpose of the Sector Performance Monitoring Capacity Building Activity is to provide capacity building for the Ministry of Energy (MoEn), National Development Planning Commission (NDPC), Public Utilities Regulatory Commission (PURC), and Energy Commission (EC) staff to strengthen their capacity for performance monitoring and ensuring service quality. The Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project will focus on regulatory monitoring and independent verification by MoEn, PURC and the EC.

This Activity will include the following interventions:

- Capacity and needs assessments with regards to data quality, monitoring systems (data collection, analysis, reporting, quality control, and communications) on key performance metrics identified for the Compact and Partnership for Growth and listed in the Electricity Supply and Distribution (Technical and Operational) Rules (L.I. 1816, 2005).
- Technical assistance in developing and implementing monitoring and reporting systems, including the development or improvement of MIS systems for MoEn.
- Provision and training for EC and PURC staff on equipment and processes for proper independent monitoring and verification. This will include support in benchmarking and developing more realistic performance targets for licensed and regulated entities, either government owned or privately owned.
- Data quality audits and training in proper monitoring practices for sector stakeholders, including NDPC.
- Support for the publication and analysis of performance data for the sector, including NDPC, in order to enhance transparency.

*Tariff Review and Regulation Activity*: The proposed interventions under this Activity, designed to strengthen ratemaking and other regulatory processes, are:

- Facilitating one or more partnership arrangements with qualified organizations comprised of state, national or international regulatory practitioners and technical experts.
- Various studies to include an updated cost of service study (at the levels of generation, transmission, and distribution), cost of unserved energy study, system losses study, willingness/ability to pay study, cross subsidization/lifeline study, quality of service performance index study, multiple dwelling study, and street lighting levy review.

#### Project Logic

Ghana has embarked on reform of its power sector driven by the need for new investment in the sector, optimized power utility performance, and increased security of supply. However, these reforms have focused on implementing isolated reform elements - instead of focusing and striving to build a solid, coherent and sustainable reform agenda. Difficulties in sustaining reforms, and the lack of appropriate legal and regulatory mechanisms have led to low levels of investment and inefficient sector performance in Ghana.

While there are different models for power sector reform (each with its own advantages and disadvantages) a number of broad international best practices can be distilled to form the building blocks of a robust and sustainable power sector. There is therefore the need to take account of Ghana's national institutional environment, and the overall investment climate.

In the long run, it is expected that, an improved tariff model and processes that meet requirements of all sector stakeholders in terms of both cost recovery and an effective and efficient lifeline mechanism would be achieve. This will in turn lead to sustainable expansion of the electricity sector to meet the growing demand. This is premised on the assumption that Generation and sector-wide master plan will be implemented and key policy/regulations supported by Compact will also be sustainably implemented. It is also envisaged that the Sector Performance Monitoring Capacity Building Activity will enhance human and technical capacities for carrying out regulatory mandates, including tariff setting and power quality monitoring.

The key assumptions and risks that underlie the accomplishment of the theory of change are summarized in the table below. These assumptions and risks are external to the Project.

Project	Assumptions	Risks
Regulatory	Continuous GoG support for reforms	• Tampering and vandalism of
Strengthening and	• Financial re-structuring can be done in 5	equipment
Capacity Building	years	Stakeholder resistance to changes
Project	• Generation and Sector wide Master Plan is	• Delays in reforms due to political
	implemented	backlash
	• Key policy/regulations will be sustained	Customer resistance to tariff
		increases
		Increased load shedding

Summary of Key Assumptions and Risks: Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project

#### Access Project Description and Logic

#### Summary of Project and Activities

The objective of the *Access Project* is to demonstrate how access<sup>5</sup> to reliable electricity can be improved among Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in select Markets and Economic Enclaves (MEEs) in urban and peri-urban areas coinciding with those regions targeted by the commercial and technical loss reduction investments of the ECG and NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Projects. The Access Project is expected to increase the number of new connections in selected areas by identifying and reducing barriers to obtaining legal connections and reliable supply, thereby contributing to increased productivity of enterprises in the selected markets and economic enclaves. This Project will also contribute to the overall objective of the distribution turnaround projects of reducing commercial losses and improving the financial health of the distribution companies, by decreasing the number of consumers who would otherwise seek illegal connections to the network.

The Access Project is expected to provide public lighting in Markets and Economic Enclaves, increase the number of new connections for MSMEs in targeted areas by reducing barriers to obtaining legal connections and strengthening partnerships among relevant institutions, thereby contributing to improved socially inclusive service delivery and increased productivity in Markets and Economic Enclaves. In addition, this Project may facilitate connections to social institutions (schools and health facilities) within the area of the Markets and Economic Enclaves.

The Project in currently in the design stage, with consultants currently on the field to propose intervention sites for approval by MiDA and MCC. The next revision of the M&E Plan will be based on the approved project design.

There are two Activities under the Project.

*Improved Electricity Supply to MSMEs and Social Institutions Activity*: The objective of this Activity is to improve the supply of electricity for MSMEs in Targeted Markets and Economic Enclaves and, to the extent possible, nearby social institutions. To inform the design of this Activity, a power audit will be conducted in the Targeted Markets and Economic Enclaves and nearby social institutions to provide information on the status of existing electricity infrastructure; wiring standards; and potential fire hazards and recommend upgrades and corrective interventions to ensure reliability in electricity supply and safety. The interventions envisaged under this Activity are as follows:

- Infrastructure upgrades and corrective actions in Targeted Markets and Economic Enclaves to provide safe and legal connections and power supply, and to reduce fire hazards.
- Provision of metered Public Lighting in Targeted Markets and Economic Enclaves and Targeted Social Institutions to extend business operating hours, prevent theft and increase public safety, in particular for women.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Access to electricity will be assessed along several dimensions including (1) capacity, (2) duration/availability, (3) reliability, (4) quality, (5) affordability, (6) legality, (7) convenience, and (8) health and safety.

• Electrification of Targeted Social Institutions that currently lack service. The above interventions will be carried out in coordination with the Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project.

*Improving Service Delivery and Strengthening Partnerships Activity*: The objective of this Activity is to develop and implement technical and institutional approaches for broadening participation in the productive use of electricity that can be applied in the service areas of ECG and NEDCo. The interventions under this Activity are as follows:

- Conduct studies to better understand the various challenges. MSMEs in Targeted Markets and Economic Enclaves experience in obtaining access to legal and reliable electricity. The studies will examine (1) standards and requirements for connection, (2) ECG and NEDCo's institutional challenges in serving markets and economic enclaves, (3) customer perceptions of connection processes, (4) cost of connection, and (5) any other relevant barriers identified. Based on the outcome of these studies, design and implement solutions to address the various barriers MSMEs face in gaining legal and safe access to electricity. The implementation of the solutions will be scaled, organized and executed to allow robust impact evaluations where feasible.
- Conduct a study on the challenges MSMEs in Targeted Markets and Economic Enclaves face in using electricity for productive purposes, as well as the programs and services that are currently available to address those challenges. Based on the findings of the study, implement information outreach campaigns and other selected potential interventions recommended by the study to create opportunities for MSMEs to benefit from relevant programs and resources.
- Conduct an assessment of relevant institutions (market women associations, trade associations, Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs), ECG and NEDCo) to identify the challenges in the relationships between utilities and end users of electricity and recommend interventions to improve coordination and partnerships and thereby outreach to and awareness among the stakeholders.
- Based on the outcome of the above assessment, design and implement interventions to (1) enhance the relevant institutions' capacity for coordination; and (2) strengthen partnerships for improving service delivery and promotion of safe practices of use of electricity.

#### Project Logic

Lack of access to reliable and quality electricity can be a major constraint on economic growth and improved living standards. In Markets and Economic Enclaves (MEEs) in Ghana, the supply is subject to frequent service interruptions and voltage fluctuations. Also, illegal electricity connection is common in these MEEs because of operators' perception of cumbersome processes for electricity service connection, compounded by faulty and overaged wiring which sometimes result in fire outbreaks that lead to high property loss and safety risks to the operators and the public at large, most of whom are women. Poor lighting in MEEs also exacerbates safety risks levels causing operators to curtail their operating hours before dusk, hence limiting incomes. Worldwide experience shows that a well-functioning power sector is essential for rapid economic growth and improvements in the quality of life of the people of any country. In markets and economic enclaves found in both urban and peri-urban areas in Ghana, there are clusters of MSMEs engaged in the production of goods and provision of services. These MSMEs are the source of employment for the majority of Ghanaians because only 16% of employment is generated in the formal sector (equally split between formal private sector and public sector jobs), according to the Ghana Statistical Services. Hence the Compact activities and sub-activities under the Access Project outlined above will go a long way to trigger short, medium to long term outcomes and reduce poverty levels for both men and women, as described in the theory of change in the subsequent paragraphs.

With the Access Project intent to provide MEEs, schools and hospitals (within close proximity, i.e. 100-meter radius) safe, reliable and legal connection to electricity, and install public lighting, operators in MEEs are expected to extend their operating hours, experience added value on existing products/services, create new products/services, and reduce property/equipment damage as well as improve safety of property and people in the short term. This outcome will be realized on the assumption that management of the MEEs will put in place adequate safety and security measures and that, the implementation of information, education and communication (IEC) intervention will cause behavioral change among operators and that the benefits outweigh cost .

As operators in MEEs extend their operating hours, experience added value on existing products/services, create new products/services, and reduce property/equipment damage as well as improve safety of property and people, MSMEs in MEEs will experience increase in productivity, reduction in cost of doing business and increased sales of goods and services in the medium term.

The social inclusiveness and improved partnership activity is expected to produce outputs like reduced bottlenecks in getting connected, easy access to electric power through the streamlining of ECG and NEDCo connection processes, and improved compliance with wiring standards. In the short term these outputs will increase the number of operators pursuing legal connections and legal consumption of electric power and hence reduce theft of same. In addition, MSMEs in the MEEs will also make cost savings from reduced use of higher cost energy sources. These short term outcomes are premised on behavioral changes among operators as a result of the IEC interventions. In the medium term the increase in the number of MSMEs in the MEEs pursuing legal connections and legal consumption of electric power and reduction in power theft will reduce commercial and collection losses to the utilities. Within the same timeframe it is expected that investment and expansion among the MSMEs will increase.

In the long term, the aforementioned medium term outcomes are expected to cause MSMEs to increase employment and the wage bill, and increased profits in the MEEs.

The key assumptions and risks that underlie the accomplishment of the theory of change are summarized in the table below. These assumptions and risks are external to the Project.

Project	Assumptions Risks		
Access Project	Easy identification of customers	Tampering and vandalism	
	• Customer ability and willingness to pay	Customer resistance to tariff	
	• (Consumer expenditures?)	increases	
	• Clear targeting criteria, including pro-poor	Social acceptance of projects	
	considerations	<ul> <li>Increased load shedding</li> </ul>	
	Credit availability	• Land ownership and availability	
	Connection fees affordable	• Low poverty levels	
	Labor availability		
	Appliance availability		

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#### Power Generation Sector Improvement Project Description and Logic

At the time of Compact signing, the Power Generation Sector Improvement Project was designed with the objective of reducing disruptions in electricity service due to generation shortfalls by promoting timely investments in additional installed generation capacity, through the creation of an improved enabling environment for private sector investment in conventional and renewable generation. This Project was expected to ensure a more cost-effective fuel mix by instituting a framework for a reliable fuel supply for thermal generation. In addition, the Project was expected to facilitate the adoption of a least-cost expansion plan leading to increased potential throughput to electricity consumers and reduced energy costs to enterprises, households and industry. It was originally anticipated that the Project would achieve these results by establishing a competitive tendering process for IPPs, by helping to finalize commercial gas supply agreements to facilitate development of gas reserves and LNG for power generation, and by securitizing the gas sector to enable reduced reliance on more costly oil-based fuels.

Developments since the signing of the Compact requires changes to this Project. USAID is currently implementing some of the activities planned under the Project, and there is therefore the need for a re-scoping/re-designing of the Project. The consideration under discussion is possible support for GRIDC's efforts at developing the Wholesale Electricity Market (WSEM).

#### Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project Description and Logic

#### Summary of Project and Activities

The Constraints Analysis documents that the demand for electricity is outstripping supply in Ghana, which creates a gap in power availability and also undermines the reliability of the system. Energy efficiency and demand side management represent cost-effective opportunities to bridge this gap, serving, in effect, as sources of supply.

The objective of the Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project is to reduce electricity demand through improved building and appliance efficiency, to reduce peak load on the network, and to sustain improvements in energy efficiency through the development of technical capacity for energy audits as well as public outreach and education. Improved efficiency will in turn make the same amount of electricity generated available to more consumers, and at a lower cost than by developing additional generation capacity. It will also help in moving towards the creation of a reserve margin, in terms of generation capacity relative to peak demand. Interventions like the adoption and enforcement of standards and labels for priority equipment (i.e., items factoring into peak demand), coupled with the installation of test facilities for energy efficient appliances will help reduce peak load while also reducing the energy consumption and therefore costs customers incur with the use of these appliances. In addition, because government agencies account for a significant portion of electricity demand in Ghana, the Project will improve the financial viability of ECG and NEDCo by reducing the demand from government facilities via efficiency retrofits. Installation and/or replacement of streetlights with LED technology will reduce the lighting load and by extension the evening peak load. Finally, this Project will achieve and sustain these results by establishing training centers to train energy auditors to conduct regular audits of public buildings, by developing and disseminating education tools to be incorporated at educational institutions, and by conducting public outreach on energy efficiency.

The Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project is organized into four Activities, each described below.

*Development and Enforcement of Standards and Labels Activity*: Energy efficiency standards and labelling will be developed to provide information on the energy efficiency performance of selected energy consuming appliances and products available on the market, and to ensure minimum efficiency standards for products on the market. In addition, the standards and labelling that do exist could benefit greatly from technical updates and enforcement support. The uptake of more efficient appliances and equipment will reduce consumer utility bills and thereby save them money in the long run. It could also help reduce peak demand, or at least mitigate growth in peak demand.

*Improved Energy Auditing Activity*: Capacity building for energy auditing will be provided to energy management professionals to ensure that a core of qualified and certified professionals are available in the Ghanaian market who can assist industrial and commercial customers in implementing cost effective energy savings measures such as building retrofits. The capacity building will be complemented by investments in training centers and mobile test labs. This Activity also includes demonstration audits to stimulate the market and strengthen energy service companies that will effectively promote energy efficiency retrofits in industrial, institutional, and Government facilities.

*Education and Public Information Activity*: Public education and information activities help ensure that consumers are fully informed regarding the benefits and trade-offs of higher efficiency appliances and equipment. This Activity potentially includes direct public education interventions targeting high energy peak load consumers and developing an energy efficiency component to integrate into the school curricula.

*Demand Side Management Infrastructure Activity*: This Activity will support the conversion of conventional street lights in ECG Target Regions to highly efficient LED street lights.

#### Project Logic

The expected output from the four EEDSM Project interventions include increased public education, information and awareness about performance and benefits of energy efficient equipment and measures through advertising campaigns, outreach to educational institutions, importers and retailers of electrical appliances, etc. Other outputs are efficiency ratings, labels, and standards for major energy-using equipment established and enforced; legislative

instruments for enforcement of standards gazetted; and market monitoring enhanced and product certification process improved. Finally, the EEDSM activities will facilitate national capacity building on energy auditing and management, institutionalize industrial and commercial energy efficiency audits, and expand the training and certification of energy efficiency (EE) auditors. The project will also ensure closer collaboration between energy efficiency auditors and energy efficiency manufacturers.

The increase in public education, information and awareness about performance and benefits of energy efficient equipment and measures is expected to make the public better informed on energy efficiency and empowered to reduce energy consumption in the short term. Within the same timeframe, the standards and labels and enforcement of major energy-using equipment will improve the demand profile and reduce the growth rate. The above-mentioned energy auditing outputs will also cause a further improvement in the demand profile and reduction in the growth rate, especially at peak periods. Again, in the short term, the replacement of lamps of streetlights with more efficient lamps like LEDs and/or better street lighting technology will also reduce the lighting load of the country, and further shave the peak load.

In the medium term, a more enlightened public on EEDSM will enable the country's generation capacity to transcend meeting demand to ensuring adequate reserve margin. As more private, industrial and government institutions internalize the practice of energy auditing to their buildings, we will experience efficient use of installed capacity and cause reduction of greenhouse gases emission in the medium term. Finally, in the medium term, the reduction in the lighting load will minimize unplanned outages at both transmission and distribution levels, and increase access and consumption of electric power for new customers, thereby reducing customer reliance on diesel generators.

In the long term, the medium term outcomes are expected to contribute in diverse ways to decrease household and business energy basket expenditures and thus business losses, increase value-added production, increase business investments, wage employment and incomes.

The key assumptions and risks that underlie the accomplishment of the theory of change summarized in the program logic are shown in the table below.

Summary	of	Key	Assumptions	and	<b>Risks:</b>	Energy	Efficiency	and	Demand	Side
Managem	ent	Proje	ct:							

Project	Assumptions	Risks
Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project	<ul> <li>Assumptions</li> <li>Training program can be implemented within 5-years</li> <li>Consumer behavior changes.</li> <li>Technology affordable and available on the market</li> <li>Rate of demand growth is 6% annually</li> <li>Effective enforcement of standards and labels requirements</li> <li>Willingness and ability of consumers to purchase efficient appliances</li> <li>Generation and sector-wide master plan implemented and key policy/regulations from Compact sustainably implemented</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><b>Risks</b></li> <li>Import restrictions due to inflation and fiscal position</li> <li>Circulation of inefficient household appliances</li> </ul>

# 1.4 Projected Economic Benefits

The ERR analysis calculates average economic opportunity costs of electricity disruptions by estimating losses in value added due to the costs of own generation of electricity and losses of value added due to the temporary cessation of economic activity. The midpoint ERRs for each project are presented in the table below.

Project	Current Economic	Date Current
	Rate of Return	<b>Economic Rate of</b>
	(ERR)	<b>Return (ERR)</b>
		Established
ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project	19%	August 2014
NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project	14%	January 2017
Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building	Not Applicable	
Project (costs incorporated in ECG/NEDCo	(wrapped into the	Not Applicable
calculations)	ECG and NEDCo	Not Applicable
	ERRs)	
Access Project	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Power Generation Sector Improvement Project	TBD	TBD
Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project	27%	August 2014

#### **Economic Rate of Return Analysis**

# **1.4.1 Economic Analysis of ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project<sup>6</sup>**

The analysis estimated the benefits of reducing service disruptions attributable to network deficiencies by considering key factors affecting the level of downstream subsystem outages, which vary by substation. If ECG resources for re-investment are limited and therefore focused on routine maintenance and equipment replacement, and spread thinly, then areas with older assets could display higher rates of system failure. Investments in critical equipment replacement (compact-mediated hardware inputs) and higher levels of financial resources applied to system maintenance and re-investment (compact-mediated institutional, 'software' inputs) is expected to lead to downstream incremental benefits.

# 1.4.2 Economic Analysis of NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project

The analysis ties electricity service quality to economic outcomes. Electricity service quality refers to outages – their frequency (SAIFI) and duration (SAIDI) – and to voltage stability (delivery of rated voltage within an acceptable tolerance of variation, i.e.  $\pm 10\%$  of 230 volts in Ghana). For NEDCo service areas outages are primarily due to network failures and not the lack of power supply. Therefore improvements in quality of service are achieved in the short

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Information presented are extracts from the *Ghana II Economic Assessment: Guide to the Analysis and Work Files*, which was prepared by MCC. This also applies to the sections on the Power Sector Generation Improvement Project and the Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project.

term through investments in equipment and over the longer term by strengthening the utility's capacity to manage its assets through interventions that enhance operational and financial performance.

#### 1.4.3 Economic Analysis of Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project

The beneficiaries are incorporated in the ECG and NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Projects.

#### 1.4.4 Economic Analysis of Access Project

The Access Project is yet to be fully designed, and it does not have to meet any economic threshold as a requirement for funding.

#### 1.4.5 Economic Analysis of Power Generation Sector Improvement Project

A decision is yet to be taken on the final scope/design of the Project.

#### 1.4.6 Economic Analysis of Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project

Changes in the trend in reserve margins due to reductions in expected growth in peak demand were treated in the same way as in the case of the Power Generation Sector Improvement Project. The analysis of EEDSM interventions considered the average of future outcomes in the presence of low and high reserve margins. The energy efficiency interventions realize their economic benefits through the private purchase of appliances over time that conform to standards that have yet to be defined.

# 1.5 **Projected Program Beneficiaries**

According to the MCC "Guidelines for Economic and Beneficiary Analysis", beneficiaries of projects are considered individuals that are expected to experience better standards of living due to Compact activities aimed to increase their real incomes. The economic rate of return analysis for proposed projects gives details on benefit streams through which beneficiaries should experience increased income.

A general overview of the span of program benefits across the population of Ghana, used for Compact justification to MCC's Investment Committee, is presented in the table below.

Project	Program Participant Definition	Est. Number of Program Participants*		
ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project	Consumers of electricity engaged in productive activity in the ECG Target Regions (Accra East and Accra West).			
NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project	The primary beneficiaries are the populations of Tamale, Babator and households from neighboring areas of Babator that gain wage income. The proposed interventions are expected to reduce losses in added value in terms of lost income to the owners of businesses (or owner-operators as the case may be for informal and household-based activities) and wages because of service disruptions and unstable voltage.			
Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project (beneficiaries incorporated in ECG/ NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Projects) Access Project	The ultimate beneficiaries, will be the customers of ECG and NEDCo Markets and Economic Enclaves within Ghana			
Power Generation Sector Improvement Project	All electricity consumers in Ghana and the Government			
Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project	All electricity consumers in Ghana			

\* To be provided in subsequent revisions of the M&E Plan

### 1.5.1 Projected Program Beneficiaries

Each Project of the Compact is intended to further poverty reduction through economic growth. The expected beneficiaries, and the estimated numbers for each Project are presented in the table below.

<b>Projected Program</b>	Beneficiaries
--------------------------	---------------

Project	Program Beneficiary Definition	Est. Number of	Present Value (PV) of	Net Present Value
		Beneficiaries	Benefits <sup>7</sup>	(NPV) <sup>8</sup>
ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project	Consumers of electricity engaged in productive activity in the ECG Target Regions (Accra East and Accra West) who realize improved standards of living as a result of economic gains generated by the project, either through higher real incomes or through expenditure savings	4.8 million	USD 357.5 million	USD 143.3 million
NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project	Consumers of electricity engaged in productive activity located mainly in the NEDCo Target Regions who realize improved standards of living as a result of economic gains generated by the project, either through higher real incomes or through expenditure savings	1.4 million	TBD	TBD
Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project (beneficiaries incorporated in ECG/ NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Projects)	Immediate beneficiaries would be the institutions and staff receiving the technical assistance and capacity building but the ultimate beneficiaries, will be the customers of ECG and NEDCo who realize improved standards of living as a result of economic gains generated by the project, either through higher real incomes or through expenditure savings	N/A	N/A	N/A
Access Project	Operators in Markets and Economic Enclaves within the ECG and NEDCo Target Regions who realize improved standards of living as a result of economic gains generated by the project, either through higher real incomes or through expenditure savings	TBD	TBD	TBD
Power Generation Sector Improvement Project	All electricity consumers in Ghana who realize improved standards of living as a result of economic gains generated by the project, either through higher real incomes or through expenditure savings and the Government	TBD	TBD	TBD
Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project	All electricity consumers in Ghana who realize improved standards of living as a result of economic gains generated by the project, either through higher real incomes or through expenditure savings	19.6 million	To be provided in the next revision of the M&E Plan	USD 95.8 million

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The PV of benefits are the "estimated discounted increase in income over the life of the project or the "beneficiary

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The NPV illustrates the net benefits, which subtract the discounted costs from the discounted benefits. Cost-benefit analysis produces two main outputs: the ERR and NPV. This provides a more complete picture and allows for comparison at this level across projects.

#### 1.5.2 Beneficiary Analysis

There is a very high level of overlap (in some cases complete overlap) of beneficiaries of the respective projects.

The primary beneficiaries of the ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project are consumers of electricity engaged in productive activity in the ECG Target Regions. These regions generate over 22 percent of the gross domestic product (GDP) of Ghana and represent more than 23 percent of ECG's total customers. The proposed interventions are expected to reduce losses in added value in terms of lost income to the owners of businesses (or owner-operators as the case may be for informal activities) and wages because of service disruptions. All the beneficiaries of the ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project are also captured as beneficiaries of the Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building, Power Generation Sector Improvement and the Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Projects.

The primary beneficiaries of the NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project are consumers of electricity engaged in productive activity located mainly in the NEDCo Target Regions. The proposed interventions are expected to reduce losses in added value in terms of lost income to the owners of businesses (or owner-operators as the case may be for informal activities) and wages because of service disruptions. The beneficiary analysis will be updated in conjunction with the computation of economic rates of return. All the beneficiaries of the NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project, just like those of the ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project are also captured as beneficiaries of the Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building, Power Generation Sector Improvement and the Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Projects.

The beneficiaries of the Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project would be the customers of ECG and NEDCo. In effect, all consumers of electricity in Ghana (and by implication the beneficiaries of the ECG and NEDCo Projects) are beneficiaries of this Project.

The Access Project will target Markets and Economic Enclaves within the ECG and NEDCo Target Regions. While specific sites have not yet been selected, direct beneficiaries of this intervention are MSMEs within the Markets and Economic Enclaves to be selected. Indirect beneficiaries will be social institutions such as schools and health clinics within the vicinity of the Markets and Economic Enclaves. Estimates for the number of beneficiaries of the Project will be established in more depth after the design phase. All the beneficiaries are also affected by the ECG Financial and Operational Turnaround Project

The Power Generation Sector Improvement Project will directly benefit end users and the Government. In the long run, with additional investment in generation at least cost, the whole economy benefits – by reducing power outages, enhancing the sustainability of increased thermal generation and increasing the potential throughput to beneficiary electricity consumers by enabling base load production from gas. The Power Generation Sector Improvement Project will reduce energy cost to enterprises, households and industry, improve general economic productivity and support the preservation and creation of employment opportunities in the economy. The Power Generation Sector Improvement Project will also benefit the following: (i) IPPs- stable fuel supply (competitively priced gas), clearly defined process, and regulatory certainty will lead to lower generation costs per kWh with a more predictable return on investment; (ii) investors in gas exploration and production due to clear, rational and commercial arrangements in the sector; and (iii) developers of renewable energy projects by lowering barriers to entry, creating clear contracting processes and transparent pricing.

Reducing energy waste will benefit all electricity consumers in Ghana, as it will make more electricity available at a cost far below that of new generation capacity. Individual activities will target retail consumers, industry, and Government agencies:

- (i) The Development and Enforcement of Standards and Labels Activity will impact all consumers who use household and other appliances as its implementation occurs at the national level;
- (ii) The Improved Energy Auditing Activity is geared toward industrial and commercial customers, but Government agencies may also show interest in participating;
- (iii) The Education and Public Information Activity is meant to reach the general public. Target beneficiaries include high energy peak consumers, students and industrial and commercial actors.

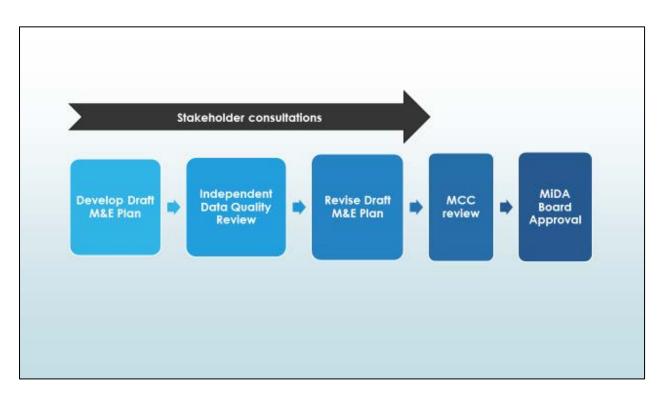
All consumers of electricity in Ghana are potential beneficiaries of the Power Generation Sector Improvement Project.

The Demand Side Management Infrastructure Activity will impact a combination of the general public (through LED street lighting) and Government agencies.

# **1.6 The Process of Developing the M&E Plan**

The process of developing the M&E Plan was guided by the MCC M&E Policy and the MCA M&E Plan template, and it was led by MiDA M&E with support and input from MCC M&E. The Plan was developed in conjunction with key stakeholders, including MiDA and MCC Project Teams and Ghana's power sector agencies.

The process is summarized in the chart below. It started with developing the Draft M&E Plan from the description of the Monitoring and Evaluation Plan in the Compact, (also referred to as the Compact M&E Summary), which represents the negotiated legal agreement between the Republic of Ghana (through GOG) and the United States Government (through MCC) on broad M&E issues.



An independent Data Quality Review (DQR) Consultant carried out an assessment of the Plan, particularly the monitoring indicators that had been proposed, during the period November 2015 - July 2016. The objective of DQR was to assess the quality of data that will be collected for the M&E Plan, and to improve the quality of future data gathering and reporting efforts.

The Consultant reviewed all the Compact outcome indicators, data and data collection methodologies with a view to provide MiDA and the Implementing Entities (IEs) of the Ghana Power Compact with recommendations on how to improve the quality of data used as part of the M&E Plan framework.

The Consultant carried out the following specific activities.

- i) Reviewed the relevancy of the Compact indicators used in the draft M&E Plan; and in particular reviewed indicators to ensure their definitions, calculation and measurement methods accurately measure the intended results of the project and project logic;
- ii) Ensured the accuracy and quality of data collected to measure and calculate indicators; and
- iii) Made recommendations to strengthen the quality of data used in the draft M&E Plan.

The recommendations were used to revise the Draft M&E Plan, including definitions, setting of baselines and targets, and the methodology for measurement.

The revised Draft M&E Plan was then submitted to MCC for informal review by the M&E and Project teams, prior to submission to MiDA Board for approval.

There were stakeholder engagements throughout the process of developing the M&E Plan. These consultations focused on the monitoring component of the plan. Apart from MiDA project teams, and MCC M&E and project teams, key stakeholders in the power sector who were expected to implement Compact activities and/or report on the results were also engaged. These were the service providers (ECG, NEDCo and GRIDCo), technical regulator (EC) and policy maker (MoEn)<sup>9</sup>.

All of these stakeholders, with the exception of GRIDCo, are also implementing entities for the Compact. Their participation was particularly important since they would be working together with MiDA to implement the Plan.

The roles of stakeholders during each stage of the process are summarized below.

*Draft M&E Plan*: MiDA M&E and Project Teams initially reviewed the indicators identified in the description of the M&E Plan in the Compact. These were modified to reflect the current state of the Projects. The likely outputs that would inform the setting of targets for indicators were also identified. The power sector stakeholders participated in joint review of proposed indicators with MiDA to finalize the set of indicators, baselines (for outcome indicators) and preliminary targets for outcome and output indicators. MCC worked with MiDA at all the stages of developing the Draft M&E Plan.

*Data Quality Review (DQR)*: The MiDA Project Teams, MCC and power sector agencies provided feedback, through the review of the draft, and participation in a validation workshop on the DQR Report.

*Revision of the Draft M&E Plan*: In addition to providing feedback on the Draft DQR Report, all the stakeholders participated in target setting exercises with MiDA and MCC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> MiDA has still not had the opportunity of engaging with PURC due to a number of factors. Hopefully, the issues preventing MiDA from fully engaging with PURC would be resolved in the first half of 2017 and their views on the indicators, if any, would be incorporated in the first revision of the M&E Plan.

# 2. MONITORING COMPONENT

# 2.1 Summary of Monitoring Strategy

As defined in the MCC M&E Policy, monitoring is the continuous, systematic collection of data on specified indicators to provide indications of progress toward objectives and the achievement of intermediate results along the way. The Compact will be monitored and progress reported regularly through the Indicator Tracking Table (ITT). To monitor progress toward the achievement of results of this Compact, the M&E Plan will identify indicators and establish baselines and targets against which to assess implementation and outcomes. It should be noted that some indicators will continue to be tracked after the Compact Term as necessary.

There are four levels of indicators that follow from the program logic framework: (i) process, (ii) output, (iii) outcome, and (iv) goal. The various indicator levels map to the program logic and thus allow Project developers and managers to understand to what extent planned activities are likely to achieve their intended objectives. Often most outcome (long-term or distal) and goal indicators are not monitored during the life of the Compact, but rather are reported through evaluations after the Compact is complete. Those levels of results typically take longer to be achieved. But intermediate outcomes are monitored during the compact lifecycle.

Goal indicators measure the economic growth and poverty reduction that occur during or, most likely, after implementation of the program. For MCC Compacts, goal indicators will typically be a direct measure of local income and are typically measured through post compact evaluations. Outcome indicators measure the intermediate effects of an Activity or set of Activities culminating in tangible or intangible outputs, and are directly related through the Program Logic to the output indicators. Output indicators directly measure the deliverables directly from Project Activities. They describe and quantify the "finished" goods and services produced directly by the implementation of an Activity. Process indicators measure progress toward the completion of Project Activities, and at times provide proxy indication of the extent of completion of an output, e.g. "Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts". They are a precondition for the achievement of Output Indicators and a means to ascertain that the work plan is proceeding on time.<sup>10</sup>

MCC has introduced common indicators for external reporting across all MCC Compacts. The common indicators relevant to the MCA-Ghana Compact are included in this M&E Plan.

The Compact outlines the initial indicators for the Program. The M&E Plan builds on this information with additional indicators developed by MCC, MiDA project managers and implementers in the early stage of project implementation.

A number of indicators, baselines and targets are currently pending determination for the NEDCo and Access Projects. The majority of these baselines and targets will be established once the feasibility and design studies are completed. Others are pending updated data that will be available once implementation contracts are awarded and contractors have presented their work plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The indicator levels are formally defined in MCC's *Policy for Monitoring and Evaluation of Compacts and Threshold Programs*.

#### 2.1.1 Measurement of Goal, Outcome, Output, and Process Indicators

The results of the Program would be measured using quantitative, objective, and reliable metric (i.e. "indicators"). These indicators may be augmented by qualitative data whenever necessary.

- (i) The M&E Plan will establish baselines for every Indicator. An Indicator's Baseline should be established prior to the start of the corresponding Project and/or Activity. Baselines demonstrate that the problem can be specified in measurable terms, and are thus a prerequisite for adequate intervention design. The Government will collect Baselines on the selected Indicators or verify already collected Baselines where applicable.
- (ii) The M&E Plan will establish a target for each Indicator that specifies the expected value and the expected time by which the result will be achieved.
- (iii) The M&E Plan will indicate which Indicators will be disaggregated by gender, income level, and age, and beneficiary types to the extent practical and applicable.
- (iv) MCC's Common Indicators (as described in the MCC M&E Policy) will also be included as relevant.
- (v) Subject to prior written approval from MCC and in accordance with the MCC M&E Policy, MiDA may add Indicators or refine the definitions and Targets of existing Indicators.
- (vi) MiDA will report to MCC on monitoring indicators in the M&E Plan on a quarterly basis using an Indicator Tracking Table (ITT) in the form provided by MCC. No changes to Indicators, Baselines or Targets may be made in the ITT until the changes have been approved in the M&E Plan. Additional guidance on Indicator reporting is contained in MCC's Guidance on Quarterly MCA Disbursement Request and Reporting Package. In the case that MiDA submits a six-month disbursement request, the ITT must still be submitted quarterly.

The Indicator Definition Table provides relevant details for each indicator by Project and can be found in Annex I. It provides descriptions for the indicator structure by specifying each indicator's: (i) name; (ii) definition; (iii) unit of measurement; (iv) level of disaggregation; (v) data source; (vi) responsible party; and (vii) frequency of reporting. A more detailed documentation on each indicator to encompass the aforementioned descriptions, rationale and management utility of indicator, plans for data management, data quality assessment, and data analysis would be developed into a Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (PIRS) as Annex IV.

#### 2.1.2 Indicators, Baseline and Year 5 Targets

Key Indicators that can be reported on at least an annual basis will be included in quarterly monitoring indicator reports. Annex I to the M&E Plan (i.e. Indicator Documentation Table) has the list of the Indicators, their definitions, level of disaggregation in reporting, source of data and the frequency of reporting. Annex II (i.e. Table of Indicator Baselines and Targets) has details of the baseline results, annual targets throughout the Compact period, and the end of Compact targets, for each of the indicators. The Indicators are aligned with monitoring indicators defined in Power Africa and the Partnership for Growth M&E Addendum.

The Compact will be monitored systematically and progress reported quarterly through the ITT.

Monitoring data will be analyzed regularly to allow managers of MiDA and MCC to make programmatic adjustments as necessary with a view towards improving the overall implementation and results of the Program.

To ensure that the Program is on track to meet its overall goals and objectives, the monitoring indicators will be measured against established baselines and targets, derived from ex-ante economic rate of return analysis, other types of analysis, and project planning documents. The targets reflect the underlying assumptions made in program design about what each activity will likely achieve. Baselines and target levels for each indicator are defined in Annex II.

Indicators may need to be modified in future versions of the M&E Plan. Modification and revisions to the indicators may only be made according to the MCC M&E Policy. Justifications for any significant modifications to the indicators or other content will be summarized in Annex III of the M&E Plan.

MiDA M&E Team shall consult and assist implementing entities in setting up their data collection plan and reporting templates.

# 2.2 Data Quality Reviews

Data Quality Reviews (DQRs) are a mechanism to review and analyze the utility, objectivity, and integrity of performance information. DQRs are to cover: a) quality of data, b) data collection instruments, c) survey sampling methodology, d) data collection procedures, e) data entry, storage and retrieval processes, f) data manipulation and analyses and g) data dissemination.

Data quality is the primary responsibility of MiDA staff, led by the M&E and Economics Director. The M&E Team, other MiDA staff, as appropriate and implementing entities and the Project Management Consultant (PMC) will regularly check data quality. MiDA M&E team will put in place robust quality assurance mechanisms for both routine performance monitoring data as well as periodic survey data, to minimize the likelihood of potential errors generated in the process of sampling, gathering, processing, analyzing and reporting data. The M&E Team will verify that all reported data has appropriate source documentation and that calculations have been done correctly as per the PIRS and other relevant documents like the ITT Guidance issued by MCC. MiDA M&E will conduct field visits on a regular basis or whenever requested by MCC, to review the quality of the data gathered through this M&E Plan.

In addition to regular data quality checks by MiDA staff, independent Data Quality Reviews (DQRs) will be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the MCC M&E Policy.

The objectives of DQRs are to assess the extent to which data meets the five standards defined in the MCC M&E Policy in the areas of validity, reliability, timeliness, precision and integrity. DQRs will be used to verify the consistency and quality of data over time across implementing agencies and other reporting institutions. DQRs will also serve to identify where the highest level of data quality is not possible, given the realities of data collection. The particular objectives for the DQRs include identification of the following parameters: i) what proportion of the data has quality problems (completeness, conformity, consistency, accuracy, duplication, integrity); ii) which of the records in the dataset are of unacceptably low quality; iii) what are the most predominant data quality problems within each indicator; iv) what are the main reasons behind low quality; and v) what steps can be taken to improve data quality.

Data quality reviews are contracted to independent entities in compliance with MCC Program Procurement Guidelines.

The methodology for the reviews will, at the minimum, include a mix of document and record reviews, site visits, and key informant interviews.

The ex-ante review is carried out once, starting before EIF and the results used to finalize the M&E Plan. As indicated in Section 1.6, the ex-ante DQR was undertaken by an Independent Consultant prior to EIF of the Compact to facilitate the preparation of the M&E Plan. It is expected that subsequent data reviews (ex-post) will be undertaken by MiDA staff and any Independent Consultants engaged for that purpose.

# 2.3 Standard Reporting Requirements

## 2.3.1 Reporting to MCC: Quarterly Disbursement Request Package

Performance reports serve as a vehicle by which the MiDA Management informs MCC of implementation progress and on-going revisions to Project work plans. Currently, MCC requires that MiDA submit a Quarterly Disbursement Request Package (QDRP) each quarter. The QDRP must contain an updated ITT and a Narrative Report, in addition to a Detailed Financial Plan (DFP). A complete ITT presents the preceding quarters' indicator actuals and current quarter indicator progress against targets set forth in this M&E Plan. The ITT is the source for MCC's internal and external reporting on indicator progress.

Additional guidance on reporting is contained in MCC's Guidance on Quarterly MCA Disbursement Request and Reporting Package.

## 2.3.2 Reporting to MiDA and Local Stakeholders

Even though the QDRP is required to be sent to MCC, MiDA would also use these reports and the data included in them to assess progress and performance internally. The M&E Team will attempt to align MCC and GOG reporting so that data is used to inform decision-making at both levels.

## 3. EVALUATION COMPONENT

## 3.1 Summary of Evaluation Strategy

While good program monitoring is necessary for program management, it is not sufficient for assessing ultimate results. MCC therefore advocates the use of different types of evaluations as complementary tools to better understand the effectiveness of its programs. As defined in the MCC M&E Policy, evaluation is the objective, systematic assessment of a program's design, implementation and results. MCC is committed to making its evaluations as rigorous as warranted in order to understand the causal impacts of its programs on the expected outcomes and to assess cost effectiveness. The Evaluation Component of the M&E Plan contains three types of evaluation activities: (i) independent evaluations (impact and/or performance evaluations); (ii) self-evaluation, and (iii) special studies, each of which is further described in the MCC M&E Policy. The results of all evaluations will be made publicly available in accordance with the MCC M&E Policy.

#### 3.1.1 Independent Evaluations

Every Project must undergo a comprehensive, independent evaluation (impact and/or performance) in accordance with the MCC M&E Policy. However, given the interdependent nature of the Projects for many Compact-wide outcomes, each project may not have its own specific evaluation plan. As appropriate, specific evaluations plans will be developed further and outlined in subsequent versions of the M&E Plan. The Evaluation Component of the M&E Plan describes the purpose of the evaluation, methodology, timeline, required MCC approvals, and the process for collection and analysis of data for each evaluation. All independent evaluations must be designed and implemented by independent, third-party evaluators. If the Government wishes to engage an evaluator, the engagement will be subject to the prior written approval of MCC. Contract terms must be acceptable to MCC and ensure non-biased results and the publication of results.

For each independent evaluation, MiDA is expected to review and provide feedback to independent evaluators on the evaluation design reports, evaluation materials (including questionnaires), baseline report (if applicable), and any interim/final reports in order to ensure proposed evaluation activities are feasible, and final evaluation products are technically and factually accurate.

It is expected that evaluations will focus on three main themes: (i) independent reviews and, as warranted, independent specification and estimation of relevant project ERRs; (ii) assessing household-level impacts of the relevant project investments and activities; and (iii) examining the broad benefits of the PSP on utility organization and management.

Evaluation plans and methodologies for each project have not yet been fully developed. However, MCC and MiDA intend to explore the opportunity to develop impact evaluation designs for all the projects.

#### 3.1.2 Self-Evaluation

Upon completion of the Compact Term, both MCC and MiDA will comprehensively assess three fundamental questions: (i) did the Program meet the Program and Project Objectives; (ii) why did the Program meet or not meet the Program and Project Objectives; and (iii) what lessons can be learned from the implementation experience (both procedural and substantive). MiDA staff will draft the Compact Completion Report (CCR) in the last year of the Compact Term to evaluate these fundamental questions and other aspects of Program performance. Each MiDA department will be responsible for drafting its own section to the CCR for its own activities, subject to cross-departmental review.

#### 3.1.3 Special Studies

The M&E Plan has provision for special studies, *ad hoc* evaluations, and operations research that may be needed to delve deeper for better understanding into emerging implementation issues as part of the monitoring and evaluating of this Compact.

The M&E studies and surveys are to contribute to the evaluation of specific activities/projects, and will not by themselves constitute evaluations. The studies and surveys that have been planned are presented in this section. A final decision on the studies shall be made after the commencement of work by the Independent Evaluator that MCC will procure.

#### **Overall Compact**

*Enterprise Survey*: During Compact development, it was anticipated that The World Bank Enterprise Survey, with its focus on the factors that shape the business environment, would be the source of data for a number of energy related indicators on the enabling environment for business that the Compact seeks to contribute to. The results of the Enterprise Survey are disaggregated for the different firm sizes (small, medium, large), and show the level of specific constraints facing firms. It is now recognized that the frequency and timing of these surveys would not meet the monitoring and evaluation requirements. Therefore, MiDA will hire the services of a survey consultant to conduct enterprise surveys. There will be three rounds of data collection – the first in Year 1 (baseline), the second in Year 3 (mid-term) and the third in Year 5 (end of Compact). Results of studies to be carried on specific projects will also be used for the evaluation of the overall impact.

#### **Distribution Project**

*Willingness to Pay Survey*: Willingness to pay is the maximum amount an individual is willing to sacrifice to procure a good or avoid something undesirable. The price of any goods transaction will thus be any point between a buyer's willingness to pay and a seller's willingness to accept. Thus, this study is intended to find out the willingness of different types of consumers (domestic, commercial and industrial) and scale of industry (small, medium and large) pay for electricity generated, particularly non-hydro generation which are more expensive. The quantitative approach will be used to enable generalizations about entire populations and sub-groups to be made.

*Customer Survey*: Customer survey is used to measure how products and services supplied by a company meet or surpass customer expectation. In the specific case of this Compact, the survey shall be used to assess the satisfaction of services provided by the various institutions that the Compact activities are expected to impact improve on their operations or services.

#### **Access Project**

*Markets, Enclaves, Schools and Hospitals Access to Power Survey*: This survey will provide information for economic analytic work in support of decision making about the composition and location of investments within the current scope of the Compact, notably activities related to Access, but also other ECG operations in Greater Accra and the NEDCo operational area.

# 3.2 Specific Evaluation Plans

The design of NFOT, PGSI and Access Projects are still evolving, while for those that are fully designed or reached an advanced stage in the design (EFOT, EEDSM and RSCB Projects), the evaluation designs are still pending. The presentation here is, therefore, limited to the tentative research questions. The details of the evaluation design for each project will be presented in future revisions of the M&E Plan.

All evaluations shall attempt to answer the following core questions:

- 1) Were the Compact goal, objectives and outcomes achieved?
- 2) Why were the Compact goal, objectives and outcomes achieved, or not achieved?
- 3) What are the unintended (positive or negative) results of the project?
- 4) What is the cost-effectiveness or re-estimated project rate of return based on realized activity benefits and costs?
- 5) What is the likelihood that results will be sustained over time?
- 6) How do the project's benefits and/or costs accrue differently to different groups of beneficiaries, such as a) income group (poor and non-poor), b) location (urban and rural communities), and c) gender (men and women)? What is the reason for these differences?

The focus of Ghana Compact II on energy (specifically power) provides an opportunity to learn about the benefits of investments in the country's energy sector. It is expected that the information produced by Compact evaluations and monitoring will assist GOG and stakeholders in evidence-based planning and policymaking. Given the objectives of both GOG and MCC to foster sustainable economic growth and poverty reduction, the evaluations shall, to the extent feasible, attempt to assess the income benefits of beneficiaries linked to the Compact. To the extent that income cannot be reliably measured, MCC will seek to learn how the projects affect intermediate outcomes necessary for these investments to improve social welfare and promote long-term economic growth. Some of the key intermediate economic benefits streams included in the ERR calculations, and which will drive the evaluations of the Compact, are reduction in energy costs to consumers. Of particular interest are also variables of expanded investment, firm profits, employment, and increased productivity by firms.

To the greatest extent possible, the Compact analyses will disaggregate results by gender, age, formal / informal sectors and income-quartile. In this way, MCC can assess the program logic and causal linkages underlying the projects.

## 3.2.1 Summary of Specific Evaluation Plans

#### 3.2.1.1 Overall Program Evaluation Plan

The Program Objectives provide the basis for the evaluation of the overall program impact. The objectives are presented in Section 1.3.2.0

#### **Overall Program Evaluation Questions**

Primary Evaluation Questions

- 1. What is the Program's overall impact on the profitability and productivity of enterprises? What are the mechanisms or channels through which these impacts occur?
- 2. To what extent do small, medium, and large firms respond to more reliable, accessible, and/or higher quality power by:
  - a. Expanding or intensifying production?
  - b. Expanding employment?
  - c. Investing in expanded plant or other fixed assets and/or different production technologies reliant on electricity?
- 3. How do small, medium, and large firms respond to higher electricity tariffs? How does the change in tariff affect the profitability and productivity of businesses?

Secondary Evaluation Questions

1. What is the community-level impact of improved power availability and quality? How do project benefits accrue differently to households and/or businesses that are not connected to grid but reside in communities with access to the electricity grid?

# 3.2.1.2 ECG and NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Projects Evaluation Plan

The evaluation will be on the impacts of investments in infrastructure and reforms, including private sector participation, to improve on the finances and operations. The interventions are expected to improve power supply to customers and reduce outages.

## Primary Evaluation Questions

- 1. Did the infrastructure improvements lead to a reduction in technical losses and improve the quality of power? To what extent can these changes be attributed to the compact investments versus other investments or policy changes by GOG?
- 2. To what extent did the activities improve the operational efficiency and the cost of distributing power?
- 3. Did program interventions help increase legal connections and decrease illegal connections?
- 4. Did the infrastructure improvements result in increased power available to customers, reduce the frequency and duration of outages and load shedding?

#### Secondary Evaluation Questions

1. To what extent have steps taken improved measures of customer satisfaction?

#### 3.2.1.3 Regulatory Strengthening and Capacity Building Project Evaluation Plan

Following from the project objective of supporting the creation of an enabling environment for private investment in the power sector, the evaluation will be concerned with issues that relate to the extent to which the power sector is financially self-sustaining and less dependent on cross-subsidies among tariff categories or other direct or implicit subsidies from the Government.

Primary Evaluation Questions

- 1. Did the project reduce "hidden costs" in the sector? To what extent have Compact activities improved operational efficiency and the cost of producing power?
- 2. Did the project support creation of an enabling environment for private investment?
- 3. Did the price adjustment of electricity tariffs affect the profitability and productivity of business enterprises?
- 4. Did the project lead to improved financial position of utilities and quality of service? To what extent did reforms contribute to greater cost savings and efficiency in the production and distribution of power?
- 5. Did public sector and regulatory reforms improve access to and consumption of power, particularly for the poor? If so, what components of the project in particular, the lifeline tariff improved access and / or consumption of power for the poor?
- 6. To what extent do improvements in PURC independence and regulatory capacity result in improved quality of service and supply by ECG and NEDCo?

Secondary Evaluation Questions

- 1. To what extent have steps taken under the Compact and by the GOG improved measures of customer satisfaction?
- 2. Are ECG and NEDCo meeting performance targets set by the shareholder and/or PURC? Why/why not?

#### 3.2.1.4 Access Project Evaluation Plan

The Access Project represents an opportunity to generate evidence on the relative significance of different barriers that MSMEs experience in obtaining a connection to electricity. Moreover, data collected as part of the design and implementation of the project will provide information on the willingness to pay for electricity services among different consumer groups, and the resulting benefits of using electricity for social and productive purposes. Given that there are multiple suspected barriers to access for many markets and small enterprises in obtaining a legal connection, MCC and MiDA will explore the extent to which the design and roll-out of the project can be structured to facilitate a rigorous evaluation design that can test different assumptions about which interventions are most effective in expanding the ability of small enterprises to obtain a safe and legal connection to the grid. For example, depending on the finalization of project activities, MCC and MiDA may assess the feasibility of varying interventions across project sites, including activities to streamline the connection process, install connection points for vendors, assist with certification of wiring, ensure access to the lifeline tariff among eligible customers, or improve the coordination among utilities, markets, and districts in the planning for extension of power infrastructure. Further due diligence is required to better understand the potential costs and feasibility of various evaluation approaches; the goal of the evaluation will be to generate evidence and test assumptions about the most significant barriers to access among impacted groups and to isolate relative effectiveness of interventions to reduce key barriers.

#### Access Project Evaluation Questions

#### Primary Evaluation Questions

- 1. Which interventions are most effective in increasing legal access rates at markets and economic enclaves? Which interventions reduce the number of illegal connections?
- 2. How does gaining legal access to electricity affect overall energy consumption and the choice of fuel supply for lighting and other purposes at the enterprise level?
- 3. Which interventions are most effective in increasing the productive uses of electricity for the poor?
- 4. Does the project result in greater real access/consumptions for the targeted population

#### Secondary Evaluation Questions

1. How are the benefits distributed amongst different stakeholders?

#### 3.2.1.5 Power Sector Generation Improvement Project Evaluation Plan

The Power Generation Sector Improvement Project is undergoing re-scoping. This is largely because a number of activities proposed under the Compact are being implemented with USAID support. It is still not clear which activities the re-scoped Project will cover. Therefore, it is not possible even to propose evaluation questions.

#### 3.2.1.6 Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project Evaluation Plan

The initial expectation was that the Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Project would offer a potential opportunity to integrate rigorous M&E into initial pilots and to use quantitative results to guide the design of the program. However, it is still not clear exactly how the activities will be rolled out. Therefore, it is difficult at this stage to determine whether it would be possible to carry out an impact evaluation, and specific evaluation methodology is yet to be determined.

#### Demand Side Management and Energy Efficiency Evaluation Questions

Primary Evaluation Questions

- 1. To what extent do the interventions reduce growth in electricity demand?
- 2. What was the effect of the public outreach campaign? Did it affect adoption of energy efficiency (EE) and identified inefficiencies/constraints in demand-side management (DSM); what worked/ what did not work?
- 3. Did the Education campaign have any effects on market barriers/failures and/or energy use?
- 4. Did the project bring about changes in participant and non-participant usage of Energy Efficient equipment? E.g. on energy and demand savings?

Secondary Evaluation Questions

- 1. What if any co-benefits of the project were realized (e.g., avoided emissions from clean energy usage, health benefits, job creation, or energy security)?
- 2. Did the utility bills of non-participants reduce as a result of the project? Did the utilities revenue requirement fall as a result of the project?
- 3. Did the project have any spill-over effects, such as the creation of audit and/or retrofit enterprises ("ESCOs")? Did participants install additional (not part of the interventions) Energy Efficient equipment? If so, what types and quantities?

#### 3.2.2 Summary of Activities or Sub-Activities without Evaluations

No decision has been taken at this stage on Activities or Sub-Activities that would not be evaluated.

# 4. IMPLEMENTATION AND MANAGEMENT OF M&E

# 4.1 Responsibilities

The MiDA M&E Unit will be composed of an M&E and Economics Director who will have the key responsibility of leading and managing all M&E activities; and the Senior M&E Officer and two M&E Officers who will support the M&E and Economics Director in performing the M&E activities. Additionally, the M&E Unit will hire short-term support on an as needed basis. The M&E Unit will carry out, or hire contractors to complete the following and other related activities:

- Direct implementation of all activities laid out in the M&E Plan and ensure all requirements of the M&E Plan are met by MiDA;
- As the champion of results based management, the M&E Unit will take steps to foster a results oriented culture throughout MiDA and its implementing partners – this includes making sure that M&E information is used by the MiDA management and project teams to improve Compact performance (feedback loop).
- Ensure that the M&E Plan is modified and updated as improved information becomes available;
- Oversee development and execution of an M&E system (including data-collection, data-analysis and reporting systems) integrated with the MCC Management Information System (MIS);
- Elaborate and document M&E Policies, Procedures and Processes in a guidance document to be used by all MiDA staff and project implementers;
- Communicate the M&E Plan and explain the M&E system to all key stakeholders involved in the Compact, particularly project implementers, to ensure a common understanding by all. This could take the form of orientation and capacity building sessions and could focus on issues such as:
  - Explaining indicator definitions, data collection methods and timing/frequency of data collection and reporting,
  - Data quality controls and verification procedures,
  - Impact evaluation questions and methodology, etc.;
- Develop and use a documentation system to ensure that key M&E actions, processes and deliverables are systematically recorded. This may be accomplished either as part of the M&E information system or independently. The documentation may encompass the following elements:
  - Indicators and material evidence for reported values
  - M&E Plan versions
  - o Reporting manuals and templates
  - Key M&E deliverables including Terms of References (TORs), contracts/agreements, data collection instruments, reports/analyses, etc.;
- Develop (with the Communication Unit, Environmental and Social Performance (ESP) officers, and Gender and Social Inclusion (GSI)/Social and Gender Assessment (SGA) officers) and implement a systematic results dissemination approach that draws on verified ITT data;

- Organize and oversee regular independent data quality reviews to assess the quality of data reported to MCA;
- Participate in project monitoring through site visits, review of project reports and analysis of performance monitoring and other data;
- Update the M&E work plan periodically;
- Manage the M&E budget efficiently;
- Contribute to the design of the evaluation strategy;
- Collaborate with the procurement team to prepare and conduct procurement of M&E contracts;
- Ensure that data collection mechanisms are designed to collect data disaggregated by gender and other dimensions, as applicable and practical, and that the findings are presented at the appropriately disaggregated level; and
- Ensure data collection, storage, and dissemination activities maximize protection of confidentiality of survey respondents' personally identifiable information. This may require:
  - Facilitating local Institutional Review Board clearance for data collection
  - Using lock and key cabinets for paper files,
  - Using secure file transfer systems,
  - Encrypting data files,
  - Employing password protection on data systems and data encryption,
  - o Requiring signed acknowledgements of roles and responsibilities,
  - o Requiring relevant stakeholders to sign non-disclosure agreements, and
  - Incorporating data protection standards into the organization's records management procedures, or if necessary, developing a records management procedures that includes such standards.

The M&E and Economics Director will be a part of MiDA's internal Management Unit, composed from MiDA leadership, Project Directors, and other Directors. Collaboration with the procurement team will be very important to prepare and conduct timely procurement of M&E related contracts as well as ensuring that other implementation contracts contain necessary data reporting provisions.

Seminars, workshops, elaboration and dissemination of M&E materials shall be conducted in close cooperation with the MCA Communications Unit.

In order to prepare for post compact monitoring by the Government, MiDA M&E Unit should identify a post compact point of contact (POC) for MCC early on in the program and work with that POC to build understanding of the MCC program and monitoring process. This POC should be part of the Government entity that will commit to continuing M&E of Compact investments after the Compact End Date. The M&E Unit should also identify the team that will be responsible for reviewing evaluation reports that are delivered post compact (e.g. project leads), to ensure that the relevant project stakeholders review and provide feedback prior to the publication of final reports.

# 4.2 MCA Data Management System for Monitoring and Evaluation

MiDA will use the MCC MIS for reporting the QDRP (including the ITT) to MCC.

# 4.3 Review and Revision of the M&E Plan

The M&E Plan is designed to evolve over time, adjusting to changes in program activities and improvements in performance monitoring and measurement. In the fourth quarter of every year of the Compact, or as necessary, the M&E and Economics Director of MiDA and representatives of MCC M&E staff will review how well the M&E Plan has met its objectives. The review is intended to ensure that the M&E Plan measures program performance accurately and provides crucial information on the need for changes in project design. More specifically, the review:

- Ensures that the M&E Plan shows whether the logical sequence of intervention outputs and outcomes is occurring;
- Checks whether indicator definitions are precise and timely;
- Checks whether M&E indicators accurately reflect program performance;
- Updates indicator targets, as allowed by the MCC M&E Policy; and
- Adds indicators, as needed, to track hitherto unmeasured results.

The M&E Plan will be revised by MCA, in agreement with MCC M&E, when the need for change has been identified in the review. The revision and approval process will follow the guidelines outlined in the MCC M&E Policy.

# 5. M&E BUDGET

The budget for the implementation of the proposed M&E activities for the five-year term of the Compact is US\$ USD 7.58 million. The breakdown of the budget allocated for M&E activities is shown in the table below.

Sub-Activities	CIF						Total
	Total	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Planning	0	0	0	0	730,000	0	730,000
M&E Training	0	170,000	70,000	0	140,000	70,000	450,000
Performance	350,000	5,000	220,000	30,000	45,000	250,000	900,000
Indicator							
Monitoring							
M&E Studies and	0	1,000,000	2,050,000	0	1,000,000	0	4,050,000
Surveys							
Midterm and Final	0	50,000	550,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	750,000
Evaluations							
Communication	0	40,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	120,000
Miscellaneous	10,000	520,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	20,000	580,000
Total	360,000	1,785,000	2,920,000	110,000	1,995,000	410,000	7,580,000

#### **M&E Budget (in US Dollars)**

The M&E budget does not include the M&E staff salaries, which are included in the administrative budget of the Compact. The M&E Budget contains cost estimates for all components of the M&E Plan, including planning, M&E training, performance monitoring and data quality reviews, surveys and ad hoc or special studies, annual, mid-term and final evaluations, communicating results, and indicator measurement equipment where relevant. The budget should not exceed the total amount over the five years. However, the distribution of funding between line items and years may be adjusted according to the results of the M&E Plan's reviews or quarterly if needed.

While the resources for the carrying-out of surveys are allocated by MiDA from the Compact funds, the evaluation design and analysis is to be funded directly by MCC.

# 6. OTHER

## 6.1 Semi-Annual Reviews

The Semi-Annual Review (SAR) process under the Compact is to ensure mutual accountability between MCC and the Government of Ghana. The SAR process will create a platform for MiDA and MCC to jointly supervise, through specific milestones, progress on the implementation of the Government's power sector reform agenda in the following areas: private sector participation in the Electricity Company of Ghana (ECG) and, consequently the reforms in the Company's finances, operations and corporate governance; and private sector participation in the Northern Electricity Distribution Company (NEDCo) and, consequently the reforms in the Company's finances, operations and corporate governance. Other areas are PURC tariff reform; and the overall regulatory enabling environment for public and private sector participation.

## 6.2 Post Compact M&E Plan

As part of the planning process for winding up the Program at the end of the Compact Term, MCC and MiDA will develop a post-Compact M&E Plan designed to observe the persistence of benefits created under this Compact. This plan will describe future monitoring and evaluation activities, identify the individuals and organizations that will undertake these activities, provide a budget framework for future monitoring and evaluation, and include the funding source for each of the activities specified in the plan. The post-Compact M&E Plan should built directly off the Compact M&E Plan.

# ANNEX I: INDICATOR DOCUMENTATION TABLE

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
						ERALL OBJECTIV	E				
					Obj	jective Level Indicato	rs				
Reduced cost of doing business		Outcome	Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business	Percentage of firms identifying electricity as a major constraint	Percentage	1. Firm Size (Micro/ small/ medium/large); 2. Gender of Owner (Male/ Female)	Enterprise Survey	Survey Consultant	Other	Will be reported on a biennial basis.	The reduction in the percentage of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business will provide an indication of the extent to which the business environment has improved.
		Outcome	Sales losses due to power outages	Average value of sales losses due to electricity outages as a percentage of revenue	Percentage	1. Firm Size (Micro/ small/ medium/large); 2. Gender of Owner (Male/ Female)	Enterprise Survey	Survey Consultant	Other	Will be reported on a biennial basis.	To measure alleviation of power constraint to doing business. This is an indicator to measure reduction in losses due to power outages as the availability and quality improves.
		Outcome	Diesel fuel consumption by firms	Average annual kWh of diesel generation consumed by registered firms as a percentage of total kWh of electricity consumed	Percentage	1. Firm Size (Micro/ small/ medium/large); 2. Gender of Owner (Male/ Female)	Enterprise Survey	Survey Consultant	Other	Will be reported on a biennial basis.	This indicator is a proxy for economic, environmental and business impacts. The use of diesel fuel for power generation by firms is an indication of the unreliable supply and quality of power. Reduction in the use will provide an indication of the improved business environment in relation to power availability.
Increased access to reliable electricity		Outcome	ECG Customers	Number of ECG customers connected to the national network	Number	Tariff Class (Residential/ Commercial/ Industrial)	ECG Monthly Commercial Operations Report	ECG	Quarterly		To measure growth in grid connections and household access to electricity in ECG service area. An individual customer is equivalent to a household or firm.
		Outcome	NEDCo Customers	Number of NEDCo customers connected to the national network	Number	Tariff Class (Residential/ Commercial/ Industrial)	NEDCo Operational Report	NEDCo	Quarterly		To measure growth in grid connections and household access to electricity in NEDCo service area. An individual customer is equivalent to a household or firm.
	P-25	Outcome	Percentage of households connected to the national grid	Number of households that have access to a legal connection to electricity service from an electrical	Percentage	Gender of head of HH (male, female), Locality type (rural, urban)	Customer satisfaction survey	Survey Consultant	Annual	Data on this may be collected as part of customer satisfaction survey.	Measures growth in proportion of households that have access to electricity in the country. This measurement provides an indication of the growth in

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
				utility or service provider / Total number of households in the country						Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the customer satisfaction Survey methodology	electricity access relative to the growth in population.
				ECG FINA	ANCIAL AND C	<b>DPERATIONAL TUR</b>	RNAROUND PRO	DJECT			·
Distribution system losses reduced	P-19	Outcome	Distribution system losses	1 – [Total megawatt hours billed / Total megawatt hours received from transmission]	Percentage	ECG Service Areas (Accra East & Accra West combined)	ECG Customer Services Division Performance Report	ECG	Quarterly	Non-existence of boundary metering does not allow disaggregation into Accra East and West	Measures improvements or otherwise of ECG's distribution system losses
		Outcome	Technical losses	[Estimated MWh of power dissipated in electricity system components such as distribution lines, transformers/ Total MWh received from transmission] *100	Percentage	ECG Service Areas (Accra East & Accra West combined)	ECG Customer Services Division Performance Report	ECG	Annual	Non-existence of boundary metering does not allow disaggregation into Accra East and West	Measures improvements or otherwise in ECG's technical losses, which constitute a loss of revenue and has direct impact on financial performance
	P-20	Outcome	Commercial losses	Total distribution system losses minus distribution technical losses	Percentage	ECG Service Areas (Accra East & Accra West combined)	ECG Customer Services Division Performance Report	ECG	Annual	Non-existence of boundary metering does not allow disaggregation into Accra East and West	Measures improvements or otherwise in ECG's commercial losses, which constitute loss of revenue and has direct impact on financial performance
Collection Losses reduced		Outcome	Percentage of pre-payment customers	Number of customers with pre-payment meters divided by Total number of customers with legacy credit meters and with pre-payment meters in the ECG Target Regions	Percentage	1. Tariff Class (Residential , Commercial); 2. ECG Service Area (Accra East, Accra West)	ECG Customer Services Division Performance Report	ECG	Quarterly		Tracks the percentage of customers with pre-paid meters. Prepaid meters contribute to reducing collection losses and cost of collection, thereby improving ECG's financial health. Prepayment metering system excludes industrial customers

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
Outage response time improved	P-21	Outcome	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)	Sum of durations, in customer-hours, of all customer interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter.	Hours	ECG Service Area (Accra East, Accra West)	Reliability Indices Report	ECG	Quarterly		Measures the average outage duration for each ECG customer. A reduction in SAIDI indicates improvement in ECG's service delivery and increases in reliability of power
Unplanned outages and faults reduced	P-22	Outcome	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)	Sum of customer- interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter.	Rate	ECG Service Area (Accra East, Accra West)	Reliability Indices Report	ECG	Quarterly		Measures the average number of interruptions in electricity supply that each ECG customer experiences. A reduction in SAIFI indicates improvement in ECG's service delivery and increases in reliability of power
Enhanced investment capacity	P-24	Outcome	Operating cost - recovery ratio	Total revenue collected/Total Operating Cost. Total operating cost is defined as operating expenses plus depreciation.	Percentage		Annual Report & Financial Statement	ECG	Annual		Measures the cash flow available for investment
Utility Financial Health Improved		Outcome	Average Collection Period	365 Days * [(Beginning accounts receivables + ending accounts receivable) / 2) / Total sales]	Days		Annual Report & Financial Statement	ECG	Annual		Measures the financial security of ECG and the efficiency of revenue collection
		Outcome	Debt as a percentage of total sales	Total value of accounts receivables over 60 days/Total accounts receivable	Percentage		Annual Report & Financial Statement	ECG	Annual		Measures the financial losses of ECG due to bad debt
	P-23	Outcome	Total electricity sold	The total megawatt hours of electricity sales to all customer types	Megawatt hours	Tariff class (Residential/Com mercial/Industrial)	Annual Report & Financial Statement	ECG	Annual		Provides an indication of total megawatt hours of electricity sales to all customer types, which should translate into the gross revenue.
	P-13	Outcome	Maintenance expenditure-asset value ratio	Actual maintenance expenditures / Total value of fixed assets	Percentage		Annual Report & Financial Statement	ECG	Annual		Provides an indication of whether ECG is able to continue providing services at the same level of performance when assets were acquired, and to maximize returns on investments.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
Timely payments made to sector entities		Outcome	Average payment period to power producers	Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to power producers + ending accounts payables to power producers) / 2) / Power purchase cost during measurement period]	Days	Power producer type (public, private)	Annual Report & Financial Statement	ECG	Annual		Gives an indication of the credit worthiness of ECG to the power producers, public and private
		Outcome	Average payment period to Ghana Grid Company	Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to GRIDCo + ending accounts payables to GRIDCo) / 2) /Total transmission charge payable to GRIDCO during the measurement period]	Days		Annual Report & Financial Statement	ECG	Annual		Gives an indication of the credit worthiness of ECG to GRIDCO
			I		Modernizi	ng Utility Operations	Activity	I			
Enhanced investment capacity		Output	GIS-based distribution management system in place	Geographic Information System (GIS) based distribution management system, grid digitization, and customer census to record and store basic data for planning purposes in place.	Date	None	GIS Consultant's Report	Distribution Project Director	Once		The GIS system is required as a base on which other interventions would be rolled out. As such there is the need to monitor its timely deployment to ensure that other planned activities are implemented within the Compact period.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
		Output	Enterprise Resource Planning System in place	Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system and integration with existing enterprise applications for the purpose of facilitating the flow of information within ECG and managing connections to outside stakeholders in place.	Date	None	ERP Consultant's Report	Distribution Project Director	Once		ERP is a foundational investment on which other EFOT interventions would be rolled out. Its timely deployment is necessary to avoid delays in the implementation of the other planned activities.
					ECG Tech	nical Loss Reduction	Activity				
Technical losses reduced	P-10	Output	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built	The sum of linear kilometers of new, reconstructed, rehabilitated, or upgraded distribution lines that have been energized, tested and commissioned with MCC support.	Kilometers	Voltage level (High, Medium, Low)	EFOT Project Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		Measures the length of distribution lines upgraded to reduce distribution system losses
	P-11	Output	Distribution substation capacity added	The total added substation capacity, measured in megavolt amperes that is energized, commissioned and accompanied by a test report and supervising engineer's certification resulting from new construction or refurbishment of existing substations supported by MCC.	Megavolt ampere	ECG Service Areas (Accra East, Accra West)	EFOT Project Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		Measures the capacity of distribution substations added before and after Compact implementation
		Output	Number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines	Total number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines for Reactive Power Compensation	Number	ECG Target Region (Accra East, Accra West)	EFOT Project Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		Capacitor banks installed at primary substations will reduce technical losses

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
		Output	Number of Bulk supply points (BSPs)	Number of BSPs installed and commissioned	Number	ECG Service Areas (Accra East, Accra West)	EFOT Project Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		A measure of technical loss reduction. BSPs when installed will improve reliability and quality of power supply
		Output	Number of Interconnecting sub-transmission links	Interconnecting sub- transmission links installed	Number	ECG Service Areas (Accra East, Accra West)	EFOT Project Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		A measure of technical loss reduction and improved levels of reliability in the network
		Output	Number of medium voltage offloading circuits	Total number of medium voltage offloading circuits installed	Number	ECG Service Areas (Accra East, Accra West)	EFOT Project Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		A measure of technical loss reduction. An increase in medium voltage offloading circuits will improve reliability and quality of power supply
					ECG Com	mercial Loss Reductio	n Activity				
Commercial losses reduced		Output	Number of automated reading meters	Total number of automated reading meters installed at special load tariff (SLT) service locations, selected non-SLT service locations in the ECG target Regions and at critical nodes of the distribution system in the target ECG Regions	Number	Tariff Class (Domestic, Commercial. Industrial); ECG Service Areas (Accra East, Accra West)	Program Records	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		Tracks the number of automated reading meters installed to provide ECG with the ability to monitor where commercial losses are occurring
					Ou	tage Reduction Activi	tv				
		Output	Medium voltage networks automation completed	Date when Medium voltage networks automation is completed	Date	None	Program Records	Distribution Project Director	Once		Tracks when the Medium voltage networks automation is completed. Delays in commissioning this system will impact negatively on efforts aimed at improving reliability and quality of power supply
		Output	Outage management system in place	Date when the system used to identify and resolve outages is commissioned for use	Date	None	Program Records	Distribution Project Director	Once		To track when the outage management system is in place. Delays in commissioning this system will impact negatively on efforts aimed at improving reliability and quality of power supply

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
	<b>I</b>			ECG Finar		tional Turnaround P	Project Process Mi	lestones	•	•	
Process Milestones Achieved	P-1	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investments using 609(g) and compact funds.	US Dollars		Procurement Performance Reports	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To provide indication of the value of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
	P-2.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure using 609(g) and compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the value of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	P-2	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure disbursed divided by the total current value of signed contracts.	Percentage	None	Financial Records	Chief Financial Officer	Quarterly		To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	P-3	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	The value of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To provide indication of the value of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
	P-4.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track value of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	P-4	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The total amount of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments disbursed divided by the total current value of all signed contracts.	Percentage	None	Financial Records	Chief Financial Officer	Quarterly		To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	P-5	Process	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects	The number of people temporarily employed or contracted by MCA- contracted construction companies to work on construction of new power infrastructure or reconstruction, rehabilitation, or upgrading of existing power infrastructure.	Number	1. Gender (Male/Female); 2. Labor type (Skilled/ Semi- Skilled/Unskilled); 3. Nationality (Ghanaian/Non- Ghanaian)	PMC Quarterly Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the number of temporary employment generated by energy infrastructure contracts under the Compact
		Process	Contract signed with ECG PSP Provider	Date on which Contract signed with PSP Provider for ECG that is acceptable to both GOG and MCC	Date	None	Program Records	Distribution Project Director	Once		To track the date ECG PSP would be signed; a major milestone for tranche II disbursement
			·	NI	EDCo Financial	and Operational Tur	naround Project				
Distribution system losses reduced	P-19	Outcome	Distribution system losses	1 – [Total megawatt hours billed / Total megawatt hours received from transmission]	Percentage	NEDCo Service Area (Tamale Station)	NEDCo Commercial Statistics Report	NEDCo	Quarterly		To measure improvements or otherwise of NEDCo's distribution system losses as a result of Compact interventions

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
		Outcome	Technical losses	[Estimated MWh of power dissipated in electricity system components such as distribution lines, transformers/ Total MWh received from transmission] *100	Percentage	NEDCo Service Area (Tamale Station)	NEDCo Commercial Statistics Report	NEDCo	Quarterly		To measure improvements or otherwise of NEDCo's technical losses, which culminates to loss of revenue, with direct impact on financial performance
	P-20	Outcome	Commercial losses	Total distribution system losses (P-19) minus distribution technical losses	Percentage	NEDCo Service Area (Tamale Station)	NEDCo Commercial Statistics Report	NEDCo	Quarterly		To measure improvements or otherwise of NEDCo's commercial losses, which culminates to loss of revenue, with direct impact on financial performance
		Outcome	Percentage of pre-payment customers	Number of customers with pre-payment meters divided by Total number of customers with legacy credit meters and with pre-payment meters in the NEDCo Target Regions	Percentage	Tariff class (Residential, Commercial, Industrial);	NEDCo Commercial Statistics Report	NEDCo	Quarterly	Prepayment metering system excludes industrial customers	To track the percentage of customers with pre-paid meters. The prepaid meters contributes to reducing collection losses and the cost of collection, thereby improving NEDCo's financial health.
Voltage Stability Improved		Outcome	Voltage Quality	The percentage of the customer base that is affected by unstable voltage more than 10% a month	Percent		Load Flow Analysis	NEDCo	Quarterly		This is the core benefit streams in the ERR that measures the economic impact of voltage instability .Voltage is considered unstable if it is more than 10 percent out of the target range
Outage response time improved	P-21	Outcome	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)	Sum of durations, in customer-hours, of all customer interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter	Hours	NEDCo Service Area (Tamale Station)	NEDCo Reliability Indices Report	NEDCo	Quarterly		To measure the average outage duration for each NEDCo's customer. A reduction in SAIDI indicates improvement of NEDCo's service delivery and increase sales and vice versa
Unplanned outages and faults reduced	P-22	Outcome	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)	Sum of customer- interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter	Rate	NEDCo Service Area (Tamale Station)	NEDCo Reliability Indices Report	NEDCo	Quarterly		To measure the average number of interruptions in electrify supply that each NEDCo's customers experience. A reduction in SAIFI indicates improvement of NEDCo's service delivery and increase sales and vice versa

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
Enhanced Investment Capacity		Outcome	Ratio of actual maintenance expenditures to planned maintenance budget	Actual maintenance expenditures divided by Planned maintenance budget	Percentage	None	Audited NEDCo Annual Report And Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual		To provide indication of actual amount spent by NEDCo on maintenance as compared to planned maintenance budget
	P-13		Maintenance expenditure-asset value ratio	Actual maintenance expenditures / Total value of fixed assets	Percentage	None	Audited NEDCo Annual Report And Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual		To provide an indication of whether or not NEDCo is able to continue providing services at least at the same level of performance when assets were acquired, and to maximize returns on investments.
	P-24	Outcome	Operating cost- recovery ratio	Total revenue collected / Total operating cost. Total operating cost is defined as operating expenses plus depreciation.	Percentage	None	Audited NEDCo Annual Report And Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual		To measure ratio of NEDCo operating revenue to operating costs.
Utility Financial Health Improved		Outcome	Average Collection Period	365 Days * [(Beginning accounts receivables + ending accounts receivable) / 2) / Total sales]	Days	None	Audited NEDCo Annual Report And Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual		Measure of the liquidity or financial security of NEDCo and of the efficiency of revenue collection, specifically the time lag between billing and receiving payment. Average collection period of 40 days represents a good revenue collection.
		Outcome	Debt as percentage of total sales	Total value of accounts receivables over 60 days/Total accounts receivables	Percentage	None	Audited NEDCo Annual Report And Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual		Measure of NEDCo losses through uncollectable debt.
		Outcome	Average payment period to power producer (VRA)	Duration in days of measurement period* [(Beginning accounts payables to power producers + ending accounts payables to power producers)/ 2) / Power purchase cost	Days	None)	Audited NEDCo Annual Report & Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual	Currently, NEDCo obtains all its bulk power from VRA. The payment arrangements are not commercial	This was intended to give an indication of the credit worthiness of NEDCo to the power producers. With the non- commercial arrangement, it only gives a measure of the time it takes for VRA to recover payments due from NEDCo.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
				during measurement period]						terms – VRA takes in all the revenue and pays itself first.	
		Outcome	Average payment period to Ghana Grid Company	Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to GRIDCo + ending accounts payables to GRIDCo) / 2) /Total transmission charge payable to GRIDCO during the measurement period]	Days	None	Audited NEDCo Annual Report & Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual		To give an indication of the credit worthiness of NEDCo to GRIDCo
	P-23	Outcome	Total electricity sold	The total megawatt hours of electricity sales to all customer types	Megawatt hours	Tariff Class (Residential, Commercial, Industrial)	Audited NEDCo Annual Report And Financial Statement	NEDCo	Annual		To provide an indication of total megawatt hours of electricity sales to all customer types, which should translate into the gross revenue.
	P-10	Output	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built	The sum of linear kilometers of new, reconstructed, rehabilitated, or upgraded distribution lines that have been energized, tested and commissioned with MCC support.	Kilometers	Voltage Level High, Medium, Low	NFOT Project Report	NEDCo	Annual		To measure the length of distribution lines upgraded to reduce distribution system losses
Distribution system losses reduced	P-11	Output	Distribution substation capacity added	The total added substation capacity, measured in mega volt amperes that is energized, commissioned and accompanied by a test report and supervising engineer's certification resulting from new construction or refurbishment of existing substations supported by MCC.	Megavolt ampere	NEDCo Service Area (Tamale Station)	NFOT Project Report	NEDCo	Annual		To measure the capacity of distribution substations added by the Compact

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
		Output	Number of Automated Reading Meters	Total number of automated reading meters installed at Bulk Supply Point (BSP), feeders and other strategically important locations in the NEDCo Systems.	Number	N/A	Project Records	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		Track the number of automated reading meters installed to provide NEDCo with the ability to monitor where commercial losses are occurring
							D	[]			
	P-1	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investments using 609(g) and compact funds.	US Dollars	national Turnaround	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To provide indication of the value of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
Distribution system losses reduced	P-2.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure using 609(g) and compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the value of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	P-2	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure disbursed divided by the total current value of signed contracts.	Percentage	None	Financial Report	CFO	Quarterly		To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
	P-3	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	The value of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To provide indication of the value of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
	P-4.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the value of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	P-4	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The total amount of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments disbursed divided by the total current value of all signed contracts.	Percentage	None	Financial Records	CFO	Quarterly		To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	P-5	Process	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure construction	The number of people temporarily employed or contracted by MCA- contracted construction companies to work on construction of new power infrastructure or reconstruction, or upgrading of existing power infrastructure.	Number	1. Gender (Male/Female); 2. Labour type (Skilled, Semi- Skilled, Unskilled); 3. Nationality (Ghanaian, Non- Ghanaian)	PMC Quarterly Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the number of temporary jobs generated by energy infrastructure contracts under the Compact
		Process	NEDCo Management Contract Signed	Date when the NEDCo Management Contract is signed	Date	N/A	Project Records	Distribution Project Director	Once		To track the date the NEDCo Management Contract, which is a major milestone for The NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project (NFOT), would be signed

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
Automatic tariff adjustment		Outcome	Tariff adjustment on time	Tariff adjusted on scheduled timeline	Date	None	TBD	PURC	Once	Set baseline and targets after IEA with PURC is signed	Measures ability to revise tariffs and adjust tariff schemes on schedule in order to cover costs with revenues.
		Outcome	Tariff adjustment formula applied	Tariff formula is appropriately applied in the Quarter	Number	None	TBD	PURC	Quarterly	Binary indicator – will be reported as 1 or 0. Set baseline and targets after IEA with PURC is signed	Measures ability to revise tariffs and adjust tariff schemes on schedule in order to cover costs with revenues.
l				Sect	or Performance	Monitoring Capacit	y Building Activit	у			
Monitoring capacity of policy, planning and regulatory agencies strengthened		Output	Number of training participants	Number of participants from organizations in the energy sector that participated in training to build their capacity	Number	Gender (Male, Female)	Generation Project Quarterly Reports	Generation Project Director	Quarterly		Measure the number of individuals benefiting directly from the program and allows us to track the inclusion of women in Ghana Power Compact sponsored events.
		Output	Capacity needs assessment	Capacity and needs assessments with regards to data quality, monitoring systems (data collection, analysis, reporting, quality control, and communications) on key performance metrics identified for the Compact and Partnership for Growth for listing in the Electricity Supply and Distribution (Technical and Operational) Rules (L.I. 1816, 2005).	Date	None	Generation Project Quarterly Reports	Generation Project Director	Once		The capacity and needs assessments and its timeliness is important in assessing the success of building the capacity of institutions for Sector Performance Monitoring.
			1	1	Tariff Re	view and Regulatory	Activity			1	
Cost-reflective tariff	P-14	Output	Cost-reflective tariff regime	Average Tariff per kilowatt-hour / Long- run marginal cost per kilowatt-hour of electricity supplied to customers	Percentage	None	TBD	PURC	Quarterly	Set baseline and targets after IEA with PURC is signed	Measures utilities' ability to cover expenditures with revenues

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
Cost-reflective tariff		Output	Tariff plan in place	Tariff Plan to guide the setting of tariffs by PURC in place	Date	None	TBD	PURC	Once		This is to track the tariff plan, which forms the basis for the measurement of the timeliness and regularity of tariff adjustment.
					А	CCESS PROJECT <sup>11</sup>	1				
					Access	Project Process Indi	cators				
	P-1	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investments under the Access Project using 609(g) and	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Report	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To provide an indication of the level of financial commitment made to the MEEs and social institutions in the design and feasibility studies under the Access Project
	P-2.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	compact funds The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investment under the Access Project using 609(g) and compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the value of funds the Access Project has disbursed in feasibility and design studies.
	P-2	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental contracts, including resettlement action	Percentage	None	MiDA Financial Report	MiDA Fiscal Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To provide an indication of how close the Access Project is to the completion of feasibility and design, and to the commencement of works.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The Access Project design is ongoing, thus Output and Outcome level Indicators would be developed upon full completion of the design. These indicators would be incorporated in the M&E Plan during the next update.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
				plans, for power infrastructure disbursed under the Access Project divided by the total value of all signed contracts.							
	P-3	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	The value of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments under the Access Project using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To provide indication of the value of power infrastructure construction contracts signed under the Compact
	P-4.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the value of funds disbursed on power infrastructure works contracts the Access Project.
	P-4	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the rate of funds disbursement on power infrastructure contracts under the Access Project and gauge progress towards completion of works prior to delivery of actual project output.
	P-5	Process	Temporary employment generated in Access infrastructure projects	The number of people temporarily employed or contracted by MCA- contracted construction +companies to work on construction of new Access infrastructure or reconstruction, rehabilitation, or upgrading of existing Access infrastructure.	Number	1. Gender (Male, Female); 2. Labor type (Skilled, Semi- Skilled, Unskilled); 3. Nationality (Ghanaian, Non- Ghanaian)	PMC Quarterly Report	Distribution Project Director	Quarterly		To track the number of temporary jobs generated under the Access Project infrastructure contracts
				POWE	R GENERATIO	ON SECTOR IMPRO	VEMENT PROJI	ECT			
Load shedding and outages reduced		Outcome	Total system load shed	Total megawatt- hours shed in a quarter	Megawatt hours	None	Unserved Load Report	GRIDCo	Quarterly		To measure extent and magnitude of generation shortfalls leading to planned outages. The additional investment in generation at least cost will reduce power outages which will result in reduction in load shedding

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
		Outcome	Frequency of load shed	Number of times that load shedding occurred in a quarter	Number	None	Unserved Load Report	GRIDCo	Quarterly		Measures the number of times in a year that load shedding occurred. As the enabling environment is created for IPPs to invest in generation, the amount of power installed plants could improve electricity situation to reduce frequency of load shedding and outages.
		Outcome	Duration of load shed	Total duration in hours of load shed in a quarter	Hours	None	Unserved Load Report	GRIDCo	Quarterly		Measures the total duration in hours of load shed during the quarter. Assumption is that, the amount of power installed plants could improve electricity situation to reduce load shedding and outages.
	P-17	Outcome	Installed generation capacity	Total generation capacity, in megawatts, installed plants can generate within the country	Megawatts	Power generation source (On-grid / Off-grid)	Detail Data update on On- grid and Off- grid	Energy Commission (On-grid update) and Ministry of Energy (Off- grid update)	Quarterly		Measures the total installed generation capacity, which relates to the Government's goal to have adequate installed generation capacity to meet demand and reserve margin.
		Outcome	Available generation capacity	Total capacity that is actually available for generation	Megawatts	Power generation source (On-grid / Off-grid)	Detail Data update	Energy Commission (On-grid update) and Ministry of Energy (Off- grid update)	Quarterly		Measures megawatts actually in operation. This provides a better picture of whether or not actual power supply is improving, thus reduction in load shed and outages.
		Outcome	Value of private investment in the energy sector	Absolute value of additional private capital committed for generation infrastructure at Financial Close	US Dollars	None	Ministry of Power (MoEn)'s finance investment directorate	MoEn/Energy Commission	Once		This indicator measures the amount of financing that enables private sector's response to energy sector opportunities.
New IPP generation		Outcome	IPP Generation committed	Total generation capacity committed by IPPs at Financial Close	Megawatts	None	EC Ghana Wholesale Electricity Market Watch - Monthly Bulletin	Energy Commission	Annual		Measures total generation capacity committed by new IPPs at Financial Close, and provides an indication of progress towards increasing power generation.
committed		Outcome	Number of IPPs that achieve financial close	Number of IPPs that have secured financial agreement with financial institutions by satisfying all	Number	None	EC Ghana Wholesale Electricity Market Watch - Monthly Bulletin	Energy Commission	Annual		Measures the number of IPP's that have secured financial agreement with financial institutions by satisfying all conditions or received a waiver, requisite

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
				conditions or received a waiver, requisite documents fully executed, and draw-downs become permissible							documents fully executed, and draw-downs become permissible
	P-15	Outcome	Total electricity supply	Total electricity, in megawatt hours, produced and/or imported in a year.	Megawatt hours	Domestic/Imports; Independent Power Producer / Government- owned	National Energy Statistics	Energy Commission	Quarterly	It is the sum of gross electricity supplied during the year for all generating stations and imports	This is to gauge the quantity of power available to meet demand
	P-16	Outcome	Power plant availability	Unweighted average across all power plants of the following: total number of hours per quarter that a plant is able and available to produce electricity/Total number of hours in the same month	Percentage	None	Unserved load report	GRIDCO	Quarterly		The objective of measuring availability is to gauge the quality of maintenance being carried out at the plant
				Operationalization of t	he "Gas to Powe	er" Plan and Commer	rcialization of the	Gas Sector Activ	vitv		
		Output	Number of advisory service days provided	Number of advisory service days provided by MiDA and third- parties under contract on gas sector structuring and policy determination	Number	Type of Organization (Service provider, Regulator)	Generation Project Quarterly Reports	Generation Project Director	Quarterly		Indicator of advisory services to ensure future ability to reform and sustain the gas sector.
		Output	Number of training participants	Number of participants from organizations in the energy sector that participated in training to build their capacity	Number	1. Type of Organization (Service provider, Regulator); 2. Gender of Participant (Male/Female) Y AND DEMAND SI	Generation Project Quarterly Reports	Generation Project Director	Quarterly		Measure the number of individuals benefiting directly from the program and allows us to track the inclusion of women in Ghana Power Compact II sponsored events.
Increased energy	v	Outcome	Energy savings	Total kilowatt hours	Kilowatt	None	EEDSM	Energy	Quarterly	Clamp meters	A key objective of the Project is
savings	,	Sucone	from upgraded streetlights	of energy saved due to new or upgraded street lighting in ECG Target Regions. Energy saved (kW) = Energy consumption in kW of existing lamps less new lamps over time.	hours		Project Report	Commission of Ghana	Zumitriy	will be used to measure baseline energy use per streetlight, but energy measuring meter box per road segment	The "street lighting" activity will be relying heavily on the use of energy saving street lamps and appropriate infrastructure for adequate illumination. It is expected that the more the replacement of old streetlight infrastructure and lamps with

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
										may be adopted to do the follow up measurements post construction. Computing this indicator requires setting an adjusted energy baseline to provide a reference point.	modern infrastructure and energy- efficient lamps like LEDs, the greater the energy savings made.
Increased energy savings		Outcome	Energy savings from "race to retrofit	Total kilowatt hours of energy saved by the participating institutions in "race to retrofit"	Kilowatt hours	Participant /GOG Agency	EEDSM Project Report	Energy Commission of Ghana	Quarterly	Computing this indicator requires setting an adjusted energy baseline to provide a reference point. The savings may be computed from the difference between average monthly energy consumption for the 12 months preceding the baseline and the average monthly consumption for the 12 months preceding the baseline and the average monthly consumption for the 12 months for the 12 months after the baseline.	The "race to retrofit/renewables" activity is targeted at eligible public / government facilities where energy efficiency retrofits will be implemented and result in reduced power consumption.
		Outcome	Energy savings from standards and labels	Total kilowatt hours of energy saved from the use of energy efficient appliances in place of high energy consuming appliances. Energy saved (kWh) = Energy consumption in kWh of existing appliances less new appliances, as	Kilowatt hours	None	Household Survey	Survey Consultant	Quarterly	Computing this indicator requires setting an adjusted energy baseline to provide a reference point. Improved energy meters (or data loggers) to be	To track over time the energy saved by the different energy efficient appliances with standards and labels promulgated and enforced.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
				measured by improved energy meters (i.e. data loggers)						connected to targeted appliances in a sub-sample of sample households in a Household "energy use" survey. A panel study may be adopted.	
Demand profile improved and growth rate reduced		Outcome	Percentage of appliances compliant with standards	Percentage of targeted electrical appliances tested at the points of entry that demonstrate compliance with newly promulgated standards	Percentage	Type of appliance (cooling, heating, lighting, motor)	EEDSM Project Report	Energy Commission of Ghana	Quarterly	The measure applies to products that are declared at the points of entry.	A metric to track compliance at the points of entry will provide proxy indication of market penetration of the energy efficient appliances
		Outcome	Number of energy audits	Total number of energy audits conducted by trainees	Number	Type of institution (Public, Private)	EEDSM Project Report	Energy Commission of Ghana	Quarterly		To help track the immediate outcome of the energy audit training
	•	•	•	Develo	pment and Enfo	rcement of Standard	s and Labels Activ	vity	•	•	
Demand profile improved and growth rate reduced		Output	Number of products with standards developed and passed	Number of products with standards for electrical appliances developed and legislation amended (for the existing standards) or promulgated (for new standards) by Parliament of Ghana to facilitate mandatory compliance	Number	None	EEDSM Project Report	Energy Commission of Ghana	Semi-Annual	Under the EE activity legislations on standards and labels for up to 20 energy efficient products, majority of which are electrical appliances would be developed and upgraded.	This activity will involve institutions like Energy Commission, Ghana Standards Authority, Attorney General's Department and the Parliament, thus necessary to track to keep an eye on where slippages are bound to occur.
		Output	Number of appliance test labs established	Number of appliance test labs constructed and/or test equipment installed and commissioned/ functional	Number	None	EEDSM Project Report	Ghana Standards Authority (GSA)	Quarterly	One "greenfield" test lab for Air- conditioners will be constructed and test facilities installed, but for the other electrical appliances, test facilities would	It is imperative to track, over time, how many of the electrical appliances have their test facilities installed and commissioned for operations.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
					inent					be installed in existing labs at the GSA.	
					Imp	proved Energy Audit	ing				
Increased Energy savings		Output	Number of institutions participating in "race to retrofit "	Total number of institutions that benefit from Compact funds to implement the "race to retrofit Program	Number	GOG Agency	EEDSM Project Report	Energy Commission of Ghana	Quarterly	The "Race to retrofit/renewab les" Activity will target MDAs and MMDAs.	The number of institutions in the "race to retrofit" will provide an indication of the commitments of the MMDAs to reduce power consumption, in addition to assessing the likely impact of the activity.
		Output	Number of buildings retrofitted	Total number of buildings with electrical installations and equipment retrofitted in participating institutions	Number	GOG Agency	EEDSM Project Report	Energy Commission of Ghana	Quarterly	The "Race to retrofit/renewab les" Activity will target MDAs and MMDAs.	The number of facilities that undergo retrofits will confirm the level of commitments of the MMDAs to reduce power consumption, in addition to assessing the likely impact of the activity.
		Output	Number of people trained in energy auditing	Number of people trained and certified in energy auditing	Number	Gender (Male/Female)	EEDSM Project Report	Energy Commission of Ghana	Quarterly	Between 2-3 tertiary institutions to deliver the energy auditing trainings	The adequacy of trained and certified local energy auditors is expected to contribute to successful implementation of energy efficiency programs in the country.
					Educat	ion and Public Inform	nation				
Increased public information, Education and communication on energy use efficiency		Output	Number of public education campaigns	Number of public education campaigns organized via different media platforms to disseminate information on energy efficiency	Number	Type of media (print, electronic, online)	Project Report	Generation Improvement Project Director	Quarterly	Data to be tracked directly by MiDA	Public education programs on energy use efficiency are expected to incentivize energy consumers to replace high-energy consuming appliances with more energy efficient ones. This activity will complement other EE/DSM activities for purposes of sustainability.
		Output	Number of students reached	Total number of students from pre- tertiary institutions in the pilot using the educational materials / program developed	Number	Gender (Male/Female)	Project Report	National Council for Curriculum Assessment (of the Ghana Education Service)	Annually	Only pilot activity will be monitored. The pilot program presents an opportunity for	Integrating energy efficiency in school curricula is a means of providing formal training to contribute to arousing and sustaining interest in energy efficiency by younger generation.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
										rigorous evaluation, draw lessons and scale up to the entire country.	
						DSM Infrastructure					
Increased Energy savings		Output	Number of energy saving streetlights	Total number of energy saving bulbs/streetlights installed/constructed	Number	Construction type (lamp only, lamp & pole)	Project Report	Generation Improvement Project Director	Quarterly		One objective of the Project is to reduce energy consumption, and the "street lighting" activity will be relying heavily on the use of energy saving street lamps and appropriate infrastructure for adequate illumination. It is expected that the more the replacement of old streetlight infrastructure and lamps with modern infrastructure and energy- efficient lamps the greater the energy savings.
		1				and DSM Project Pr		1		ſ	
Process milestones achieved	P-1	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts (consultancies), including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investments under EEDSM using 609 (g) and compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Generation Project Director	Quarterly		To provide indication of the value of infrastructure feasibility and design studies contracts signed under the EEDSM Project
	P-2.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure under EEDSM using 609(g) and compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Financial Records	MiDA Fiscal Agent/ Generation Project Director	Quarterly		To track funds disbursed under the EEDSM infrastructure feasibility and design studies contracts signed.

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
	P-2	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure disbursed divided by the total current value of signed contracts.	Percentage	None	Financial Records	MiDA Fiscal Agent/ Generation Project Director	Quarterly		To track rate of funds disbursed and gauge progress towards commencement of works to achieve targeted EEDSM Project outputs
	P-3	Process	Value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	The value of all signed construction contracts for EEDSM infrastructure investments under EEDSM using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Generation Project Director	Quarterly		To provide indication of the value of infrastructure construction (works) contracts signed under the EEDSM Project
	P-4.1	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments under EEDSM using compact funds.	US Dollars	None	Procurement Performance Reports	MiDA Procurement Agent/ Generation Project Director	Quarterly		To track funds disbursed under the EEDSM infrastructure construction (works) contract signed.
	P-4	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	The total amount of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments under EEDSM disbursed divided by the total current value of signed contracts.	Percentage	None	Financial Records	MiDA Fiscal Agent/ Generation Project Director	Quarterly		To provide an indication of progress towards commencement of activities to achieve targeted EEDSM Project outputs
	P-5	Process	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects	The number of people temporarily employed or contracted by MCA- contracted construction +companies to work on construction of new power infrastructure or reconstruction, rehabilitation, or upgrading of existing	Number	<ol> <li>Gender (Male, Female);</li> <li>Labor type (Skilled, Semi- Skilled, Unskilled);</li> <li>Nationality (Foreign, Local)</li> </ol>	PMC Quarterly Report	Generation Project Director	Quarterly		To track the number of temporary jobs generated under the EEDSM infrastructure contracts

Result Statement	CI Code	Indicator Level	Indicator Name	Definition	Unit of Measure- ment	Disaggregation	Primary Data Source	Responsible Party	Frequency of Reporting	Additional Information	Rationale or Justification for Measurement
				power infrastructure under EEDSM.							

## ANNEX II: TABLE OF INDICATOR BASELINES AND TARGETS

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1 2017	Year 2 2018	Year 3 2019	Year 4 2020	Year 5 <b>2021</b>	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
				cation						2021	Target			
						С	COMPACT W	IDE INDICAT	ORS					
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business - <i>micro</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business - <i>small</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business - <i>medium</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business - <i>large</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business - <i>male</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business - <i>female</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business - <i>unspecified</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets

Indicator	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages – <i>micro</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages - small	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages – <i>medium</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages - <i>large</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages - male	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages – <i>female</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Sales losses due to power outages - unspecified	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linkeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms – <i>micro</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms - <i>small</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms – <i>medium</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms – <i>large</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms - <i>male</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms – <i>female</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		Diesel fuel consumption by firms - unspecified	Percentage	Level	TBD			TBD		TBD	TBD	Yes		Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the Enterprise Survey methodology and targets
Outcome		ECG Customers – Global	Number	Level	2,921,405 (2016)	3,323,708	3,456,850	3,595,336	3,739, 387	3,887,481	3,887481	Yes	Baseline information shows figures as at September 2016 and excluded 'terminated	
Outcome		ECG Customers – Residential	Number	Level	2,398,823 (2016)	2,612,598	2,727,962	2,848,226	2,973, 599	3,102,548	3,102,548	Yes	Accounts with balances and streetlight Accounts. Projections are Based on the AF- Mercados Due	

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linkeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome		ECG Customers – Commercial	Number	Level	521,221 (2016)	707,486	725,173	743,303	761,88 5	780,933	780,933	Yes	Diligence Report base case forecast for ECG Customer numbers for 2017-2021. Residential projections	
Outcome		ECG Customers – Industrial	Number	Level	1,361 (2016)	3,624	3,714	3,804	3,902	4,000	4,000	Yes	consist of customer numbers for both lifeline and residential customers	
Outcome		NEDCo Customers	Number	Level	741,882 (2016)						TBD	Yes		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		NEDCo Customers ( <i>Residential</i> )	Number	Level	618,279 (2016)						TBD	Yes		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		NEDCo Customers ( <i>Commercial</i> )	Number	Level	123,546 (2016)						TBD	Yes		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		NEDCo Customers (Industrial)	Number	Level	57 (2016)						TBD	Yes		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-25	Percentage of households connected to the national grid	Percentage	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Data on this may be collected as part of customer satisfaction survey. Awaiting overall Evaluation design to inform the customer satisfaction Survey methodology and targets
Outcome	P-25	Percentage of households connected to the national grid - male	Percentage	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-25	Percentage of households connected to the national grid - <i>female</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-25	Percentage of households connected to the national grid - <i>rural</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-25	Percentage of households connected to the national grid - <i>urban</i>	Percentage	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
					ECG F	INANCIAL A	AND OPERA	TIONAL TUR	NAROUN	D PROJECT				
Outcome	P-19	Distribution system losses	Percentage	Level	23.74 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Non-existence of boundary metering does not allow disaggregation into Accra East and West
Outcome	P-19	Distribution system losses – Accra East &West	Percentage	Level	28.40 (2016)		27.60	26.4	25.1	23.0	23.0	No	The baseline year has been revised from Year 2015 to Year 2016 required corresponding modifications to targets. The revised targets are based on the same proportion of reduction used for the previous targets.	
Outcome		Technical losses	Percentage	Level	10.55 (2015)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No	This is based on ECG's 2015 technical loss study in which technical losses were estimated at 10.55%. ECG also projects a Technical losses reduction to 8% at the end of the Compact	Non-existence of boundary metering does not allow disaggregation into Accra East and West
Outcome		Technical losses – Accra East & West	Percentage	Level	10.07 (2015)	10.07	9.57	8.90	8.19	7.05	7.05	No	This target is based on the ECG feasibility study report which projected system losses to reduce by 30% at the end of the Compact	
Outcome	P-20	Commercial losses	Percentage	Level	11.72 (2015)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linkeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-20	Commercial losses – Accra East & West	Percentage	Level	23.69 (2015)	23.69	23.18	22.54	21.68	20.29	20.29	No	Targets for commercial losses is the difference obtained when technical losses is subtracted from distribution system losses	Non-existence of boundary metering does not allow disaggregation into Accra East and West
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers – ECG Service Area	Percentage	Level	45.62 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	90	90	No		
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers – ECG Residential Tariff Class	Percentage	Level	42.27 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	90	90	No		
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers – ECG Commercial Tariff Class	Percentage	Level	61.05 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	90	90	No		
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers – Accra East	Percentage	Level	53.61 (2016)	65	70	90	90	90	90	No	The targets are based on ECG's projections from ongoing activities and MIDA's planned interventions	
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers – Accra West	Percentage	Level	87.44 (2016)	90	90	95	95	95	95	No	The targets are based on ECG's projections from ongoing activities and MIDA's planned interventions	
Outcome	P-21	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)	Hours	Level	121.66 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	The original baseline using Year 2015 data has been revised to data for year 2016, to reflect the situation at Entry- Into-Force (EIF)	Awaiting target figures from ECG as the EFOT ERR model assumes no changes in global SAIDI figures for this period
Outcome	P-21	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI) – Accra East	Hours	Level	144.57 (2016)		145	130	116	116	116	Yes	Assumes a 10% reduction over the baseline in Year 3 and a 20% reduction over the baseline in Years 4&5.	

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-21	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI) – Accra West	Hours	Level	186.46 (2016)		186.46	167.81	149.15	149.15	149.15	Yes	This was applied to the new baseline. The ERR model assumes no reduction in the rest of ECG	
Outcome	P-22	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)	Rate	Level	84.04 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	The original baseline has been revised to show the results for the 12-month period ending September 2016 to reflect the situation at Compact EIF.	Awaiting target figures from ECG as the EFOT ERR model assumes no changes in global SAIDI figures for this period
Outcome	P-22	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI) – Accra East	Rate	Level	50.46 (2016)		51	45	40	40	40	Yes	The ERR model assumes a 10% reduction over the baseline in Year 3 and a 20% reduction over the baseline in Years 4&5. This was applied to the new baseline.	
Outcome	P-22	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI) – Accra West	Rate	Level	75.13 (2016)		75	68	60	60	60	Yes		

Indicator	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-24	Operating cost - recovery ratio	Percentage	Level	93 (2015)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Further review of the factors that determine the trends in the variables used in estimating the value is required in order to set realistic targets
Outcome		Average Collection Period	Days	Level	244.19 (2015)		228	171	122	60	60	No	ECG will achieve 6% reduction over the baseline in year 2; 30% reduction over the baseline in Year 3; 50% reduction over the baseline in Year 4; and 75% reduction over the baseline in the Year 5.	
Outcome		Debt as a percentage of total sales	Percentage	Level	69.07 (2014)	69.07	58.70	41.10	28.80	17.30	17.30	No	The assumption for the target is that Newco will not inherit any of ECG's debts. In addition interventions such as the replacement of legacy meters will improve the way revenue is collected. A 15% reduction per annum is assumed from year 1 to 2. 30% per annum in years 3&4 and 40% reduction in year 5	
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold	Megawatt hours	Level	6,346,320 (2014)	7,670,880	8,118,746	8,475,397	8,836, 311	9,179, 878	9,179, 878	No	Based on the AF- Mercados Due Diligence Report base case forecast for ECG on Energy sales for 2017-2021	
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold- <i>Residential</i>	Megawatt hours	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD		No		Awaiting data from ECG for baseline
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold - <i>Commercial</i>	Megawatt hours	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD		No		Awaiting data from ECG for baseline

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linkeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold – <i>Industrial</i>	Megawatt hours	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD		No		Awaiting data from ECG for baseline
Outcome	P-13	Maintenance expenditure-asset value ratio	Percentage	Level	1.26 (2015)	1.48	1.62	1.77	1.93	2.10	2.10	No	These targets are based on ECG's own projections. International benchmark is 2.5%	
Outcome		Average payment period to power producers	Days	Level	381.82 (2015)		260	191	122	45	45	No	ECG will achieve a 32% reduction over the baseline in year 2, 50% reduction over the baseline in year 3, 68% reduction over the baseline in year 4 and 88% reduction over the baseline in the year 5. 45 days is considered an appropriate value based on international benchmarks. This was also a recommendation by the DQR Consultant	
Outcome		Average payment period to power producers – <i>Public</i>	Days	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Awaiting information from ECG on this
Outcome		Average payment period to power producers – <i>Private</i>	Days	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Awaiting information from ECG on this
Outcome		Average payment period to Ghana Grid Company	Days	Level	316.35 (2015)		228	165	108	45	45	No	ECG will achieve a 32% reduction over the baseline in year 2, 50% reduction over the baseline in year 3, 68% reduction over the baseline in year 4 and 88% reduction over the baseline in the year 5. 45 days is considered an appropriate value based on international benchmarks. This was also a recommendation by the DQR Consultant	

Indicator	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Output		GIS-based distribution management system in place	Date	Date	N/A			24- Apr-18			24- Apr-18	No	Date indicated shows when with GIS based distribution management system and service normalization is completed in the EFOT work plan	
Output		Enterprise Resource Planning System in place	Date	Date				20- Feb-20			20- Feb-20	No	Date indicated shows when installation of ERP system will be rolled out	
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	50	2050	4050	6050	6500	6500	No	Target represents the kilometers of distribution lines identified by the ECG feasibility report to be changed to lines upgraded or built	Target figures shown are only indicative
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built – <i>high voltage</i> (33kV)	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built – <i>medium voltage</i> (11kV)	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built – <i>low voltage</i>	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output	P-11	Distribution substation capacity added	Megavolt ampere	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	750	1500	2250	3000	3000	No	Target represents number of substations identified by the ECG feasibility report to be added to improve the	Target figures shown are only indicative

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Levei	Coue		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
													distribution network under the EFOT Project	
Output	P-11	Distribution substation capacity added – Accra East	Megavolt ampere	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
Output	P-11	Distribution substation capacity added – Accra West	Megavolt ampere	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
Output		Number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)				167	167	167	No	Target represents number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines for Reactive Power Compensation	Target figures shown are only indicative
Output		Number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines – Accra East	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)				TBD		TBD	No	Target represents number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines for Reactive Power Compensation	
Output		Number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines – Accra West	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)				TBD		TBD	No	Target represents number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines for Reactive Power Compensation	
Output		Number of Bulk supply points (BSPs)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)				1	1	1	No	Target represents number of BSPs to be installed to improve voltage and reduce technical losses	
Output		Number of Interconnecting sub-transmission links	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		

Indicator Level	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Output		Number of Interconnecting sub-transmission links - Accra East	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of Interconnecting sub-transmission links - Accra West	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of medium voltage offloading circuits	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of medium voltage offloading circuits - Accra East	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of medium voltage offloading circuits – Accra West	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of automated reading meters	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	1050	2130	3180	3180	3180	No	Target figure represents the number of automated reading meters to be installed to reduce technical losses	Target figures shown are only indicative
Output		Number of automated reading meters – Accra East	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of automated reading meters – Accra West	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of automated reading meters – <i>Domestic</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		

Indicator	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Output		Number of automated reading meters – Commercial	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of automated reading meters – Industrial	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Medium voltage networks automation completed	Date	Date					3- Aug- 20		3- Aug-20	No	Date indicates when MV automation will be complete as shown in EFOT work plan	
Output		Outage management system in place	Date	Date					24- Feb-20		25-Feb-20	No	Date indicates when Outage Management system will be in place as shown in the EFOT work plan	
Process	P-1	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Process	P-2.1	Value disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	TBD	No		The targets will be determined based on service contract payment schedule
Process	P-2	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	100	No		The targets will be determined based on service contract payment schedule
Process	P-3	Value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Process	P-4.1	Value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	100	No		The targets will be determined based on works contract payment schedule

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linkeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Process	P-4	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	100	No		The targets will be determined based on works contract payment schedule
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Male)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Female)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Skilled)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Semi- skilled)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Unskilled)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
				cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target			
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Ghanaian)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Non- Ghanaian)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process		Contract signed with ECG PSP Provider	Date	Date		31- Jul-17					31- Jul-17	No	Date for commencement of PSP a key milestone for second disbursement	
				NEDC	<b>O FINANC</b>	IAL ANI	<b>OPER</b> A	ATIONAL	<b>TURN</b>	AROUN	D PROJE	СТ	·	
Outcome	P-19	Distribution system losses:	Percentage	Level	25.2 (2016)	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	23.2	23.2	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 23.2 %. The Year 5 Target is a 7.83 % reduction over the Baseline figure of 25.2%. This reduction is based on what was in the Investment Memo (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 23.0% and 21.2 % respectively).	The interim targets will be set following the successful resolution of NEDCo Staff Agitation
Outcome	P-19	Distribution system losses ( <i>Tamale Station</i> )	Percentage	Level	35.1 (2016)	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	33.1	33.1	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to the 2021 result of 33.1%. The revised Target is based on 5.6% reduction on the revised Baseline (of 35.1%, for 2016). This rate of reduction is based on the NEDCo Final Feasibility Study Report (FSR) rather than the Investment Memo	The interim targets is pending the successful resolution of NEDCo Staff Agitation

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
													(which estimates a reduction of 25%) because there is a large difference between the results in the Investment Memo, which was prepared on the basis of the results reported in the Draft FSR, and what was reported in the Final FSR. This suggests that the Feasibility Study Consultant made a very significant revision to this particular result.	
Outcome		Technical losses	Percentage	Level	13.23 (2016)	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	12.68	12.68	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 12.68%). This is a 4.13 % reduction over the Baseline figure of 13.23%. This reduction is based on what was in the Investment Memo (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 12.1% and 11.6% respectively).	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Technical losses ( <i>Tamale Station</i> )	Percentage	Level	18.43 (2016)	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	17.9	17.9	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 17.9% for Year 2016, closer to Entry- into-Force (EIF). The Year 5 Target is a 3.1% reduction over the Baseline figure of 18.43%. This reduction is based on what was in the NEDCo Final Feasibility Report.	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-20	Commercial losses	Percentage	Level	12 (2016)	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	10.57	10.57	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 10.57 %. This is an 11.93 % reduction over the Baseline figure of 12.0%. This	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
													reduction is based on what was in the Investment Memo (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 10.9 % and 9.6 % respectively).	
Outcome	P-20	Commercial losses (Tamale Station)	Percentage	Level	16.67 (2016)	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	16.3	16.3	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 16.3%. The revised Target is based on a 2.5% reduction, as recommended in the NEDCo Final Feasibility Study Report, on the revised Baseline value.	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers	Percentage	Level	35.12 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers <i>Residential:</i>	Percentage	Level	32.17 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers <i>Commercial:</i>	Percentage	Level	49.85% (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Percentage of pre- payment customers <i>Industrial:</i>	Percentage	Level	52.63% (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Voltage Quality	Percentage	Level	50	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	25	25	Yes	To provide Targets to be achieved. The End of Compact Target is based on the IMC Memo	The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-21	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)	Hours	Level Cumulative	105.4 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	79	79	No	To provide Targets to be achieved. The Year 5/End of Compact Target is based on 25% reduction on the revised Baseline value, as in the NEDCo Feasibility Report.	The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Liikeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-21	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI) <i>Tamale Station</i>	Hours	Level Cumulative	93.7 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	70	70		To provide Targets to be achieved. The Year 5/End of Compact Target is based on 25% reduction on the revised Baseline, as in the NEDCo Feasibility Report.	The baseline figure is based on the Investment Memo. The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-22	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)	Rate	Level Cumulative	130.46 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	98	98	No	To set out Targets to be achieved. The Year 5/End of Compact Target is based on 25% reduction on the revised Baseline value.	The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-22	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI) Tamale Station	Rate	Level Cumulative	101.92 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	76	76	No	To set out Targets to be achieved. The Year5/ End of Compact Target is based on 25% reduction on the revised Baseline value.	The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Ratio of actual maintenance expenditures to planned maintenance budget	Percentage	Level	98 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-13	Maintenance expenditure-asset value ratio	Percentage	Level	1 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	2.5	2.5	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been set to reflect good industry practice.	The interim targets will be set following approval of the work plan and signing of IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-24	Operating cost- recovery ratio	Percentage	Level	60 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	69	69	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 69%. This is a 15% increase over the Baseline figure of 60%. This rate of reduction is based on what was in the NEDCo Feasibility Study Report (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 74.6% and 85.8% respectively).	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Average collection period	Days	Level	281 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	192	192	No	The Year 5 and End of Compact Target has been change from TBD to 192 days, which is a 31.8 % reduction over	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo

Indicator	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
													the Baseline figure of 281 days. This rate of reduction is based on what was in the NEDCo Feasibility Study Report (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 299 and 204 days respectively.	
Outcome		Aged Receivables as percentage of total sales	Percentage	Level	91% (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	62%	62%	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 62%, which is a 31.7 % reduction over the Baseline figure of 91%. This rate of reduction is based on what was in the NEDCo Feasibility Report (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 82% and 56% respectively.	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Average payment period to power producer (VRA)	Days	Level	333 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	30	30	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 30 days, in conformance with the provision in the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA).	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome		Average payment period to Ghana Grid Company	Days	Level	327 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold	Megawatt	Level	694,000 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	869,860	869,860	No	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 869,860 MWh, which is a 25.35% increase over the Baseline figure of 694,000 MWh. This rate of increase is based on what was in the NEDCo Feasibility Study Report (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 718,000 MWh and	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
													900,000 MWh respectively.	
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold- <b>Residential</b>	Megawatt hours	Level	433,000 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold - <i>Commercial</i>	Megawatt hours	Level	202,000 ( 2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Outcome	P-23	Total electricity sold – <i>Industrial</i>	Megawatt hours	Level	59,000 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built <i>High voltage</i> (33kV)	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built ( <i>medium voltage</i> ( <i>11Kv</i> )	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Output	P-10	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built- low voltage	Kilometers	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Output	P-11	Distribution substation capacity added	Megavolt Ampere	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo
Output		Number of Automated Reading Meters	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	410	410	No	The indicator is included to track the number of automated reading meters installed at Bulk Supply Point (BSP), feeders and other strategically important locations in the NEDCo Systems	The interim targets will be set following the approval of work plan and signing of the IEA by NEDCo

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR Linked	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
		NEDCo Management Contract Signed	Date	Date	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD		To track the date the NEDCo Management Contract, which is a major milestone for The NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project (NFOT), would be signed	
Process	P-1	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The target will be determined based on works contract payment schedule
Process	P-2.1	Value disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The target will be determined based on works contract payment schedule
Process	P.2	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The target will be determined based on works contract payment schedule
Process	P-3	Value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The target will be determined based on works contract payment schedule
Process	P-4.1	Value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The target will be determined based on works contract payment schedule
Process	P-4	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The target will be determined based on works contract payment schedule
Process		Temporary employment generated in energy infrastructure projects	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		

Level     Code     Measor     Classifier     2017     2018     2019     2020     2021     Compact Iraget     Linked     Assumptions for Targets       Process     P.5     Temporary employment geometrian geome		CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Image: Second	Level	Code		Measure			2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Image: Second of a power infrastructure projects (Fenale)NumberCumulative0N/A	Process	P-5	employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Male)	Number	Cumulative				N/A				No		
Image: series of a series	Process	P-5	employment generated in power infrastructure	Number	Cumulative		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Semi- skilled)NumberCumulative(2016) (2016)N/A	Process	P-5	employment generated in power infrastructure	Number	Cumulative		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Unskilled)NumberCumulative(2016)N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AProcessP-5Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Ghanaian)NumberCumulative0 (2016)N/A	Process	P-5	employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Semi-	Number	Cumulative		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
ProcessP-5Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Ghanaian)NumberCumulative0 (2016)N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AProcessP-5Temporary employment generated in powerNumberCumulative0 (2016)N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AProcessP-5Temporary employment generated in powerNumberCumulative0 (2016)N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/A	Process	P-5	employment generated in power infrastructure projects	Number	Cumulative		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
ProcessP-5Temporary employment generated in powerNumberCumulative0N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/A	Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects	Number	Cumulative		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
inflation     projects (Non-Ghanaian)       Ghanaian)     REGULATORY STRENGTHENING AND CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT	Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects (Non-	Number	Cumulative	(2016)							No		

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Lever	Code		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome		Tariff adjustment on time	Date	Date	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Baseline and Target to be set after signing IEA with PURC
Outcome		Tariff adjustment formula applied	Number	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Baseline and Target to be set after signing IEA with PURC
	l				5	Sector Perfor	mance Monito	oring Capacity	Building A	Activity				
Output		Number of training participants <i>Male</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2015)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Baseline and Target to be set after signing IEA with PURC
Output		Number of training participants <i>Female</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2015)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Baseline and Target to be set after signing IEA with PURC
Output		Capacity Needs Assessment	Date	Date	23-Aug-2017	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	23-Aug- 2017	No		Baseline and Target to be set after signing IEA with PURC
	1	1	T	T	T			d Regulatory A		1	1	1	1	1
Output	P-14	Cost-reflective tariff regime	Percentage	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Baseline and Target to be set after the IEA has been signed with PURC
Output		Tariff plan in place	Date	Level	5-Sep-2017	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	5-Sep- 2017	No		Baseline and Target to be set after the IEA has been signed with PURC
		•		•				S PROJECT <sup>12</sup>						•
							Ű	Process Indica						
Process	P-1	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Target to be determined based on contracts sum in services Agreement following negotiations
Process	P-2.1	Value disbursed of Power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes		Targets to be determined based on services contracts payment schedules
Process	P-2	Percent disbursed of Power infrastructure	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	100	No		Targets to be determined based on services contracts payment schedules

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Baselines and targets for output and outcome level Indicators to be established upon completion of the Access Project design, which is currently ongoing. 94

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
		feasibility and design contracts												
Process	P-3	Value of signed Power infrastructure construction contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Target to be determined based on contracts sum in works Agreement following negotiations
Process	P-4.1	Value disbursed of Power infrastructure construction contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes		Targets to be determined based on works contracts payment schedules
Process	P-4	Percent disbursed of Power infrastructure construction contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	100	No		Targets to be determined based on works contracts payment schedule
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in Power infrastructure projects	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
	P-5	Temporary employment generated in Power infrastructure projects - <i>male</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
	P-5	Temporary employment generated in Power infrastructure projects - <i>female</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects - <i>skilled</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		

Indicator Level	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
	P-5	Temporary employment generated in Power infrastructure projects – <i>semi-</i> <i>skilled</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
	P-5	Temporary employment generated in Power infrastructure projects - unskilled	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
	P-5	Temporary employment generated in Power infrastructure projects - <i>Ghanaian</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
	P-5	Temporary employment generated in Power infrastructure projects – <i>Non-</i> <i>Ghanaian</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
			•	•	POV	VER GENER	RATION SEC	TOR IMPROV	VEMENT I	PROJECT				
Outcome		Total system load shed	Megawatt hours	Level (Cumula- tive)	1,580,789 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Discussing with GRIDCo and MoEn to set target
Outcome		Frequency of load shed	Number	Level	763 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Discussing with GRIDCo and MoEn to set target
Outcome		Duration of load shed	Number	Level	8426 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		Discussing with GRIDCo and MoEn to set target
Outcome	P-17	Installed generation capacity	Megawatts	Level	3,949.73 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	5,000	No	Target set will be based on government policy	

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linkeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-17	Installed generation capacity <i>On-Grid</i>	Megawatts	Level	3,949	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No	Target set will be based on government policy	
Outcome	P-17	Installed generation capacity <i>Off-Grid</i>	Megawatts	Level	0.73	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TDB	No	No accurate data available currently	Working with EC and MoEn to resolve baseline and set target
Outcome	P-17	Available generation capacity	Megawatts	Level	3,538.73 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-17	Available generation capacity <i>On-Grid</i>	Megawatts	Level	3,538	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-17	Available generation capacity <i>Off-Grid</i>	Megawatts	Level	0.73	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome		Value of private investment in the energy sector	US Dollars	Level (Cumula- tive)	TBD					TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome		IPP Generation committed	Megawatts	Cumulative	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		The baseline as at 2015 was estimated to be between 1,800 and 1,900 MW; the actual is to be confirmed. Depending on the actual baseline, the target would be set between 3,250 and 3,300 MW.
Outcome		Number of IPPs that achieve financial close	Number	Cumulative	10 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	19	No		
Outcome	P-15	Total electricity supply	Megawatt hours	Cumulative	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-15	Total electricity supply <b>Domestic</b>	Megawatt hours	Cumulative	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome	P-15	Total electricity supply <i>Imports</i>	Megawatt hours	Cumulative	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-15	Total electricity supply <i>IPP</i>	Megawatt hours	Cumulative	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-15	Total electricity supply GoG	Megawatt hours	Cumulative	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Outcome	P-16	Power plant availability	Percentage	Level	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
			1	Ор	erationalization	of the "Gas to	o Power" Plar	and Commer	cialization	of the Gas Sec	tor Activity			
Output		Number of advisory days provided	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of training participants	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of training participants (Service provider)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of training participants (Regulator)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of training participants (Male)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of training participants (Female)	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
			1	I	ENH	ERGY EFFIC	LIENCY AND	DEMAND SI	DE MANA	GEMENT	1	1	I	

Indicator	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome		Energy savings from upgraded streetlights	Kilowatt Hours	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	0	0	0	30,000,000	30,000,000	Yes	Street lighting project will account for 50% of total reduction in energy demand estimated at 60 million kWh by year 5 (refer DSM ERR model).	
Outcome		Energy savings from "race to retrofit"	Kilowatt Hours	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	0	0	0	6,000,000	6,000,000	Yes	Race to retrofit / renewables project will account for 10% total reduction in energy demand estimated at 60 million kWh by year 5 (refer DSM ERR model).	
Outcome		Energy savings from "race to retrofit" - <i>MDAs</i>	Kilowatt Hours	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes		
Outcome		Energy savings from "race to retrofit" - <i>MMDAs</i>	Kilowatt Hours	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes		
Outcome		Energy savings from standards and labels	Kilowatt Hours	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	0	0	0	24,000,000	24,000,000	Yes	Standards and labels project will account for 40% of total reduction in energy demand estimated at 60 million kWh by year 5 (refer DSM ERR model).	
Outcome		Percentage of appliances compliant with standards	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	Target to be established based on the EC experience with the refrigerator project	
Outcome		Percentage of appliances compliant with standards - <i>cooling</i>	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Target to be established based on the EC experience with the refrigerator project	
Outcome		Percentage of appliances compliant with standards - <i>heating</i>	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Target to be established based on the EC experience with the refrigerator project	

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Weasure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Outcome		Percentage of appliances compliant with standards - <i>lighting</i>	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Target to be established based on the EC experience with the refrigerator project	
Outcome		Percentage of appliances compliant with standards - <i>motor</i>	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Target to be established based on the EC experience with the refrigerator project	
						Developmen	t and Enforce	ment of Stand	ards and L	abels	1			
Output		Number of products with standards developed and passed	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	0	5	10	15	20	20	Yes	Every product must have standards backed by a LI for effective implementation and compliance. Therefore 20 products will require 20 LIs.	Legislations on Standards of 3 products (electrical appliances) already passed and in force prior to Compact 2. These would be amended to reflect upgraded standards
Output		Number of appliance test labs established	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No	Target to be determined after design and feasibility studies	A new test lab will be constructed and equipped for Air conditioners, whiles existing labs will be equipped for other products
							Improved I	Energy Auditir	ng		•			•
Output		Number of institutions participating in "race to retrofit"	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of institutions participating in "race to retrofit" - MDAs	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of institutions participating in "race to retrofit" – <i>MMDAs</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of energy audits	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of energy audits - <i>public</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of energy audits - <i>private</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Output		Number of buildings retrofitted	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of buildings retrofitted – <i>MDAs</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of buildings retrofitted – <i>MMDAs</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of people trained in energy auditing	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of people trained in energy auditing – <i>male</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of people trained in energy auditing - <i>female</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
						E	ducation and	Public Inform	nation					
Output		Number of public education campaigns	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		
Output		Number of Public education campaigns - <i>print</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of Public education campaigns - electronic	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of Public education campaigns - <i>online</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of students reached	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No	Target based on pilot schools only	
Output		Number of students reached – <i>male</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Output		Number of students reached - <i>female</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
								frastructure						
Output		Number of energy saving streetlights	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	6,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	End of compact target to be determined based on outcome of feasibility and design studies	

Indicator Level	CI Code	Indicator Name	Unit of Measure	Indicator Classifi-	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	ERR Linked	Justification and Assumptions for Targets	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Target	Linkeu	Assumptions for Targets	
Output		Number of energy saving streetlights – <i>lamp only</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Target may be determined based on outcome of feasibility and design studies	
Output		Number of energy saving streetlights – <i>lamp and pole</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Target may be determined based on outcome of feasibility and design studies	
					Energy E	fficiency and	Demand Side	Management	Project Pro	ocess Mileston	es			
Process	P-1	Value of signed power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	Target to be determined based on contracts sum in services Agreement following negotiations	
Process	P-2.1	Value disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	Targets to be determined based on services contracts payment schedules	
Process	P-2	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	100	Yes	Targets to be determined based on services contracts payment schedules	
Process	P-3	Value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	Target to be determined based on contracts sum in works Agreement following negotiations	
Process	P-4.1	Value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	US Dollars	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Yes	Targets to be determined based on works contracts payment schedules	
Process	P-4	Percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	Percentage	Level	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	100	100	Yes	Targets to be determined based on works contracts payment schedule	
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	No		

Indicator	CI	Indicator Name	Unit of	Indicator	Baseline	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of	ERR	Justification and	Notes
Level	Code		Measure	Classifi- cation		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Compact Target	Linked	Assumptions for Targets	
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects - <i>male</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects - <i>female</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects - <i>skilled</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects – <i>semi-</i> <i>skilled</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects - unskilled	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects - <i>Ghanaian</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		
Process	P-5	Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects – <i>Non-</i> <i>Ghanaian</i>	Number	Cumulative	0 (2016)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No		

## ANNEX III: M&E PLAN MODIFICATIONS

## **M&E PLAN MODIFICATIONS – DECEMBER 2016 APPROVAL**

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Mo	dification	Original Assumptions &	Justification for Change
				C (	ompact-Wide Indica	tors		Rationale	
Reduced cost of doing business	No	Outcome	Percent of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business	Percentage	Percentage of firms identifying electricity as a major constraint	(1)	Change the data source from WB Enterprise Survey or PFG Survey to Enterprise Survey Change the indicator baseline from 86.2 (2007) to TBD	The reduction in the percentage of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business will provide an indication of the extent to which the business environment has improved.	Uncertainty with the timing of the recommended Surveys (1) While the 2014 WB Enterprise Survey can provide baseline data, we cannot be certain that the World Bank will carry out another survey at the close to the end of the Compact. (2) Change in data source
Reduced cost of doing business	No	Outcome	Sales losses due to power outages	Percentage	Average value of sales losses due to electricity outages as a percentage of revenue	(1)	Change the data source from WB Enterprise Survey or PFG Survey to Enterprise Survey Change the indicator baseline from 6 (2007) to TBD	The reduction in the percentage of firms citing electricity as a major obstacle to doing business will provide an indication of the extent to which the business environment has improved.	Uncertainty with the timing of the recommended Surveys (1) While the 2014 WB Enterprise Survey can provide baseline data, we cannot be certain that the World Bank will carry out another survey at the close to the end of the Compact. (2) Change in data source
Reduced cost of doing business	No	Outcome	Diesel fuel consumptio n by firms	Percentage	Average annual kWh of diesel generation consumed by registered firms as a percentage of total kWh of electricity consumed	(1) (2)	Change the data source from WB Enterprise Survey or PFG Survey to Enterprise Survey Change the indicator baseline from 29.5 (2007) to TBD	This indicator is a proxy for economic, environmental and business impacts. The use of diesel fuel for power generation by firms is an indication of the unreliable supply and quality of power. Reduction in the use will provide an indication of the improved business environment in relation to power availability.	Uncertainty with the timing of the recommended Surveys (1) While the 2014 WB Enterprise Survey can provide baseline data, we cannot be certain that the World Bank will carry out another survey at the close to the end of the Compact. (2) Change in data source
Improved reliability of electricity system	Yes	Outcome	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)	Hours	Sum of durations, in customer- hours, of all customer interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers	(1)	Indicator deleted	Provides a measure for the duration of outages. Also, there are regulations that limit the duration of outages, which when exceeded	<ul> <li>Indicator appears also under ECG Financial and Technical Turnover Project. It is more</li> </ul>

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
					connected to network in the same quarter.		could trigger penalty for the service provider.	appropriate to keep it under the ECG Financial and Technical Turnover Project since, by the definition, it seeks to measure the performance of this Project
Improved reliability of electricity system	Yes	Outcome	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)	Number	Sum of customer- interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter.	(1) Indicator deleted	Provides a measure for the extent of outages. Also, there are regulations that limit the extent of outages, which when exceeded could trigger penalty for the service provider.	<ol> <li>Indicator appears also under ECG Financial and Technical Turnover Project. It is more appropriate to keep it under the ECG Financial and Technical Turnover Project since, by the definition, it seeks to measure the performance of this Project</li> </ol>
Customers	Yes	Outcome	Number of customers connected to the national network	Number (ECG)		<ul> <li>Indicator modified as follows: Number of ECG customers connected to the national network</li> </ul>	To measure growth in grid connections and household access to electricity in ECG service area. An individual customer is equivalent to a household or firm.	(1) To make the indicator specific and remove ambiguity
Customers	Yes	Outcome	Number of customers connected to the national network	Number (NEDCo)		<ul> <li>Indicator modified as follows: Number of NEDCo customers connected to the national network</li> </ul>	To measure growth in grid connections and household access to electricity in NEDCo service area. An individual customer is equivalent to a household or firm.	(1) To make the indicator specific and remove ambiguity
	I		E	CG Financial	and Operational Tu	rnaround Project		
Reinvestme nt and maintenanc e in capital expenditure	No	Outcome	Capital Expenditur e (CAPEX)	US Dollars	Total value of new equipment installed in the distribution network	Indicator dropped	To provide an indication of how much investment in new equipment is made in ECG to improve service quality.	It may be difficult to obtain reliable data on this indicator
Reinvestme nt and maintenanc e in capital expenditure	No	Outcome	Ratio of actual Maintenanc e expenditure to the dollar value of total distribution assets	Percentage	Actual maintenance expenditures / Total value of distribution assets	<ul> <li>(1) Indicator name changed to: Maintenance expenditure-asset value ratio</li> <li>(2) Indicator definition changed to the following: Actual</li> </ul>	A measure of whether ECG is able to continue providing services at the same level of performance when assets were acquired, and to maximize returns on investments.	Definition altered to conform with "Common indicator" name and definition Baseline value was updated as 2014 data become available

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
						maintenance expenditures / Total value of fixed assets (3) Indicator baseline value		
						changed from 0.98% in 2012 to 1.30% in 2014		
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Distributio n system losses (ATC&C)	Percentage	Cash Recovery Index= (1- system losses)* collection rate ATC&C = 1- Cash Recovery Index	Indicator Dropped	Measure of distribution system losses by ECG	Other indicators in the M&E Plan will be provided the needed information
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Distributio n system losses	Percentage	1 – [Total megawatt hours billed / Total megawatt hours received from transmission]	New indicator added	Measure of distribution system losses by ECG	New indicator included to track Distribution System Losses incurred by ECG
Enhanced investment capacity	No	Outcome	Asset Turnover	Ratio	Gross sales / total assets	Indicator Dropped	To measure the efficiency of ECG's use of its assets in generating revenue	New indicators have been included in the M&E Plan that adequately tracks ECG's financial health
Utility Financial Health improved	No	Outcome	Operating Profit (loss)	US Dollars	Operating revenue minus operating expenses	Indicator Dropped	To provide an indication of the profit ECG is making through its operations. This is an indication of ECG's financial health.	New indicators have been included in the M&E Plan that adequately tracks ECGs financial health
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Technical losses	Percentage	Estimated MWh of power dissipated in electricity system components such as distribution lines, transformers	Indicator baseline value changed from 14% in 2012 for Accra East and West to 10.07% in 2015	To measure improvements or otherwise in ECG's technical losses, which constitute a loss of revenue and impacts on its financial performance	Baseline value was updated with data from ECG for 2015
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Commercia 1 Losses	Percentage	Total distribution system losses minus distribution technical losses	Indicator baseline value changed from 19.5% in 2012 for Accra East and West to 23.69% in 2015	To measure improvements or otherwise in ECG's commercial losses, which constitute a loss of revenue and impacts on its financial performance	Baseline value was updated with data from ECG for 2015
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Percentage of pre- payment customers	Percentage	Number of customers with pre-payment meters divided by Total number of customers with legacy credit meters and with pre-payment meters in the ECG Target Regions	New indicator added	A measure of the percentage of pre- payment customers	To track the percentage of customers with pre- paid meters. The prepaid meters contributes to reducing collection losses and the cost of collection, and thereby improving ECG's financial health

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
Outage response time improved	Yes	Outcome	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)	Hours	Sum of durations, in customer- hours, of all customer interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter in Accra East and Accra West.	Indicator baseline value changed from TBD in 2012 to: Accra East 129.16, Accra West 256.25, Global 185.48 (in 2015)	To measure the average outage duration for each ECG customer. A reduction in SAIDI will improve ECG's service delivery and increase sales	Baseline value was updated with data from ECG for 2015
Unplanned outages and faults reduced	Yes	Outcome	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)	Rate	Sum of customer- interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter in Accra East and Accra West.	Indicator baseline value changed from TBD in 2012 Accra East = 42.09 Accra West = 104.91, Global = 84.54 in 2015	To measure the average number of interruptions in electricity supply that each ECG customers experiences. A reduction in SAIFI will improve ECG's service delivery and increase sales	Baseline value was updated with data from ECG for 2016
Enhanced investment capacity	No	Outcome	Operating Cost recovery ratio	Percentage	Total revenue collected/Total Operation Cost	New indicator added	A measure of the cash flow available for investment	New indicator recommended by DQR consultant and included to track ECG's investment capacity and financial health
Utility Financial Health Improved	No	Outcome	Average Collection Period	Days	365 Days * [(Beginning accounts receivables + ending accounts receivable) / 2) / Total sales]	New indicator added	A measure of the liquidity or financial security of ECG and the efficiency of revenue collection	New indicator included to track ECG's revenue collection efficiency
	No	Outcome	Debt as a percentage of total sales	Percentage	Total value of accounts receivables over 60 days / Total accounts receivable	New indicator added	Measure of ECG's financial losses due to bad debt	New indicator included to track the percentage of ECG's total sales that becomes bad debt
	No	Outcome	Total Electricity Sold	Mega Watts	The total megawatt hours of electricity sales to all customer types	New indicator added	Measure total electricity sold to customers by ECG	New indicator recommended by DQR consultant and included to track megawatts of Electricity sold by ECG
	No	Outcome	Maintenanc e expenditure -asset value ratio	Percentage	Actual maintenance expenditures / Total value of fixed assets	New indicator added	To provide an indication of ECG's ability to continue providing services at the same level of performance when assets were acquired, and to maximize returns on investments.	New Indicator included to track ECG'S financial health
Timely payments made to sector entities	No	Outcome	Average payment period to power producers	Days	Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to power producers +	Indicator definition changed to the following: Duration in days of measurement period *	To measure the time it takes to pay power producers	Definition altered to include suggestions made by DQR consultant

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
					ending accounts payables to power producers) / 2) /Power purchase cost during measurement period]	[(Beginning accounts payables to power producers + ending accounts payables to power producers) / 2) /Power purchase cost during measurement period]		
	No	Outcome	Average payment period to Ghana Grid Company	Days	Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to GRIDCo + ending accounts payables to GRIDCo) / 2) /Total transmission charge payable to GRIDCO during the measurement period]	Indicator definition changed to the following: Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to GRIDCo + ending accounts payables to GRIDCo) / 2) /Total transmission charge payable to GRIDCO during the measurement period]	To measure the time it takes to pay GRIDCo	Definition altered to include suggestions made by DQR consultant
Enhanced investment capacity	No	Output	GIS-based distribution manageme nt system in place	Date	Geographic Information System (GIS) based distribution management system, grid digitization, and customer census to record and store basic data for planning purposes in place.	New indicator added	The GIS system is considered a base investment under EFOT as such there is the need to monitor its timely deployment to ensure other planned activities are implemented within the Compact period	Indicator introduced to track the date the GIS system is put in place which is a key milestone
	No	Output	Enterprise Resource Planning System in place	Date	Date when Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system a business process management software which will be integrated with existing applications for the purpose of facilitating the flow of information within ECG and managing connections to outside stakeholders will be in place	New indicator added	The ERPS is one of the base investments under EFOT as a result it is useful to track the date it is put in place as well as ensure that timelines for this activity does not slip	Indicator introduced to track the date the ERP system is put in place. This is a key milestone
Technical losses reduced	No	Output	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built	Kilometers	The sum of linear kilometers of new, reconstructed, rehabilitated, or upgraded distribution lines that have been energized, tested	New indicator added	To measure of the sum of linear kilometers of lines upgraded or built under the Compact to improve network reliability in Accra East and West	New indicator included to track the sum of linear kilometers of lines upgraded or built under the Compact

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
					and commissioned with MCC support.			
	No	Output	Distributio n substation added	Number	The total number of newly constructed distribution substations supported by MCC	New indicator added	Measure of Distribution substations added to improve network reliability in Accra East and West	New indicator included to track Distribution substation capacity added
Technical losses reduced	No	Output	Number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/ lines	Number	Total number of capacitor banks installed at primary substations/lines for Reactive Power Compensation	New indicator added	Reactive power compensation installed at primary substation will improve the network, reducing technical losses and avoiding extended outages.	To track activities intended to reduce technical losses in Accra East and West
	No	Output	Number of Bulk supply points	Number	Number of BSPs installed and commissioned	New indicator added	A measure of technical loss reduction	To track activities intended to reduce technical losses in Accra East and West
	No	Output	Number of Interconnec ting sub- transmissio n links	Number	Interconnecting sub-transmission links installed	New indicator added	A measure of technical loss reduction and improved levels of reliability in the network	New indicator included to track the Project's ability to improve technical losses and levels of reliability in the network in Accra East and West
	No	Output	Number of medium voltage offloading circuits	Number	Total number of medium voltage offloading circuits installed	New indicator added	A measure of technical loss reduction and improved levels of reliability in the network	New indicator included to track the Project's ability to improve technical losses and levels of reliability in the network in Accra East and West
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Output	Number of automated reading meters	Number	Installation of automated reading meters at special load tariff (SLT) service locations, selected non-SLT service locations in the ECG Target Regions, and at critical nodes of the distribution system in the Target ECG Regions	New indicator added	A measure of the number of automated reading meters installed as part of the Compact	To track the number of automated reading meters installed to provide ECG with the ability to monitor where technical and commercial losses are occurring
Date Milestones Achieved	No	Date	Medium voltage networks automation completed	Date	Date when Medium voltage networks automation is completed	New indicator added	To track when the Medium voltage networks automation is completed. A key activity under EFOT	To track date when Medium voltage networks automation is completed
	No	Date	Outage manageme nt system in place	Date	Date when system for identifying and resolving outages is commissioned for use	New indicator added	To track when the outage management system is in place	To track date when Outage Management system, a key activity under EFOT is commissioned

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
Process Milestones Achieved	No	Process	Value of signed power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investments using 609(g) and compact funds.	New indicator added	Measures the value of power infrastructure contracts signed in US dollars	To provide an indication of the value of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
	No	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure using 609(g) and compact funds.	New indicator added		To track funds disbursed under the Access project infrastructure feasibility and design studies contracts signed.
	No	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure disbursed divided by the total current value of signed contracts.	New indicator added	Measures the percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	No	Process	Value of signed power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	US Dollars	The value of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	New indicator added	Measure the value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	To provide indication of the value of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
	No	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	US Dollars	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	New indicator added		To track funds disbursed under the Access project infrastructure feasibility and design studies contracts signed.
	No	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments disbursed divided	New indicator added		To track funds disbursed under the power infrastructure construction contracts signed

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
					by the total current value of all signed contracts.			
	No	Process	Temporary employmen t generated in power infrastructu re projects	Number	The number of people temporarily employed or contracted by MCA-contracted construction companies to work on construction of new power infrastructure or reconstruction, rehabilitation, or upgrading of existing power infrastructure.	New indicator added	A measure of Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects under the Compact	To track the number of temporary employment generated by energy infrastructure contracts under the Compact
	No	Process	Contract signed with ECG PSP Provider	Date	Date on which Contract signed with PSP Provider for ECG that is acceptable to both GOG and MCC	New indicator added	A measure of progress made on key milestones under the Compact	To track the date ECG PSP was signed which is a major milestone
		-			l and Operational T			
Reinvestme nt and maintenanc e in capital expenditure	No	Outcome	Capital Expenditur e (CAPEX)	US Dollars	Total value of new equipment installed in the distribution network	Indicator dropped	To provide an indication of how much investment in new equipment is made in NEDCo's to improve service quality.	It may be difficult to obtain reliable data on this indicator
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Distributio n system losses	Percentage	1 – [Total megawatt hours billed / Total megawatt hours received from transmission]	New indicator added	To measure improvements or otherwise of NEDCo's distribution system losses as a result of Compact interventions	New indicator included to track Distribution System Losses incurred by NEDCo
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Technical losses	Percentage	Estimated MWh of power dissipated in electricity system components such as distribution lines, transformers	New indicator added	To measure improvements or otherwise in NEDCo's technical losses, which constitute a loss of revenue and impacts on its financial performance	Indicator introduced to track improvements in technical losses
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Commercia 1 Losses	Percentage	Total distribution system losses minus distribution technical losses	New indicator added	To measure improvements or otherwise in NEDCo's commercial losses, which constitute a loss of revenue and impacts on its financial performance	Indicator introduced to track improvements in commercial losses
Distributio n system losses reduced	No	Outcome	Percentage of pre- payment customers	Percentage	Number of customers with pre-payment meters divided by Total number of customers with	New indicator added	A measure of the percentage of pre- payment customers	To track the percentage of customers with pre- paid meters. The prepaid meters contributes to

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
					legacy credit meters and with pre-payment meters in the NEDCo's Target Regions			reducing collection losses and the cost of collection, and thereby improving NEDCo's financial health
Outage response time improved	Yes	Outcome	System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)	Hours	Sum of durations, in customer- hours, of all customer interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter in the NEDCo's Target Regions	New indicator added	To measure the average outage duration for each NEDCo's customer. A reduction in SAIDI will improve NEDCo's service delivery and increase sales	To measure the average outage duration for each NEDCo's customer. A reduction in SAIDI will improve NEDCo's service delivery and increase sales
Unplanned outages and faults reduced	Yes	Outcome	System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)	Rate	Sum of customer- interruptions in a quarter / Total number of customers connected to network in the same quarter in the NEDCo's Target Regions.	New indicator added	To measure the average number of interruptions in electricity supply that each NEDCo's customers experiences. A reduction in SAIFI will improve ECG's service delivery and increase sales	To measure the average number of interruptions in electricity supply that each NEDCo's customers experiences. A reduction in SAIFI will improve ECG's service delivery and increase sales
Enhanced investment capacity		Outcome	Asset Turnover	Percentage	Gross sales divided by total assets	Dropped	A measure of how efficiently was the utility able to utilize its assets to generate sales	Definition altered to conform to the DQR recommendation and definition Baseline value was updated as 2015 data become available
Utility Financial Health improved	No	Outcome	Operating Profit (loss)	US Dollars	Operating revenue minus operating expenses	Dropped	It measures the difference between revenues and costs generated by NEDCo operations, before deducting interest, taxes, investment gains/losses and various non- recurring items	Baseline value was updated as 2015 data become available
	No	Outcome	Operating Cost recovery ratio	Percentage	Total revenue collected/Total Operation Cost	New indicator added	A measure of the NEDCo operating revenue to operating costs.	New indicator recommended by DQR consultant and included to track NEDCo's investment capacity and financial health
	No	Outcome	Average Collection Period	Days	365 Days * [(Beginning accounts receivables + ending accounts receivable) / 2) / Total sales]	New indicator added	A measure of the liquidity or financial security of NEDCo and the efficiency of revenue collection	New indicator included to track NEDCo's revenue collection efficiency
	No	Outcome	Debt Receivable s as a percentage of total sales	Percentage	Total value of accounts receivables over 6days/Total accounts receivable	New indicator added	Measure of NEDCo's financial losses due to bad debt	New indicator included to track the percentage of NEDCo's total sales that becomes bad debt

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
	No	Outcome	Total Electricity Sold	Mega Watts	The total megawatt hours of electricity sales to all customer types	New indicator added	Measure total electricity sold to customers by NEDCo's	New indicator recommended by DQR consultant and included to track megawatts of Electricity sold by NEDCo's
Timely payments made to sector entities	No	Outcome	Average payment period to power producers	Days	Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to power producers + ending accounts payables to power producers) / 2) /Power purchase cost during measurement period]	New indicator added	To measure the time it takes to pay power producers	Indicator included to gauge NEDCo's credit worthiness
	No	Outcome	Average payment period to Ghana Grid Company	Days	Duration in days of measurement period * [(Beginning accounts payables to GRIDCo + ending accounts payables to GRIDCo) / 2) /Total transmission charge payable to GRIDCO during the measurement period]	New indicator added	To measure the time it takes to pay GRIDCo	Indicator included to gauge NEDCo's credit worthiness
Reinvestme nt and maintenanc e in capital expenditure	No	Outcome	Ratio of actual Maintenanc e expenditure to the dollar value of total distribution assets	Percentage	Actual maintenance expenditures / Total value of distribution assets	<ul> <li>(1) Indicator name changed to: Maintenance expenditure-asset value ratio</li> <li>(2) Indicator definition changed to the following: Actual maintenance expenditures / Total value of fixed assets</li> <li>(3) Indicator baseline value changed from 0.6% in 2013 to 0.03% in 2015</li> </ul>	A measure of whether NEDCo's is able to continue providing services at the same level of performance when assets were acquired, and to maximize returns on investments.	Definition altered to conform with "Common indicator" name and definition Baseline value was updated as 2015 data become available
Technical losses reduced	No	Output	Kilometers of distribution lines upgraded or built	Kilometers	The sum of linear kilometers of new, reconstructed, rehabilitated, or upgraded distribution lines that have been energized, tested and commissioned with MCC support.	New indicator added	To measure of the sum of linear kilometers of lines upgraded or built under the Compact to improve network reliability in NEDCo's operational areas	New indicator included to track the sum of linear kilometers of lines upgraded or built under the Compact

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
Technical losses reduced	No	Output	Distributio n substation capacity added	Mega volt ampere	The total added substation capacity, measured in mega volt amperes that is energized, commissioned and accompanied by a test report and supervising engineer's certification resulting from new construction or refurbishment of existing substations supported by MCC.	New indicator added	Measure of Distribution substation capacity added to improve network reliability in NEDCo's operational areas	New indicator included to track Distribution substation capacity added
Process Milestones Achieved	No	Process	Value of signed power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investments using 609(g) and compact funds.	New indicator added	Measures the value of power infrastructure contracts signed in US dollars	To provide an indication of the value of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
	No	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure using 609(g) and compact funds.	New indicator added	Measure the value of disbursed power infrastructure construction contracts	To provide indication of the disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
	No	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure disbursed divided by the total current value of signed contracts.	New indicator added	Measures the percent disbursed of power infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	No	Process	Value of signed power infrastructu re	US Dollars	The value of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure	New indicator added	Measure the value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts	To provide indication of the value of signed power infrastructure construction contracts under the Compact

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
			constructio n contracts		investments using compact funds.			
	No	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	US Dollars	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	New indicator added	Measure the value of disbursed power infrastructure construction contracts	To provide indication of the value disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts under the Compact
	No	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments disbursed divided by the total current value of all signed contracts.	New indicator added	Measure the percent disbursed of power infrastructure construction contracts	To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure construction contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completing on target.
	No	Process	Temporary employmen t generated in power infrastructu re projects		Number	New indicator added	A measure of Temporary employment generated in power infrastructure projects under the Compact	To track the number of temporary employment generated by energy infrastructure contracts under the Compact
Cost reflective tariff	No	Outcome	Reg Cost recovery ratio	ulatory Streng Percentage	thening and Capac Tariff per kWh divided by average cost per kWh of electricity supplied to customers times 100	ty Building Project 1. Indicator name has been dropped and replaced by Cost-reflective tariff regime. 2. The definition has been modified as: Average Tariff per kilowatt-hour / Long-run marginal cost per kilowatt-hour of electricity supplied to customers	Measures utilities' ability to cover expenditures with revenues.	To assess whether tariffs keep pace with Long-run Marginal Cost (LRMC as the denominator may itself be computed only once via the Tariff Study).
Cost- reflective tariff	No	Outcome	Tariff plan in place	Date	Tariff Plan to guide the setting of tariffs by PURC in place	New Indicator		
Automatic tariff adjustment		Outcome	Tariff Adjustment on time	Date	Tariff adjusted on scheduled timeline	New indicator added	Measures ability to revise tariffs and adjust tariff schemes on schedule in other to cover costs with revenue	
Monitoring capacity of	No	Output	Number of training participants	Number	Number of participants from organizations in the energy sector that participated in training to build their capacity	New Indicator added	Measure the number of individuals benefiting directly from the program and allows us to track the inclusion of women in Ghana Power	

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
policy, planning and regulatory agencies strengthene d							Compact sponsored events.	
	No	Output	Number of organizatio ns trained	Number	Number of different organizations in the energy sector that sent individuals for training	Indicator dropped	The indicator was selected to measure the extent of contribution towards closing the skills gap within the organizations in the energy sector that need institutional capacity support from the Compact II program.	
	No	Output	Capacity needs assessment	Date	Capacity and needs assessments with regards to data quality, monitoring systems (data collection, analysis, reporting, quality control, and communications) on key performance metrics identified for the Compact and Partnership for Growth for listing in the Electricity Supply and Distribution (Technical and Operational) Rules (L.I. 1816, 2005).	New Indicator added	The capacity and needs assessments and its timeliness is important in assessing the success of building the capacity of institutions for Sector Performance Monitoring.	
Cost reflective tariff	No	Output	Partnership arrangemen ts	Date	A partnership arrangement with qualified organizations comprised of state, national or international regulatory practitioners and technical experts in place for EC and PURC.	Indicator dropped	Information sharing with regulators and experts through partnership activities will help identify best practices in regulation as well as areas for improvement within the PURC and EC regulatory structures	
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Value of signed Power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	USD	Access Project The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental contracts, including resettlement action plans, for Access Project infrastructure investments unde r the Access	Newly introduced indicator		To provide an indication of the level of financial commitment made to the MEEs and social institutions under the Access Project

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
					Project using 609(g) and compact funds			
	No	Process	Value disbursed of Power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	USD	The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental contracts, including resettlement action plans, for Access project infrastructure investments unde r the Access Project using 609(g) and compact funds	Newly introduced indicator		To provide indication of the value of Access Project infrastructure feasibility and design contracts signed under the Compact
	No	Process	Percent disbursed of Power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental contracts, including resettlement action plans, for Access Project infrastructure disbursed under the Access Project divided by the total value of all signed contracts.	Newly introduced indicator	As a proxy to give an indication of how close the project is to delivering (i) a design for bidding documents and (ii) for works to commence	To provide indication of how close the Access Project is to the completion of feasibility and design; and to the commencement of works and delivery of Project outputs
	No	Process	Value of signed Power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	USD	The value of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments using compact funds.	Newly introduced indicator		To provide indication of the value of Access Project infrastructure construction contracts signed under the Compact
	No	Process	Value disbursed of Power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	USD	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for Access project infrastructure investments using compact funds.			To track funds disbursed under the Access project infrastructure construction contracts signed.
	No	Process	Percent disbursed of Power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments disbursed divided by the total current value of all signed contracts.	Newly introduced indicator	As a proxy to give an indication of how close the project is in delivering its tangible product or output.	To track percentage of funds disbursed on power infrastructure contracts, to provide an indication of progress towards completion of of works.
	No	Process	Temporary employmen t generated in Power	Number	The number of people temporarily employed or contracted by	Newly introduced indicator	The Access project infrastructure construction projects will generate income,	To track the number of temporary jobs generated under the Access infrastructure contracts

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
			infrastructu re projects	Power Cener	MCA-contracted construction companies to work on construction of new power infrastructure or reconstruction, rehabilitation, or upgrading of existing power infrastructure.	rement Project	mostly for Ghanaians and between the gender divide	
Load	No	Outcome	Load shed	MWh	MWh of load	1) Indicator name	To measure extent	To make the indicator
shedding and outages reduced					shed from Transmission to Distribution during the year due to lack of available generation capacity	changed to: Total Systems Load Shed 2) The indicator definition modified as: Total megawatt- hours shed in a year. 3) Indicator baseline value changed from TBD in 2013 to 373,895 in (2015	and magnitude of generation shortfalls leading to planned outages	name more specific
	No	Outcome	Frequency of load shed	Number	Number of times in a year that load shedding occurred	1) Indicator definition changed to: Number of times that load shedding occurred in a quarter.	Measures the number of times in a quarter that load shedding occurred. As the enabling environment is created for IPPs to invest in generation, the amount of power installed plants could improve electricity situation to reduce frequency of load shedding and outages.	This is a recommendation from DQR Report (Vol. 1, p. 44) to change the frequency of reporting to quarter
	No	Outcome	Duration of load shed	Hours	Total duration in hours of load shed during the year	Indicator definition changed to: Total duration in hours of load shed in a quarter	Measures the total duration in hours of load shed during the year. Assumption is that, the amount of power installed plants could improve electricity situation to reduce load shedding and outages.	This is a recommendation from DQR Report (Vol. 1, p. 44) to change the frequency of reporting to quarter
	No	Outcome	Installed capacity	MW	Total amount of power installed plants can generate (capacity)	<ol> <li>Indicator name changed to installed generation capacity.</li> <li>Indicator definition changed to: Total generation capacity, in megawatts, installed plants can generate within the country.</li> </ol>	Measures the amount of power installed plants can generate. Assumption is that, the installed plants could improve electricity situation to reduce load shedding and outages.	Definition altered to conform to "Common indicator" name and definition. Baseline value was updated as 2014 data become available

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
						3.Indicator baseline value changed from 2,840 in 2013 to 2,831 in 2014		
	No	Outcome	Available generation capacity	MW	Total amount of energy available for transmission to the end users	New indicator added	Measures megawatts of power produced by plants that are actually in operation. This provides a better picture of whether or not actual power supply is improving, thus reduction in load shed and outages	Recommendation from DQR .They indicated it is a more realistic indicator for actual usable generation capacity available considering plant maintenance, fuel availability, etc.
On-grid renewable energy increased	No	Outcome	Share of on-grid renewable energy	Percentage	Installed capacity (in MW) of on- grid renewable energy (as defined in Renewable Energy Act, 2011 (Act 832)) as a percentage of installed capacity (in MW) of on- grid conventional capacity.	<ol> <li>Indicator name changed to: Share of renewable energy in the country.</li> <li>Baseline value changed from 0.01 to 0.11 in 2014</li> </ol>	The share of on- grid renewable energy is an indication of the level of diversification in power generation towards more sustainable sources	Definition altered to conform to "Common indicator" name and definition. Baseline value was updated as 2014 data become available
Off-grid and mini- grid renewable energy increased.	No	Outcome	Installed capacity	MW	Total number of MW installed capacity of off- grid and mini- grid renewables.	1.Indicator name changed to: Installed capacity (of renewable energy) 2.Baseline value changed from 0.8 to 3.8 in 2014	Measures the total number of MW installed capacity of off-grid and mini-grid renewables	Baseline value was updated with data from MoEn for 2014
New IPP generation committed	No	Outcome	IPP Generation committed	MW	Total generation capacity committed by IPPs at Financial Close	Indicator baseline value is given as 1800- 1900	Measures total generation capacity committed by new IPPs at Financial Close, and provides an indication of progress towards increasing power generation.	Baseline value was updated with data from EC for 2014
	No	Outcome	Number of IPPs that achieve financial close	Number	Number of IPPs that have secured financial agreement with financial institutions by satisfying all conditions or received a waiver, requisite documents fully executed, and draw-downs become permissible	New indicator added	Measures the number of IPP's that have secured financial agreement with financial institutions by satisfying all conditions or received a waiver, requisite documents fully executed, and draw-downs become permissible	New indicator included to track the number of IPPs that achieve financial close
Electricity supplied	No	Outcome	Total electricity supply	Megawatt hours	Total electricity, in megawatt hours, produced and/or imported in a year.	New indicator added	This is to gauge the quantity of power available to meet demand	New indicator included to measure the sum of gross electricity supplied during the year for all

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
								generating stations and imports
Quality of maintenanc e	No	Outcome	Power plant availability	Percentage	Unweighted average across all power plants of the following: total number of hours per quarter that a plant is able and available to produce electricity/Total number of hours in the same month	New indicator added	The objective of measuring availability is to gauge the quality of maintenance being carried out at the plant	Indicator introduce to measure the quality of maintenance being carried out at the plant
Capacity of energy sector organizatio ns enhanced	No	Output	Number of advisory service days provided	Number	Number of advisory service days provided by MiDA and third- parties under contract on gas sector structuring and policy determination	New indicator added	Indicator of advisory services to ensure future ability to reform and sustain the gas sector.	Indicator to track the number of advisory service provided
	No	Output	Number of training participants	Number	Number of participants from organizations in the energy sector that participated in training to build their capacity	New indicator added	Measure the number of individuals benefiting directly from the program and allows us to track the inclusion of women in Ghana Power Compact II sponsored events.	New indicator to track individuals benefiting directly from training sessions from the Compact program
					ency and Demand Si	-		L
Increased energy savings as a result of street lighting	Yes	Outcome	Energy savings from upgraded streetlights	MWh	<ul> <li>(1) Total MWh of energy saved due to new or upgraded street lighting in ECG Target Regions</li> <li>(2) Total kilowatt hours of energy saved due to new or upgraded street lighting in ECG Target Regions. Energy saved (kWh) = Energy consumption in kWh of existing lamps less new lamps</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The "result statement" and "indicator" name have been respectively revised as follows:         <ul> <li>Increased energy savings, and</li> <li>Energy savings from upgraded streetlights</li> </ul> </li> <li>The "unit of measure" has been changed from megawatt hours to kilowatt hours</li> </ol>	The street lighting activity will be relying heavily on the use of energy saving street lamps and appropriate infrastructure for adequate illumination to reduce the lighting load at peak.	<ul> <li>(1) It is preferable to have the cause of the outcome in the indicator name than in the result statement, which may be related to more than one indicator. For instance, increased energy savings may be caused by street lights activity as well as the standards and labels activity.</li> <li>(2) DQR recommendation</li> </ul>
Increased energy savings	Yes	Outcome	Energy savings from "race to retrofit/	kWh	Total kilowatts saved by the participating institutions in "race to retrofit"	Newly introduced indicator	The "race to retrofit" activity is targeted at eligible MMDAs to use more energy	Introduced to comprehensively measure the effect of all the EEDSM activities.

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
			renewables "				efficient appliances, which is expected to ultimately reduce power consumption	
Increased energy savings	Yes	Outcome	Energy savings from standards and labels	kWh	Total kilowatt hours of energy saved from the use of energy efficient appliances in place of high energy consuming appliances. Energy saved (kWh) = Energy consumption in kWh of existing appliances less new appliances, as measured by improved energy meters (i.e. data loggers)	Newly introduced indicator	To track over time the energy saved by the different energy efficient appliances with standards and labels developed as well as L.Is promulgated and enforced. Energy savings along each step of the process will be measured	Introduced to comprehensively measure the effect of all the EEDSM activities.
	Yes	Outcome	Percentage of appliances compliant with standards	Percentage of targeted electrical appliances tested at the points of entry that demonstrat e compliance with newly	Percentage of targeted electrical	Newly introduced indicator		
				promulgate				
Demand profile improved and growth rate reduced	Yes	Output	Number of products with standards developed and passed	d standards Number of products including electrical appliances with standards amended (for the existing standards) or promulgate d (for new standards) by Parliament of Ghana to facilitate mandatory compliance	Number of standards on electrical appliances developed, with legislative instruments (LIs) amended (for the existing standards) or promulgated (for new standards) by Parliament of Ghana to facilitate mandatory compliance	Newly introduced indicator	activity legislations on standards and labels for 17 new and 3 existing energy efficient appliances would be developed and upgraded respectively. This will involve several processes and institutions like EC, GSA, AG's Department and Parliament, thus will help track where challenges are in the process.	Promulgation of legislations on standards and labels can be very challenging and time- consuming since it will involve key institutions like AG's Department and Parliament, who the project has limited control over. Thus, it is necessary to measure to help identify which issues are slowing the process for timely resolution with the relevant Government of Ghana institution.
Demand profile improved and growth rate reduced	No	Output	Number of appliance test labs established	Number	Number of electrical appliance test labs constructed and commissioned/ functional	Newly introduced indicator	An AC Test Lab facility plus at most two additional Test Labs for other electrical appliances including electronics to be established.	A metric to track compliance at the points of entry will provide proxy indication of market penetration of the energy efficient appliances

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
Increased energy savings	No	Output	Number of institutions participatin g in "race to retrofit "	Number	Total number of institutions that benefit from Compact funds to implement the "race to retrofit/renewable s" Program	Newly introduced indicator	The number of institutions in the "race to retrofit/renewables " will provide an indication of the level of commitment among the MDAs and MMDAs to reduce power consumption, in addition to assessing the likely impact of the activity.	Indicator introduced to help estimate the amount of energy saved prior to actual energy savings measurement. Also for the purposes of accountability to MCC
Increased energy savings	No	Output	Number of buildings retrofitted	Number	Total number of buildings with electrical installations and equipment retrofitted in participating institutions	Newly introduced indicator		The number of facilities that undergo retrofits will confirm the level of commitments of the MMDAs to reduce power consumption, in addition to assessing the likely impact of the activity.
Increased energy savings	No	Output	Number of energy audits	Number	Total number of energy audits conducted by trainees	Newly introduced indicator		To help track the immediate outcome of the auditing training
Increased energy savings	No	Output	Number of people trained in energy auditing	Number	Number of people trained and certified in energy auditing	Newly introduced indicator	The adequacy of trained and certified local energy auditors is expected to contribute to successful implementation of energy efficiency programs.	This indicator was introduced to measure the availability of human resource in the area of energy auditing in- country.
Increased public information , Education and communica tion on energy use efficiency	No	Output	Number of Public education campaigns	Number	Number of public education campaigns organized via different media platforms to disseminate information on energy efficiency.	Newly introduced indicator	It is assumed other EE/DSM indicators to facilitate public and private patronage of energy efficient appliances and give indications of sustainability of results.	This indicator was introduced to track the dollar amount of grants awarded to qualified institutions for the purposes of accountability to MCC and Government of Ghana.
Increased public information , Education and communica tion on energy use efficiency	No	Output	Number of students reached	Number	Total number of students from pilot pre-tertiary institutions using the curriculum	Newly introduced indicator	Incorporating energy efficient practices in pre- tertiary institutions will inculcate such habits in the future generations and ensure sustainability, even if the older generation is unable to do so.	Indicator introduced to help assess the timeliness in efforts to incorporate energy efficiency in the curricula of pre- tertiary institutions.
Increased energy savings	No	Output	Number of energy saving streetlights	Number	Total number of energy saving bulbs/streetlights installed	Newly introduced indicator	With the introduction of more LED bulbs (and probably better technologies in the future) into the street lighting system, the load at	Indicator introduced to help estimate the energy savings to be realized from the construction of new or upgrade of existing street lamps with

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
							peak will be shaved.	more energy efficient ones.
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Value of signed power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	USD	The value of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure investments under EEDSM using 609 (g) and Compact funds.	Newly introduced indicator	To track the value of EEDSM infrastructure feasibility and design contracts	Indicator introduced to track the value of EEDSM infrastructure feasibility and design contracts for accountability purposes.
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	US Dollars	The amount disbursed of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure under EEDSM using 609(g) and compact funds.	Newly introduced indicator		To track funds disbursed under the EEDSM infrastructure feasibility and design studies contracts signed.
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructu re feasibility and design contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed feasibility, design, and environmental impact assessment contracts, including resettlement action plans, for power infrastructure under EEDSM disbursed divided by the total current value of signed contracts.	Newly introduced indicator	As a proxy to give an indication of how close the project is to delivering (i) a design for bidding documents and (ii) for works to commence	Indicator introduced as a proxy to give an indication of how close the project is in producing a deliverable – Feasibility Study reports and designs for preparation of bidding documents.
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Value of signed power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	USD	The value of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments under EEDSM using Compact funds.	Newly introduced indicator	To track the value of DSM infrastructure construction contracts	Indicator introduced to track the value of DSM infrastructure construction contracts for accountability purposes.
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Value disbursed of power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	USD	The amount disbursed of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure	Newly introduced indicator		To track funds disbursed under the EEDSM infrastructure construction (works) contract signed.

Result Statement	ERR linked	Level	Indicator	Unit	Definition	Modification	Original Assumptions & Rationale	Justification for Change
					investments under EEDSM using compact funds.			
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Percent disbursed of power infrastructu re constructio n contracts	Percentage	The total amount of all signed construction contracts for power infrastructure investments under EEDSM disbursed divided by the total current value of all signed contracts.	Newly introduced indicator	As a proxy to give an indication of how close the project is in delivering its tangible product or output.	Indicator introduced as a proxy to give an indication of how close the project is in delivering a tangible product or output, which at times may take some time to achieve.
Process milestones achieved	No	Process	Temporary employmen t generated in power infrastructu re projects	Number	The number of people temporarily employed or contracted by MCA-contracted construction companies to work on construction of new power infrastructure or reconstruction, rehabilitation, or upgrading of existing power infrastructure under EEDSM.	Newly introduced indicator	It is assumed that the DSM infrastructure construction projects will generate income, mostly for Ghanaians and between the gender divide	Indicator introduced to track the number of people, especially Ghanaians, who have gained employment under the DSM infrastructure projects. That is to measure the extent of job creation by the Compact.

## **M&E PLAN MODIFICATIONS – OCTOBER 2018 APPROVAL**

## **OBJECTIVE-LEVEL INDICATORS**

ECG Custome	rs – Global					
Project:	Program Object	ive-level				
Activity:	N/A					
Sub-Activity:	N/A					
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modification				
		Previous	Revised			
		2,953,975 (2014)	2,921,405 (2016)			
	Justification:	New Baseline information obtained				
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12 month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. the tim of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).				
ECG Custome	rs – Residential					
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modification				
		Previous	Revised			
		2,554,580 (2014)	2,398,823 (2016)			
	Justification:	New Baseline information ob	tained			
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12 month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).				
ECG Custome	rs – Commercial					
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modification				
		Previous	Revised			
		397,428 (2014)	521,221 (2016)			
	Justification:	New Baseline information ob	tained			
	Justification Description:		The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12 month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. th			
ECG Custome	rs – Industrial					
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modification				
		Previous	Revised			
		1,967 (2014)	1,361 (2016)			
	Justification:	New Baseline information ob	tained			
	Justification Description:		n revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12 rt of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. th			

NEDCo Custon	NEDCo Customers				
Project:	Program Objective-level				
Activity:	N/A				
Sub-Activity:	N/A				
	·				

	Change Description:	Baseline Modification (NEDCo-wide)					
	Change	Previous	Revised				
Aug-2018	Change	698,353 (2015)	741,882 (2016)				
Aug-2010	Justification	New Baseline information obtained					
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to 1 12-month period prior to the start of Project time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).					
	Change Description:	Baseline Modification (Residential)					
		Previous	Revised				
	Change	567,628 (2015)	618,279 (2016)				
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline information obtained					
	Change Description:		The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).				
	Change Description:	Baseline Modification (Commercial)					
	Change	Previous	Revised				
	Change	130,676 (2015)	123,546 (2016)				
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline information obtained					
	Change Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).					
	Change Description:	Baseline Modification (Industrial)					
		Previous	Revised				
	Change	49 (2015)	57 (2016)				
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline information obtained					
	Change Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator durin 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i. time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).					

## ECG FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL TURNAROUND PROJECT

Distribution Sy										
Aug-2018	Change Description:		of Reporting							
		Previous			Revised					
		Annual			Quarterly					
	Justification:	-	1 0 1	-	nnual to "Quart	-				
	Justification Description:	Data on the Indicator can be obtained from ECG on quarterly basis								
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline N	Iodification							
			Previous		Revised					
			22.27 (2015	,		23.74 (201	.6)			
	Justification:		New Baseline information obtained							
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline using year 2015 data has been revised to data for year 2016, close to Entry-into-Force (EIF)								
Distribution Sy	vstem Losses –Accra	East & Wes	t							
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline N	Iodification							
		Previous			Revised					
			33.76 (2015)		28.40 (2016)					
	Justification:	New Baseline information obtained The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during th								
	Justification Description:	12-month	period prior to		ject implementa		ndicator during the mber 2016 (i.e. the			
Aug-2018	Change	Target Mo	dification							
	Description:	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Common			
		rear 1	27.6	26.4	25.1	23.0	End of Compace 23.0			
	Revised Targets	33.76	32.75	20.4 31.44	25.1	23.0	23.0			
	Previous Targets			51.44	29.87	27.54	27.54			
	Justification: Justification Description:	The Basel correspond	ine year has b ling modificati	ions to Targets	Change in Baseline The Baseline year has been revised from Year 2015 to Year 2016 and this requir corresponding modifications to Targets. The revised Targets are based on the same					
					Torgata					
Percentage of	pre-payment custome			sed for the prev	vious Targets.					
Percentage of J Aug-2018	pre-payment custome Change Description:		ervice Area	sed for the prev	vious Targets.					
		ers – ECG Se	ervice Area	sed for the prev	vious Targets.	Revised				
	Change	ers – ECG Se	odification	sed for the prev	vious Targets.	Revised 45.62 (201				
	Change	ers –ECG Se Baseline N	Intervice Area Intervice Area Intervice Area Intervice Area		vious Targets.					
	Change Description: Justification: Justification	ers –ECG Se Baseline N New Basel	rvice Area lodification Previous TBD ine informatior	n obtained	vious Targets.	45.62 (201				
Aug-2018	Change Description: Justification:	Prs –ECG Se Baseline M New Basel The TBD h	rvice Area lodification Previous TBD ine information as been revised	n obtained d to show result		45.62 (201				
Aug-2018	Change Description: Justification: Justification Description:	Prs –ECG Se Baseline M New Basel The TBD h	rvice Area Iodification Previous TBD ine information as been revised	n obtained d to show result		45.62 (201				
Aug-2018 Percentage of	Change Description: Justification: Justification Description: pre-payment custome Change	Prs –ECG Se Baseline M New Basel The TBD h Prs –ECG R	rvice Area Iodification Previous TBD ine information as been revised	n obtained d to show result		45.62 (201	.6)			
Aug-2018 Percentage of	Change Description: Justification: Justification Description: pre-payment custome Change	Prs –ECG Se Baseline M New Basel The TBD h Prs –ECG R	Intervice Area Intervice Area Intervice Interv	n obtained d to show result		45.62 (20)	6)			
Aug-2018 Percentage of	Change Description: Justification: Justification Description: pre-payment custome Change	Prs –ECG Se Baseline M New Basel The TBD h Prs –ECG Ra Baseline M	rvice Area Iodification Previous TBD ine information as been revised esidential Tarij Iodification Previous	n obtained d to show result ff Class		45.62 (201 5. Revised				

Percentage of p							
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modific					
		P	revious			Revised	đ
			TBD			61.05 (20	16)
	Justification:	New Baseline int	formation ob	tained			
	Justification	The TBD has been	en revised to	show results	for Year 201	5.	
	Description:						
Percentage of p	pre-payment custon	iers –Accra East					
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modific	cation				
	<b>1</b>	Previous			Revised		
		62.29 (2014)			53.61 (2016)		
	Justification:	New Baseline in	formation ob		~ /		
	Justification	The original Base			flect the statu	is of the Indi	cator during the 1
	Description:	month period prio					
	-	of Entry-into-For	rce of the Co	mpact).	-	-	
Percentage of p	pre-payment custon	iers –Accra West					
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modific	cation				
	<b>I I I I</b>	Previous		I	Revised		
		89.49 (2014)		8	7.44 (2016)		
	Justification:	New Baseline int	formation ob				
	Instification	The original Base	eline has bee	n revised to r	flect the statu	is of the Indi	cator during the 1
	Justification Description:						
	Justification Description:		or to the start	of Project im			
System Averag		month period prio of Entry-into-For	or to the start rce of the Co	of Project im			
Activity:	Description: <i>e Interruption Dure</i> Outage Reductio	month period prio of Entry-into-Fon ation Index (SAID)	or to the start rce of the Co	of Project im			
Activity:	Description: e Interruption Duro	month period prio of Entry-into-Fon ation Index (SAID)	or to the start rce of the Co	of Project im			
Activity:	Description: <i>e Interruption Dure</i> Outage Reductio	month period prid of Entry-into-For <i>ation Index (SAID)</i>	or to the start rce of the Co ()	of Project im			
Activity:	Description: <i>e Interruption Dure</i> Outage Reductio	month period prid of Entry-into-For <i>ution Index (SAIDI</i> n	or to the start rce of the Co ()	of Project im			
Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: e Interruption Dura Outage Reductio N/A	month period prid of Entry-into-For <i>ution Index (SAIDI</i> n	or to the start rce of the Co ()	of Project im			r 2016 (i.e. the tin
Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: e Interruption Dura Outage Reductio N/A	month period prid of Entry-into-For <i>ation Index (SAIDI</i> n ion: Baseline M	or to the start rce of the Co () lodification	of Project im mpact).		in Septembe	r 2016 (i.e. the tin
Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: e Interruption Dura Outage Reductio N/A	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous	of Project im mpact).		in Septembe	r 2016 (i.e. the tin
Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description         Justification:	month period prio of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M 1 New Baseli	or to the start rce of the Co y lodification Previous 185.48 (2015 ine informati	of Project im mpact).	plementation	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d 016)
Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: e Interruption Dura Outage Reductio N/A Change Descripti	month period prid of Entry-into-For <i>ution Index (SAIDI</i> n ion: Baseline M 1 New Baseli The origina	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous 185.48 (2015 ine informati al Baseline us	of Project im mpact).	plementation	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20	
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification	month period prid of Entry-into-For <i>ution Index (SAIDI</i> n ion: Baseline M I New Baseli The origina to reflect th	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous 185.48 (2015 ine informati al Baseline us te situation a	of Project im mpact).	plementation 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification         Description:	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Distribution ion: Baseline M ion: Index (SAID)	or to the start rce of the Co () lodification Previous 85.48 (2015 ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed	of Project im mpact).	plementation 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description         Justification:         Justification         Description:         e Interruption Dura	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: District Content ion: District Content	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous (85.48 (2015) ine information al Baseline using the situation a () – Accra Ed (odification	of Project im mpact).	plementation 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d 016) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description         Justification:         Justification         Description:         e Interruption Dura	month period prie of Entry-into-For <i>ation Index (SAIDI</i> n ion: Baseline M I New Baseline The origina to reflect th <i>ation Index (SAIDI</i> ion: Baseline M	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous 185.48 (2015 ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed Iodification Previous	of Project im mpact).	plementation 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d 016) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ation Index (SAID) ion: Baseline M	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous (85.48 (2015) ine information al Baseline using the situation a () – Accra Ed (odification Previous (29.16 (2015))	of Project im mpact).	plementation 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d 016) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:	month period prie of Entry-into-For <i>ution Index (SAIDI</i> n ion: Baseline M In New Baseli The origina to reflect th <i>ution Index (SAIDI</i> ion: Baseline M In In In In In In In In In In In In In	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous 185.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed Iodification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati	on obtained and the formula of the f	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF)	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d d 016) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:	month period prie of Entry-into-For <i>ation Index (SAIDI</i> n ion: Baseline M In New Baseli The origina to reflect th <i>ation Index (SAIDI</i> ion: Baseline M In In In In In In In In In In In In In	or to the start rce of the Co () lodification Previous 185.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us to situation a () – Accra Ed lodification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us	of Project im impact). () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF) 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d d 016) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:	month period prie of Entry-into-For <i>ation Index (SAIDI</i> n ion: Baseline M In New Baseli The origina to reflect th <i>ation Index (SAIDI</i> ion: Baseline M In In In In In In In In In In In In In	or to the start rce of the Co () lodification Previous 185.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us to situation a () – Accra Ed lodification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us	on obtained and the formula of the f	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF) 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d d 016) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ation Index (SAID) ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: The origina to reflect th	or to the start rce of the Co () lodification Previous 185.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed lodification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a	of Project im impact). () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF) 5 data has bee	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d 016) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Target Moo	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous (85.48 (2015) ine information al Baseline using to a situation a () – Accra Ed (odification Previous (29.16 (2015)) ine information al Baseline using ine situation a dification	of Project im mpact). () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF) 5 data has bee force (EIF)	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20 en revised to	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d d 016) data for year 201 16) data for year 201
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Change Description:         Change Description:	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ation Index (SAID) ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: The origina to reflect th	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous 85.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed Iodification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a dification Year 2	of Project im impact). (on obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F <i>sst</i> (on obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F Sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF) 5 data has bee force (EIF) 7 Year 4	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20 en revised to Year 5	r 2016 (i.e. the tin d d D16) data for year 201 data for year 201 data for year 201 End of Compac
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Use Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Change Description:         Use Interruption Dura         Change Description:         Revised Targets	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: The origina to reflect th ion: Target Moo Year 1	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous (85.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed Iodification Previous (29.16 (2015)) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a dification Year 2 145	of Project im impact). impact). impact). impact). impact i impact i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF) 5 data has bee force (EIF) Year 4 116	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20 en revised to Year 5 116	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d d D16) data for year 201 data for year 201 data for year 201 End of Compac 116
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         E Change Description:         Generation:         Justification:         Justification:         Generation:         Change Description:         Revised Targets         Previous Targets	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Target Mod Year 1 ion: Target Mod	or to the start rce of the Co () lodification Previous 85.48 (2015 ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed todification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a dification Year 2 145 129.16	of Project im impact). (on obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F <i>sst</i> (on obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F Sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F	plementation 5 data has bee force (EIF) 5 data has bee force (EIF) 7 Year 4	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20 en revised to Year 5	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d d D16) data for year 201 data for year 201 data for year 201 End of Compa
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reductio         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification         Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         g Change Description:         g Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Justification:         Grange Description:         Change Description:         End Description:         Use Description:         Description:         Use Description:         Description:         Description:         Description:         Description:         Description:         Description:         Description:         Description:         Descriptio	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: The origina to reflect th ion: Target Moo Year 1 ion: Year 1 ion: 129.16 Change in I	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous 85.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us te situation a () – Accra Ed Iodification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us te situation a dification Year 2 145 129.16 Baseline	of Project im impact). impact). in obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F st ion obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F Year 3 130 116.24	plementation 5 data has bee orce (EIF) 5 data has bee orce (EIF) Year 4 116 103.33	in Septembe Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20 en revised to Year 5 116 103.33	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d d D16) data for year 201 data for year 201 data for year 201 End of Compac 116 103.33
Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018 System Averag Aug-2018	Description:         e Interruption Dura         Outage Reduction         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         e Interruption Dura         Change Description:         E Change Description:         Generation:         Justification:         Justification:         Generation:         Change Description:         Revised Targets         Previous Targets	month period prie of Entry-into-For ation Index (SAID) n ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Mew Baseli The origina to reflect th ation Index (SAID) ion: Baseline M ion: Baseline M ion: Target Moo Year 1 ion: Target Moo Year 1 ion: Assumes a	or to the start rce of the Co () Iodification Previous (85.48 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a () – Accra Ed (odification Previous 29.16 (2015) ine informati al Baseline us the situation a dification Year 2 145 129.16 Baseline 10% reducti	of Project im impact). ) on obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F st on obtained sing Year 201 t Entry-into-F Year 3 130 116.24 ion over the I	plementation 5 data has bee orce (EIF) 5 data has bee orce (EIF) Year 4 116 103.33	Revised 121.66 (20 en revised to Revised 144.57 (20 en revised to Year 5 116 103.33 ear 3 and a 2	r 2016 (i.e. the tir d d D16) data for year 201 data for year 201 data for year 201 End of Compac 116 103.33 20% reduction ov

System Average	e Interruption Duration	Index (SAID)	I) – Accra V	Vest			
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline N	Iodification				
			Previous			Rev	vised
			256.25 (201	5)		186.46	6 (2016)
	Justification:	New Basel	ine informat	ion obtained	•		
	Justification						f the Indicator during
	Description:						on in September 2016
		(1.e. the tin	ne of Entry-1	nto-Force of	the Compact	t).	
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target Mo	dification				
8	Change Description.	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact
	Revised Targets		186.46	167.81	149.15	149.15	149.15
	Previous Targets	256.25	256.25	230.62	205.00	205.00	205.00
	Justification:	Change in		230.02	200.00	200.00	203.00
	Justification			tion over the	Baseline in	Year 3 and	a 20% reduction over
	Description:				is was applie		
System Average	e Interruption Frequency	Index (SAI)	FI)				
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline N	Iodification				
			Previous			Revi	sed
			84.54 (2015	)		84.04 (	2016)
	Justification:	New Basel	ine informat	ion obtained	1		
	Justification						of the Indicator during
	Description:						on in September 2016
Sustam Auguag	e Interruption Frequency				the Compact	t).	
Aug-2018	Change Description:		Iodification	Lasi			
Aug-2018	Change Description.	Dasenne w	Previous		T	Revi	and
				<u> </u>			
	T .: C .:		42.09 (2015	·		50.46 (	2016)
	Justification:			ion obtained			
	Justification Description:						of the Indicator during on in September 2016
	Description.				the Compact		on in September 2010
					· · · · <b>·</b>	. / .	
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target Mo	dification				
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact
	Revised Targets	1	51	45	40	40	40
	Previous Targets	42.09	42.09	37.88	33.67	33.67	33.67
	Justification:	Change in	Baseline		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1
	Justification	-		es a 10% rec	luction over	the Baseline	e in Year 3 and a 20%
	Description:						to the new Baseline.

System Average	e Interruption Frequency	Index (SAIF	I) – Accra	West			
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline M	odification				
		-	Previous			Re	vised
		104	4.91 (2015)	)		75.13	(2016)
	Justification:	New Baselin	ne informat	tion obtaine	ed		
	Justification						s of the Indicator durin
	Description:						tation in September 201
		(i.e. the time	e of Entry-i	nto-Force of	of the Com	pact).	
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target Mo	dification				
Aug-2018	Change Description.	Year 1	Year 2	Year	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact
		I cal I	Teal 2	3	Teal 4	Teal 5	End of Compact
	Revised Targets		75	68	60	60	60
	Previous Targets	104.91	104.91	98.91	93.92	93.92	93.92
	Justification:	Change of	Baseline				
	Justification	-		nes a 10% i	reduction o	ver the Base	line in Year 3 and a 209
	Description:	reduction of	over the Bas	seline in Ye	ears 4&5. T	'his was appl	ied to the new Baseline
Operating Cost	- Recovery Ratio						
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline M	Iodification	l			
			Previous			Rev	vised
		8	1% (2014)			93%	(2015)
	Justification:	New Basel	ine informa	ation obtain	ed		
	Justification	The origina	al Baseline	using Year	2014 data h	as been revi	sed to data for Year 201
	Description:						
Average Collec			11.01				
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline M					
			Previous				vised
		16	8.71 (2014	)		244.19	9 (2015)
	Justification:	New Baseli	ine informa	tion obtain	ed		
	Justification	The origina	l Baseline 1	using Year	2014 data h	as been revis	ed to data for Year 201:
	Description:						
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target Mod					
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact
	Revised Targets		228	171	122	60	60
	Previous Targets	163.27	157.84	125.23	92.00	60.00	60.00
	Justification:	Change of					
	Justification						ar 2; 30% reduction over
	Description:	reduction o				er the Baseli	ine in Year 4; and 759
Maintenance e	xpenditure – asset value r		ver the bas	senne in the	e Tear 5.		
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline N	Indification	1			
1105 2010	Shange Description.		Previous	-		Re	vised
			1.3 (2014)				(2015)
			ine information	ation shain	l	1.20	(2013)
	Instituation						
	Justification: Justification					has have not	sed to show data for Yea

Average Payme	nt Period to Power Produ	cers						
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline	Modificatior	I				
			Previous			Revi	sed	
			276.59 (2014	4)		381.82	(2015)	
	Justification:	New Base	eline informa	ation obtair	ned			
	Justification	The origi	nal Baseline	using Year	2014 data has	been revised	l to data for Yea	r 201
	Description:			-				
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target M	Iodification					
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Con	npact
	Revised Targets		260	191	122	45	45	
	Previous Targets	235.1	188.08	150.46	90.28	45.14	45.14	
	Justification:	Change	of Baseline					
	Justification	The origi	inal Targets h	nave been r	evised to refle	ct changes ir	Baseline value	s fro
	Description:	2014 to 2				U		
Average Payme	nt Period to Ghana Grid (	Company						
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline	Modification	n				
			Previous			Revis	sed	
			208.53 (2014	4)		316.35	(2015)	
	Justification:	New Bas	eline inform	ation obtai	ned			
	Justification Description:	The origi	inal Baseline	using year	2014 data has	been revised	l to data for year	201
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target M	Iodification					_
C		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Com	pact
	Revised Targets		228	165	108	45	45	
	Previous Targets	187.68	150.14	120.11	84.08	46.24	46.24	
	Justification:		of Baseline	120.11	04.00	40.24	40.24	
	Justification	U		ave heen r	evised to refle	ct changes ir	Baseline value	s fro
	Description:	2014 to 2				et entanges n	Dasenne varue.	3 11 01
Number of Bull	k Supply Points							
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target M	Iodification					
-		Year 1	Year	2 Yea	ar 3 Year	4 Year	5 End	of
							Comp	act
	Revised Targets				1	1	1	
	Previous Targets				2	2	2	
	Justification:	Provision	n of Targets		·			
	Justification						ution and transm	
	Description:		apply; as a r	esult there	are not enoug	gh funds for	a second bulk s	supp
		point.						

## NEDCO FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL TURNAROUND PROJECT

	tem Losses						
Project:	NEDCo Financial and	Operational Tur	naround Projec	ct			
Activity:	Technical Loss Reduction	ion					
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:	Baseline Mod	ification (NE	DCo -Wide	)		
		Pro	evious		]	Revised	
	Change	23.1% (2015)		25.2%	6 (2016)		
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline	information of	btained			
	Change Description:	The original B the 12-month 2016 (i.e. the t	period prior to	o the start o	f Project imp	lementation	
	Change Description:	Target Modif	ication (NFD	Co-wide)			
	Change Description.	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact
	<b>Revised Targets</b>	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	23.2%	23.2%
Aug-2018	Previous Targets	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	Justification:	Provision of T	argets				
	Justification Description:	The Year 5 / E Year 5 Target reduction is ba and Year 5 fig	is a 7.83 % ased on what	reduction or was in the l	ver the Basel Investment M	ine figure o lemo (whic	of 25.2%. Th
	Change Description:	Baseline Mod	ification (Ta	male Statio	<b>n</b> )		
	Change Description.	Dasenne Wiou	Previous	male Statio	ll) 	Revised	
	Change:	20.70/ (2015)	Trevious		25.10/ (201		
Aug-2018	Justification Description:	29.7% (2015) New Baseline	information of	btained	35.1% (201	6)	
Aug-2018	Justification Description: Change Description:	. , ,	Baseline has b	een revised	to show the	results for	
Aug-2018	Description:	New Baseline The original I	Baseline has b September 20	been revised 16, to reflec	to show the the situation	results for	
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description:	New Baseline The original I period ending	Baseline has b September 20	been revised 16, to reflec	to show the the situation	results for	
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description:	New Baseline The original I period ending Target Modif	Baseline has b September 20 ication (Tama	been revised 16, to reflec ale Station)	to show the t the situation	results for at Compac	ETEIF.
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change Description Revised Targets Previous Targets	New Baseline The original I period ending Target Modif	Baseline has b September 20 ication (Tama Year 2	een revised 16, to reflec ale Station) Year 3	to show the t the situation Year 4	results for at Compace Year 5	t EIF. End of Compact
Aug-2018	Description:         Change Description:         Change Description         Revised Targets	New Baseline The original I period ending <b>Target Modif</b> Year 1 TBD Provision of T	Baseline has b September 20 ication (Tama Year 2 TBD TBD argets	een revised 16, to reflec ale Station) Year 3 TBD TBD	to show the t the situation Year 4 TBD TBD	Year 5 33.1% TBD	End of Compact 33.1% TBD
Aug-2018 Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change Description Revised Targets Previous Targets	New Baseline The original I period ending Target Modif Year 1 TBD	Baseline has b September 20 ication (Tam: Year 2 TBD TBD argets End of Compa 6. The revised 5.1%, for 201 ty Study Repo duction of 259 nvestment Me Draft FSR, an pility Study C It. It is assume	een revised 16, to reflec ale Station) Year 3 TBD TBD ct Target ha 1 Target is b 6). This rat ort (FSR) ra %) because emo, which ad what was consultant n d that the Fin	to show the t the situation Year 4 TBD TBD as been change based on 5.6% e of reduction ther than the there is a lar was prepared reported in th nade a very s	Year 5 33.1% TBD ed from TH or reduction n is based of Investment ge difference on the basi e Final FSR ignificant r	End of Compact 33.1% TBD BD to the 202 on the revise on the NEDC Memo (which ce between th s of the result this suggest revision to this
	Description: Change Description: Change Description Revised Targets Previous Targets Justification: Justification Description:	New Baseline The original I period ending <b>Target Modif</b> Year 1 TBD Provision of T The Year 5 / I result of 33.19 Baseline (of 3 Final Feasibili estimates a rearesults in the I reported in the that the Feasi particular resu assessment tha	Baseline has b September 20 ication (Tama Year 2 TBD TBD argets End of Compa 6. The revised 5.1%, for 201 ty Study Repo duction of 25% nvestment Me Draft FSR, an pility Study C It. It is assume in the Draft Re	een revised 16, to reflec ale Station) Year 3 TBD TBD ct Target ha 1 Target is b 6). This rat ort (FSR) ra %) because emo, which ad what was consultant n d that the Fin	to show the t the situation Year 4 TBD TBD as been change based on 5.6% e of reduction ther than the there is a lar was prepared reported in th nade a very s	Year 5 33.1% TBD ed from TH or reduction n is based of Investment ge difference on the basi e Final FSR ignificant r	ETTELES End of Compact 33.1% TBD BD to the 202 on the revise on the NEDC Memo (which ce between the s of the result this sugges revision to the
	Description: Change Description: Change Description Change Description Revised Targets Previous Targets Justification: Justification	New Baseline The original I period ending <b>Target Modif</b> Year 1 TBD Provision of T The Year 5 / I result of 33.19 Baseline (of 3 Final Feasibili estimates a re- results in the I reported in the that the Feasi particular resu assessment tha <b>Frequency of</b>	Baseline has b September 20 ication (Tama Year 2 TBD TBD argets End of Compa 6. The revised 5.1%, for 201 ty Study Repo duction of 25% nvestment Me Draft FSR, an pility Study C It. It is assume in the Draft Re	een revised 16, to reflec ale Station) Year 3 TBD TBD ct Target ha 1 Target is b 6). This rat ort (FSR) ra %) because emo, which d what was consultant m d that the Fin eport.	to show the t the situation Year 4 TBD TBD as been change based on 5.6% e of reduction ther than the there is a lar was prepared reported in th nade a very s	Year 5 33.1% TBD ed from TH or reduction n is based of Investment ge difference on the basi e Final FSR ignificant r	End of Compact 33.1% TBD BD to the 202 on the revise on the NEDC Memo (which ce between the s of the result this suggest revision to the
	Description: Change Description: Change Description Revised Targets Previous Targets Justification: Justification Description:	New Baseline The original I period ending <b>Target Modif</b> Year 1 TBD Provision of T The Year 5 / I result of 33.19 Baseline (of 3 Final Feasibili estimates a rearesults in the I reported in the that the Feasi particular resu assessment tha	Baseline has b September 20 ication (Tama Year 2 TBD TBD argets End of Compa 6. The revised 5.1%, for 201 ty Study Repo duction of 25% nvestment Me Draft FSR, an pility Study C It. It is assume in the Draft Re	een revised 16, to reflec ale Station) Year 3 TBD TBD ct Target ha 1 Target is b 6). This rat ort (FSR) ra %) because emo, which ad what was consultant n d that the Fin	to show the t the situation Year 4 TBD TBD as been change based on 5.6% e of reduction ther than the there is a lar was prepared reported in th nade a very s nal Report will	Year 5 33.1% TBD ed from TH or reduction n is based of Investment ge difference on the basi e Final FSR ignificant r	End of Compact 33.1% TBD BD to the 202 on the revise on the NEDC Memo (which ce between the s of the result this suggest revision to the

	Justification Description:	However, it		d during imp	lementation	that data co	n annual basis. uld be obtained
Technical Losse	?\$						
Project:	NEDCo Financial and	Operational Tu	Irnaround Proj	ect			
Activity:	Technical Loss Reduct						
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:	Baseline M	odification (N	EDCo-Wide	)		
		Previous		Revis	sed		
	Change	12.1% (2015	5)	13.23	3% (2016)		
Aug-2018	Justification Description:	New Baselir	ne information	obtained			
	Change Description:	U	Baseline has				r the 12-mont ct EIF.
	Change Description:	Target Mod	ification (NE	DCo-wide)			
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of
							Compact
	Revised Targets	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	12.68%	12.68%
Aug-2018	Previous Targets	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	Justification:		-				
	Justification	<ul> <li>Provision of Targets</li> <li>The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 12.68 This is a 4.13 % reduction over the Baseline figure of 13.23%. This reduction based on what was in the Investment Memo (which had Baseline and Ye</li> </ul>					BD to 12.68%
	Description:	based on wh		Investment M	Memo (whice		
	Description:	based on wh figures of 12	at was in the .1% and 11.6%	Investment N 6 respectively	Memo (whice y).		
		based on wh figures of 12 <b>Baseline Mo</b>	at was in the	Investment N 6 respectively	Memo (whic y). n)		
	Description:	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous	at was in the .1% and 11.6%	Investment N 6 respectively	Memo (whic γ). n) sed	ch had Basel	ine and Year
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change: Justification	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0	at was in the .1% and 11.6%	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revis	Memo (whic γ). n) sed		ine and Year
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change:	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0 New Baselin The original the 12-mont	at was in the .1% and 11.6% odification (T: 6% (2015) e information Baseline has b	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revis obtained een revised to to the start of	Memo (which y). n) sed 18 preflect the solution of Project in	ch had Basel 3.43% (2016) status of the I nplementatio	ine and Year :
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change: Justification Description: Change Description:	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0 New Baselin The original the 12-montl 2016 (i.e. the	at was in the .1% and 11.69 odification (Ta 6% (2015) e information Baseline has b h period prior e time of Entry	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revise obtained een revised to to the start of r-into-Force of	Memo (which y). n) sed 18 o reflect the soft Project in f the Comp	ch had Basel 3.43% (2016) status of the I nplementatio	ine and Year
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change: Justification Description:	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0 New Baselin The original the 12-montl 2016 (i.e. the	at was in the .1% and 11.6% odification (Ta 6% (2015) e information Baseline has b h period prior	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revise obtained een revised to to the start of r-into-Force of	Memo (which y). n) sed 18 o reflect the soft Project in f the Comp	ch had Basel 3.43% (2016) status of the I nplementatio	ine and Year
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change: Justification Description: Change Description: Change Description	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0 New Baselin The original the 12-montl 2016 (i.e. the	at was in the .1% and 11.69 dification (Ta 6% (2015) e information Baseline has b h period prior e time of Entry ification (Tar Year 2	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revise obtained een revised to to the start of -into-Force of male Station) Year 3	Memo (which y). n) sed 18 o reflect the s of Project in f the Comps Year 4	ch had Basel 3.43% (2016) status of the I nplementation act). Year 5	ine and Year indicator durin n in Septembe End of Compact
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change: Justification Description: Change Description: Change Description	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0 New Baselin The original the 12-montl 2016 (i.e. the Target Mod Year 1	at was in the .1% and 11.69 odification (Ta 6% (2015) e information Baseline has b h period prior e time of Entry ification (Tar Year 2 TBD	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revise obtained een revised to to the start of r-into-Force of male Station) Year 3 TBD	Memo (which y). n) sed 18 o reflect the second of Project in f the Compo Year 4 TBD	ch had Basel 3.43% (2016) status of the I nplementatio act). Year 5 17.9%	ine and Year indicator durin n in Septembe End of Compact 17.9 %
	Description: Change Description: Change: Justification Description: Change Description: Change Description Change Description Revised Targets Previous Targets	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0 New Baselin The original the 12-month 2016 (i.e. the Target Mod Year 1 TBD	at was in the .1% and 11.69 dification (Ta 6% (2015) e information Baseline has b h period prior e time of Entry ification (Tar Year 2 TBD TBD	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revise obtained een revised to to the start of -into-Force of male Station) Year 3	Memo (which y). n) sed 18 o reflect the s of Project in f the Comps Year 4	ch had Basel 3.43% (2016) status of the I nplementation act). Year 5	ine and Year indicator durin n in Septembe End of Compact
Aug-2018	Description: Change Description: Change: Justification Description: Change Description: Change Description	based on wh figures of 12 Baseline Mo Previous 15.0 New Baselin The original the 12-montl 2016 (i.e. the Target Mod Year 1 TBD Provision of	at was in the .1% and 11.69 dification (Ta 6% (2015) e information Baseline has b h period prior e time of Entry ification (Tar Year 2 TBD TBD	Investment N 6 respectively amale Station Revise obtained een revised to to the start of r-into-Force of male Station) Year 3 TBD TBD	Memo (which y). n) sed 18 o reflect the solution of Project in f the Compo Year 4 TBD TBD	ch had Basel 3.43% (2016) status of the I nplementatio act). Year 5 17.9% TBD	ine and Year indicator durin n in Septembe End of Compact 17.9 % TBD

	sses						
Project:	NEDCo Financial and (	Operationa	l Turnarou	nd Project			
Activity:	Reduction in Commerce	ial Loss an	d Improve	nent of Revenue	Collection Rate	s	
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:			Baseline Modific	cation (NEDCo	-wide)	
	Change		Prev	ious		Revised	
Aug 2019			11.0%	(2015)		12.0% (2016)	)
Aug-2018	Justification:			mation obtained			
	Justification Description:	the 12-m	onth perio	he has been revised d prior to the star of Entry-into-Forc	t of Project imp	plementation in	
		Terret	<i>T</i> - 120 42		- )		
	Change Description		Viodificatio	on (NEDCo Wid	e)	[	End of
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Compa
	Revised Targets	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	10.57 %	10.57 9
Aug-2018	Previous Targets	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
11ug 2010	Justification	Provisio	n of Target	s		I	<b>I</b>
	Justification	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 10 This is an 11.93 % reduction over the Baseline figure of 12.0%. This redu is based on what was in the Investment Memo (which had Baseline and Y					
	Description:			as in the Investme nd 9.6 % respectiv		h had Baseline	
	-	figures o	f 10.9 % a	nd 9.6 % respectiv	vely).	h had Baseline	
	Change Description:	figures o Baseline	f 10.9 % at Modifica		tion)	h had Baseline	
	-	figures o Baseline Previo	of 10.9 % and e <b>Modifica</b> tions	nd 9.6 % respectiv	tion) Revised		
Aug-2018	Change Description: Change	figures o     Baseline     Previo     14.1% (2)	f 10.9 % at Modificat bus 2015)	nd 9.6 % respectiv	tion)		
Aug-2018	Change Description:	figures oBaselinePrevio14.1% (2New BasThe origing the 12-metric	of 10.9 % and the second se	nd 9.6 % respectiv	tion) Revised 16.67% (20 I to reflect the st t of Project imp	16) atus of the Indeplementation in	e and Year
Aug-2018	Change Description: Change Justification: Justification	figures oBaselinePrevio14.1% (2New BasThe origithe 12-m2016 (i.e)	f 10.9 % an Modification ous 2015) seline informinal Baselin nonth periode. the time of the time of the time of	tion (Tamale Stat mation obtained has been revised d prior to the star	tion) Revised 16.67% (20 to reflect the st t of Project imj e of the Compa	16) atus of the Indeplementation in	e and Year
Aug-2018	Change Description: Change Justification: Justification Description:	figures oBaselinePrevio14.1% (2New BasThe origithe 12-m2016 (i.e)	f 10.9 % an Modification ous 2015) seline informinal Baselin nonth periode. the time of the time of the time of	tion (Tamale Stat mation obtained he has been revised d prior to the star of Entry-into-Forc	tion) Revised 16.67% (20 to reflect the st t of Project imj e of the Compa	16) atus of the Indeplementation in	e and Year icator durin n Septemb
	Change Description: Change Justification: Justification Description:	figures oBaselinePrevio14.1% (2New BasThe origithe 12-m2016 (i.eTarget M	f 10.9 % and         e Modification         pus         2015)         seline information         inal Baselination         nonth periode.         the time of	tion (Tamale Stat mation obtained he has been revised d prior to the star of Entry-into-Forc on (Tamale Stati	tion) Revised 16.67% (20 to reflect the st t of Project imj e of the Compa on)	16) atus of the Ind plementation in ct).	e and Year icator durin n Septemb End or Compa
Aug-2018	Change Description: Change Justification: Justification Description: Change Description	figures oBaselinePrevio14.1% (2New BasThe origithe 12-m2016 (i.eTarget M	of 10.9 % and the second se	tion (Tamale State mation obtained he has been revised d prior to the star of Entry-into-Forc on (Tamale State Year 3	tion) Revised 16.67% (20 I to reflect the st t of Project imj e of the Compa on) Year 4	16) atus of the Ind plementation in ct). Year 5	e and Year icator durin n Septemb End or Compa
	Change Description: Change Justification: Justification Description: Change Description Change Description Revised Targets	figures oBaselinePrevio14.1% (2New BasThe origithe 12-m2016 (i.e)Target NYear 1-TBDProvision	f 10.9 % and Modifications 2015) seline informinal Baseline inal Baseline inal Baseline the time of Modifications Year 2 TBD TBD TBD n of Target	tion (Tamale State mation obtained he has been revised d prior to the star of Entry-into-Forc on (Tamale State Year 3 TBD TBD	rely). tion) Revised 16.67% (20 1 to reflect the st t of Project imj e of the Compa on) Year 4 TBD TBD	16) atus of the Ind plementation in ct). Year 5 16.3% TBD	e and Year icator durin n Septemb End of Compa 16.3% TBD

Percentage of P	repayment Customers			
Project:	NEDCo Financial and	Operational Turnaround Project		
Activity:	Reduction in Commerc	ial Loss and Improvement of Reven	ue Collection Rates	8
Sub-Activity:	N/A			
	Change Description:	Baseline Moo	dification (NEDCo	-wide)
	Character	Previous		Revised
	Change	5.83% (2015)	35.	12% (2016)
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline information obtained	ed	
	Change Description:	The original Baseline has been rev the 12-month period prior to the 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-F	start of Project imp	plementation in September
	Change Description	Pagalina M	odification (Reside	ntial)
	Change Description:	Previous		Revised
	Change			
Aug-2018	Justification Description	5.61% (2015) New Baseline information obtained	ed	32.17% (2016)
	Change Description:	The original Baseline has been re period ending September 2016, to		
	Change Description:	Baseline Mo	dification (Comme	ercial)
	Character	Previous		Revised
	Change	6.78% (2015)	49.	85% (2016)
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline information obtained		
	Change Description:	The original Baseline has been rev the 12-month period prior to the 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-F	start of Project imp	plementation in September
	Change Description:	Baseline M	odification (Indust	trial)
	Change	Previous		Revised
	Change	0% (2015)		52.63% (2016)
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline information obtained		
	Change Description:	The original Baseline has been rev the 12-month period prior to the 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-F	start of Project imp	plementation in September
Voltage Quality			or to or the compa	
Project:		Operational Turnaround Project		
Activity:	N/A	JJ		
Sub-Activity	N/A			
	Change Description	New Indicator		
A.c. 0010	Justification:	Relevant due to change in Project	scope	
Aug-2018	Justification	It measures the percentage of th		at is affected by unstabl
	Description:	voltage more than 10% within a r		<b>j</b>
	Change Description:	Baseline Modification		
	Shinge Description.	Previous		Revised
	Change	N/A		50%
Aug-2018	Justification Description	New Baseline information obtain	ed	5070
	Justification Description:	No previous Baseline		
	2 comption.			

	Change Description:	Provisio	n of Targ	gets					
		Year 1	Year 2		Zear 3	Year	:4 Ye	ear 5	End of Compac
	<b>Revised Targets</b>						25		25%
	Previous Targets	N/A	N/A	1	J/A	N/A	 N/		N/A
	Justification:	Project S			<b>v</b> // <b>1</b>	14/14	14/	Λ	19/74
			-	-					
	Justification Description	To provi IMC Me	-	ets to	be achie	eved. Th	he End of	Compact Ta	rget is based on th
G / A		1 (0.1 10	<b>T</b> )						
	Interruption Duration Ind				<b>D</b> .				
Project:	NEDCo Financial and (	Operationa	Turnar	ound	Project				
Activity:	Outage Reduction								
Sub-Activity:	N/A								
		-							
	Change Description:	Baseline	Modifi	catio	n (NED	Co-wid	le)		
	Changes		Previ	ous				Revise	d
Aug-2018	Change:	278.9 (2	015)			10	5.40 (201	6)	
-	Justification:	New Ba	seline inf	forma	tion obta	ained			
	T	The orig	inal Base	linel	nas been	revised	l to reflect	the status of	the Indicator duri
	Justification Description:	the 12-n	nonth per	riod p	prior to t	he star	t of Projec	ct implement	tation in Septemb
	Description.	2016 (i.e	e. the tim	e of I	Entry-int	o-Forc	e of the Co	ompact).	
		I							
	Change Description:	Target 1				1			
		Year 1	Yea	ar 2	Year 3	3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compa
	<b>Revised Targets</b>	-	TH	BD	TBD		TBD	79	79
Aug-2018	<b>Previous Targets</b>	TBD	TE	BD	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD
-	Justification:	Provisio	n of Targ	gets					
	Justification								pact Target is base
	Description:		reduction	n on	the revis	sed Bas	seline valu	ie, as in the	NEDCo Feasibili
	_	Report.							
	Change Description:	Baseline	Modifi	catio	n (Tama	ale Stat	tion)		
		Previous				Re	vised		
	Change:	335.6 (2	015)			02	70 (2016)		
Aug-2018		335.0 (2	015)			93	.70 (2016)	)	
1 ug-2010	Justification:	New Ba	seline inf	orma	tion obt	ained			
							to reflect	the status of	the Indicator durin
	Justification	0							tation in Septemb
	Description:						e of the Co		Ĩ
						<b>Q</b> · · · <b>t</b>	```		
	Change Description:	Target I Year 1	Modifica Year		(Tamalo Year 3		on) ear 4	Year 5	End of Commen
	Revised Targets	rear I	TBD		TBD	TE		70 Year 5	End of Compac 70
	Previous Targets	- TBD	TBD		TBD	TE		TBD	TBD
Aug-2018	Justification:	Provisio			-				<b>I</b>
-	Justification	To provi	de Targe	ets to					pact Target is
	Description:		25% red	luctio	on on the	e revise	d Baseline	e, as in the N	EDCo Feasibility
	<b>F</b>	Report.							
			0						
	Change Description:	Indicato		icatio	n				
	Change:	Previous						evised	
Aug 2019	Ē	Level	Indiacto	alaa	ification	from		vel Cumulat	
Aug-2018	Justification: Justification								el Cumulative". ompact year, whi
	JUSUIICALIOII	1 ms and			ng the optimised in the second s			over the C	ompact year, whi

	Change Description	Encourses	of Domont					
	Change Description:	<b>Frequency</b> Previous	of Keport	mg	P	evised		
	Change							
		Annual			-	uarterly		
Aug-2018	Justification:	Change of r	reporting fr	requen	icy from	m "Annual to	o "Quarterly'	,
	Justification Description:	However, it	was disco	vered	during		tion that data	d on annual basis. a could be obtained
System Average	Interruption Frequency I	ndex (SAIFI)	)					
Project:	NEDCo Financial and (	Operational T	urnaround	Projec	ct			
Activity:	Outage Reduction							
Sub-Activity:	N/A							
	Change Description:	Baseline M	odification	n (NE	DCo-v	wide)		
	Change:		Previous				Revised	
Ana 2019	_		51.4 (2015)				130.46 (2	016)
Aug-2018	Justification:	New Baseli						
	Justification Description:	the 12-mon	th period p	prior to	o the s		t implement	he Indicator during ation in September
	Change Description:	Target Mo	dification	(NED	Co-wi	de)		
		Year 1	Year 2	Year	: 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact
	<b>Revised Targets</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	)	TBD	98	98
Aug-2018	Previous Targets	TBD	TBD	TBD	)	TBD	TBD	TBD
	Justification:	Provision of	f Targets				1	I
	Justification Description:					The Year 5/H aseline value.		oact Target is based
			1.6. 1.	(75	1.0	14 4• >>		
	Change Description			n (Tai	male S		• •	
	Change	Previo		01.02	(201		evised	
Aug-2018	<b>T</b> (16) (1	147.1 (2015			(2010			
-	Justification Justification Description:	the 12-mon	l Baseline h th period p	nas bee orior te	en revi o the s	sed to reflect	t implement	he Indicator during ation in September
	Change Description:	Target Mod	ification (7	Famal	e Stati	on)		
	Change Description;	Year 1	Year 2		e Stati	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact
	<b>Revised Targets</b>	TBD	TBD	TF	BD	TBD	76	76
Aug-2018	Previous Targets	TBD	TBD	_	BD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	Justification:	Provision o				1		
	Justification Description:	To set out 7	Fargets to b			The Year5/ E aseline value		act Target is based
	Change Description	Indicator (	Classificati	on	1			
Aug-2018	Change	Previous			Revi			
		Level				l Cumulative		
	Justification:	Change Ind	icator class	sificat	ion fro	m "Level" to	"Level Cum	ulative".

		This Indicator t beginning of ea		ative value o	ver the Compa	act period. It i	esets at the
	Change						
	Description	Frequency of I	Reporting				
	Change:	Prev	vious		R	evised	
Aug-2018	_		nual			arterly	
-		Change of repo					<u>.</u>
	Justification Description:	t was anticipat basis. However obtained from t	, it was discov	vered during i	mplementatio	n that data co	
Ratio of actual 1	naintenance expenditure	s to planned m	aintenance b	udget			
Project:	NEDCo Financial and	-		•			
Activity:				-			
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
		T					
	Change Description:	Baseline M			1		
	Change:	000( (0015)	Previous		000/ /2016	Revised	
Aug-2018	T (10) (1	82% (2015)	· c	1 / 1	98% (2016	)	
	Justification:		ne information				
	Justification Description:		Baseline has				
Maintenance ex	penditure-asset value rat	io					
Project:	NEDCo Financial and	Operational T	urnaround Pro	oject			
Activity:							
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
			1.0				
	Change Description:	Baseline Mo	odification		Durin 1		
	Change	Previous			Revised		
Aug-2018	Instifications	3% (2015)			1% (2016)		
	Justification: Justification	Baseline Ch	Baseline has	been revised	to show the re	cults for the 1	2 month
	Description:		g September				
	Change Description:	Target Mod	lification				
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compac
	<b>Revised Targets</b>	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	2.5%	2.5%
Aug-2018	<b>Previous Target</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	Justification:	Provision of	Targets		1		1
	Justification Descriptions:	The Year 5 / practice.	End of Comp	oact Target ha	s been set to 1	eflect good ir	ndustry

Project:	NEDCo Financial and	Operational T	urnaround Pro	oject			
Activity:	N/A	_		-			
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:	Baseline M	odification				
Aug-2018			Previous			Revised	l
Aug-2010	Change		78% (2015	5)		60% (201	6)
	Justification Description:		ne information				
	Change Description:		Baseline has ember 2016, t			esults for the 12 Compact EIF.	-month perio
	Change Description	Target Mod	dification				
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compac
	<b>Revised Targets:</b>	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	69 %	69 %
	<b>Previous Targets:</b>	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Aug-2018	Justification:	Provision of	Targets				
	Justification	is a 15% inc		Baseline fig	ure of 60 %.	This rate of redu	
Average Collection	Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa	rease over the	e Baseline fig Co Feasibilit	ure of 60 %. y Study Re	This rate of redu port (which had	
	Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a	Baseline fig Co Feasibilit and 85.8% res	ure of 60 %. y Study Re		
Project:	Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a	Baseline fig Co Feasibilit and 85.8% res	ure of 60 %. y Study Re		
Project: Activity:	Description:  Period NEDCo Financial and	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a	Baseline fig Co Feasibilit and 85.8% res	ure of 60 %. y Study Re		
Project: Activity:	Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a	Baseline fig Co Feasibilit and 85.8% res	ure of 60 %. y Study Re		
Project: Activity:	Description:  Period NEDCo Financial and	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a furnaround Pro	Baseline fig Co Feasibilit and 85.8% res	ure of 60 %. y Study Re		
Project: Activity:	Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a furnaround Pro	Baseline fig Co Feasibilit and 85.8% res	ure of 60 %. y Study Re		Baseline a
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Description: Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a furnaround Pre- odification	Baseline fig Co Feasibilit and 85.8% res oject	ure of 60 %. y Study Re	port (which had	Baseline a
Average Collection Project: Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018	Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M New Baselin	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a furnaround Pre- odification Previous 538 days (20 ne information	<ul> <li>Baseline fig</li> <li>Co Feasibilit</li> <li>Md 85.8% res</li> <li>oject</li> <li>15)</li> <li>n obtained</li> </ul>	ure of 60 %. y Study Re pectively).	port (which had Revised 281 days (20	Baseline and Difference of the second
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Descr	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M New Baselin The original the 12-mont	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a furnaround Pre- odification Previous 538 days (20 ne information Baseline has	<ul> <li>Baseline fig PCo Feasibilit</li> <li>PCo Feas</li></ul>	to reflect th	Revised 281 days (20 e status of the In implementation	Baseline ar D16)
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: De	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M New Baselin The original the 12-mont	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a urnaround Pre- odification Previous 538 days (20 ne information Baseline has th period price e time of Enti	<ul> <li>Baseline fig PCo Feasibilit</li> <li>PCo Feasibilit</li> <li>PCo</li></ul>	to reflect th	Revised 281 days (20 e status of the In implementation	Baseline ar D16)
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M New Baselin The original the 12-mont 2016 (i.e. th	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a urnaround Pre- odification Previous 538 days (20 ne information Baseline has th period price e time of Enti	<ul> <li>Baseline fig PCo Feasibilit</li> <li>PCo Feasibilit</li> <li>PCo</li></ul>	to reflect th	Revised 281 days (20 e status of the In implementation	Baseline and Basel
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description: Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M New Baselin The original the 12-mont 2016 (i.e. th Target Mod	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a urnaround Pre- diffication Previous 538 days (20 ne information Baseline has th period price e time of Entre diffication:	<ul> <li>Baseline fig OCo Feasibiliti and 85.8% rest oject</li> <li>15)</li> <li>n obtained</li> <li>been revised or to the start ry-into-Force</li> </ul>	ure of 60 %. y Study Respectively). pectively). to reflect th of Project of the Com	Revised 281 days (20 e status of the In implementation pact).	Baseline at 1 Ba
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Description: Description: Description: Change Description: Justification: Justification Description: Change Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M New Baselin The original the 12-mont 2016 (i.e. th Target Moo Year 1	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a urnaround Pre- dification Previous 538 days (20 ne information Baseline has th period price e time of Entre dification: Year 2	<ul> <li>Baseline fig OCo Feasibilit and 85.8% rest oject</li> <li>15)</li> <li>n obtained</li> <li>been revised or to the start ry-into-Force</li> <li>Year 3</li> </ul>	ure of 60 %. y Study Re- spectively). to reflect th of Project of the Com Year 4	Revised 281 days (20 e status of the In implementation pact). Year 5	Baseline and Baseline and D16) D16) D16) End of Compac
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018	Description: Description: Description: Description: Change Description: Change Justification Description: Change Description:	is a 15% inc on what wa Year 5 figur Operational T Baseline M Baseline M New Baselin The original the 12-mont 2016 (i.e. th Target Moo Year 1 TBD TBD TBD Provision of	rease over the s in the NED res of 74.6% a urnaround Pre- odification Previous 538 days (20 ne information Baseline has th period price e time of Entr dification: Year 2 TBD TBD TBD	<ul> <li>Baseline fig</li> <li>Co Feasibilitiend</li> <li>Co Feasibilitiend</li></ul>	ure of 60 %. y Study Re spectively). to reflect th of Project of the Com Year 4 TBD TBD	Revised 281 days (20 e status of the In implementation pact). Year 5 192 days	Baseline and Baseline and D16) dicator durin in Septemb End of Compac 192 days TBD

Aged Receivables (							
Project:	NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project						
Activity:							
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Baseline Modification					
	Change	Previous			Revised		
		98% (2015) 91% (2016)					
	Justification :	New Baseline information obtained					
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).					
	Change Description	Toward Ma	diffica tions				
Aug-2018	Change Description:	Target Mo Year 1	1 1	Voor 2	Year 4	Voer 5	End of Company
	Revised Targets	TBD	Year 2 TBD	Year 3 TBD	TBD	Year 5 62%	End of Compac 62%
			TBD			TBD	TBD
	Previous Targets Justification:	TBD Provision o		TBD	TBD	IBD	IBD
		The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 62%, which a 31.7 % reduction over the Baseline figure of 91%. This rate of reduction is base on what was in the NEDCo Feasibility Report (which had Baseline and Year figures of 82% and 56% respectively.					
	Justification Description:	a 31.7 % re on what wa figures of 8	duction over as in the NI	the Baseline EDCo Feasib	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of	of reduction is base
- ·	Description: Period to Power Producer (	a 31.7 % re on what w figures of 8 <i>VRA</i> )	eduction over as in the NH 2% and 56%	the Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of	of reduction is base
Project:	Description:	a 31.7 % re on what w figures of 8 <i>VRA</i> )	eduction over as in the NH 2% and 56%	the Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of	of reduction is base
Project: Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and	a 31.7 % re on what w figures of 8 <i>VRA</i> )	eduction over as in the NH 2% and 56%	the Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of	of reduction is base
Project: Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer (	a 31.7 % re on what w figures of 8 <i>VRA</i> )	eduction over as in the NH 2% and 56%	the Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of	of reduction is base
Project: Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <i>VRA</i> ) Operational 7	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56%	the Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of	of reduction is base
Project: Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <i>VRA</i> ) Operational T Baseline M	eduction over as in the NH 2% and 56%	the Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate ( (which had F	of reduction is base
Project: Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <i>VRA</i> ) Operational 7	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F	r the Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively Project	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of (which had I	of reduction is base Baseline and Year
Project: Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A Change Description: Change	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T Baseline M Previous	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F Iodification	The Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively Project	figure of 91 ility Report	1%. This rate of (which had I	of reduction is base
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A Change Description: Change Justification	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T <b>Baseline M</b> Previous Provision o	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F fodification T f Baseline V	The Baseline EDCo Feasib orespectively Project BD Talues	figure of 9 ility Report	1%. This rate of (which had I         (which had I         Revised         333	of reduction is base Baseline and Year B days (2016)
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A Change Description: Change	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T <b>Baseline M</b> Previous Provision o	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F fodification T f Baseline V	The Baseline EDCo Feasib orespectively Project BD Talues	figure of 9 ility Report	1%. This rate of (which had I	of reduction is base Baseline and Year B days (2016)
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A Change Description: Change Justification Justification Description:	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T <b>Baseline M</b> Previous Provision o	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F fodification T f Baseline V	The Baseline EDCo Feasib respectively Project BD alues point" against	figure of 9 ility Report	1%. This rate of (which had I         (which had I         Revised         333         ress will be meaning	of reduction is base Baseline and Year B days (2016)
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description: Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A Change Description: Change Justification Justification	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T Baseline M Previous Provision o To reflect th	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F Iodification T f Baseline V he "starting p	Targe	figure of 91 lity Report	1%. This rate of (which had I         (which had I         Revised         333         ress will be meaning         ion	of reduction is base Baseline and Year Baseline and Year Baseline and Year Baseline and Year
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description:  Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A  Change Description: Change Justification Justification Description: Change Description:	a 31.7 % rei on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T <b>Baseline M</b> Previous Provision o To reflect th Year 1	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F Iodification T f Baseline V he "starting p Year 2	Targe Year 3	figure of 9 ility Report which prog t Modificat Year 4	1%. This rate of (which had Here)         (which had Here)         Revised         333         ress will be merein         ion         Year 5	of reduction is base Baseline and Year Baseline
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity:	Description:         Period to Power Producer (         NEDCo Financial and (         N/A         Change Description:         Justification         Justification         Description:         Change Description:         Revised Targets	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T Baseline M Previous Provision o To reflect th	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F Iodification T f Baseline V he "starting p Year 2 TBD	Targe	figure of 91 lity Report	1%. This rate of (which had I         (which had I         Revised         333         ress will be meaning         ion	of reduction is base Baseline and Year Baseline and Year Baseline and Year Baseline and Year
Project: Activity: Sub-Activity: Aug-2018	Description:  Period to Power Producer ( NEDCo Financial and ( N/A  Change Description: Change Justification Justification Description: Change Description:	a 31.7 % re on what we figures of 8 <b>VRA</b> ) Operational T Previous Provision o To reflect th Year 1 TBD	duction over as in the NI 2% and 56% Furnaround F Iodification T f Baseline V he "starting p Year 2 TBD TBD	The Baseline EDCo Feasib project Project BD alues point" against Targe Year 3 TBD	figure of 91 lity Report	1%. This rate of (which had I         (which had I         Revised         333         ress will be monopoly         ion         Year 5         30 days	of reduction is base Baseline and Year Baseline

Average Payment I	Period to Ghana Grid Com	pany (GRIDCo)						
Project:	NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project							
Activity:								
Sub-Activity:	N/A							
	Change Description:			Baseline	Modifica	tion		
	change 2 comprism	Previous				Revised		
Aug-2018	Change	TBD				327 (20		
	Justification:	Provision of Basel				327 (2010)		
	Justification Description:	To reflect the "starting point" against which progress will be measured.						
	Description							
Total electricity So	ld							
Project:	NEDCo Financial and	Operational Turnaro	und Projec	:t				
Activity:		<b>I</b>	j	-				
Sub-Activity:	N/A							
	Change Description:	Baseline Modifica	ntion (NEI	Co-Wide	2)			
	Change Description.	Dusenne mounice		evious	-)		Revi	ised
	Change			00 (2015)			694,000	
Aug-2018	Justification	Baseline Change 058,000 (2013) 094,000 (2016)					(2010)	
		-	ine has bee	n revised	to reflect th	ne status of th	e Indicator o	during th
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (						
	Description:	the time of Entry-i	nto-Force	of the Cor	npact).			
	Change Description:	Baseline Modification (Residential)						
	Change	Previous			Revised			
Aug-2018		TBD			433,000 (2016)			
	Justification	New Baseline information obtained						
	Justification Description:	The Baseline has been from TBD to show the results for the 12-month period ending September 2016, i.e. the situation at Compact EIF.						
	Description;	September 2010, I.	.e. ule situ			·•		
	Change Description:	<b>Baseline Modifica</b>	ntion (Con	mercial)				
	Change Description.	Baseline Modification (Commercial) Previous				Revised		
	Change	TBD				202,000 (2016)		
Aug-2018	Justification:	New Baseline information obtained			202,000 (2010)			
		The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during th						
	Justification	12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e.						
	Description:	the time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).						
	Change Description:	Baseline Modification (Industrial)						
	Change	Previous				Revised		
	Change	TBD				59,000 (2016)		
Aug-2018	Justification:	New Baseline information obtained						
		The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (					during th	
	Justification Description:							
	Description.	the time of Entry-i	nto-Force	of the Con	npact).			
	Change Description:	Provision of Targ	ets (NED	Co-Wide)				
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5		and of
Aug-2018	Revised Targets	N/A	TDD	TBD	TBD	MWh		ompact 60 MW
	Previous Targets	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD		TBD
			TBD	עמי	עם ו	IDU		עםי
	Justification:	Project Re-scope						

Justification Description:	The Year 5 / End of Compact Target has been changed from TBD to 869,860 MWh, which is a 25.35% increase over the Baseline figure of 694,000 MWh. This rate of increase is based on what was in the NEDCo Feasibility Study Report (which had Baseline and Year 5 figures of 718,000 MWh and 900,000 MWh respectively.

i anotroj mao	mated Reading Meters								
Project:	NEDCo Financial and	NEDCo Financial and Operational Turnaround Project							
Activity:	Technical Loss Reduct	Technical Loss Reduction							
Sub-Activity:	N/A	N/A							
Aug-2018	Change Description:	New Indicator							
	Justification:	Relevant due to change in project scope							
	Justification Description:	The Indicator is included to track the number of automated reading meters installed at Bulk Supply Point (BSP), feeders and other strategically important locations in the NEDCo Systems.							
		D · · · (	· m · ·						
	Change Description:	Provision of Year	_	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	End of Compact	
	Revised Targets			TBD	TBD	TBD	410	410	
	Previous Targets	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Aug-2018	Justification:	Project scope change							
	Justification Description:	To lay out Targets to be achieved. The Targets are based on expert input as reflected in the deliverable "NEDCo Project Redesign Feasibility Study Report" (January 2017 version) under the CH2M Services consultancy), following a review of historical trends and future expectations. The interim Targets will be set following the signing of the NEDCo IEA and approval of work plan.							
				an or wor	k pian.				
Project: Activity:	ement Contract signed	On and in all T			k pian.				
ACIIVIIV	NEDCo Financial and	-							
-	NEDCo Financial and Private Sector Participa	-			k plan.				
Sub-Activity:	NEDCo Financial and	-			k plan.				
	NEDCo Financial and Private Sector Participa	-	urnaround F						
Sub-Activity:	NEDCo Financial and Private Sector Participa N/A	ation	urnaround F	Project	·	ajor milesto	ne.		
-	NEDCo Financial and Private Sector Participa N/A Change Description:	New Indicat The NEDCo To track the	urnaround F cor o Manageme e date the N	Project ent Contra EDCo Ma	ict is a m	nt Contract,	which is a n	najor milestone for	
Sub-Activity:	NEDCo Financial and Private Sector Participa N/A Change Description: Justification: Justification	New Indicat The NEDCo To track the	urnaround F cor o Manageme e date the N	Project ent Contra EDCo Ma	ict is a m	nt Contract,	which is a n		
Sub-Activity:	NEDCo Financial and Private Sector Participa N/A Change Description: Justification: Justification	New Indicat The NEDCo To track the The NEDCo Provision of	urnaround F cor 9 Manageme 9 date the N 9 Financial a	Project ent Contra EDCo M. nd Opera	nct is a m anageme tional Tu	nt Contract,	which is a n		
Sub-Activity:	NEDCo Financial and         Private Sector Participa         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification         Description:	New Indicat The NEDCo To track the The NEDCo	urnaround F cor 9 Manageme 9 date the N 9 Financial a	Project ent Contra EDCo Mand Opera	ict is a m anagementional Tu	nt Contract,	which is a n	End of Compact	
Sub-Activity: Aug-2018	NEDCo Financial and         Private Sector Participa         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification         Description:	New Indicat The NEDCo To track the The NEDCo Provision of	urnaround F or o Manageme e date the N o Financial a	Project ent Contra EDCo M. nd Opera	ict is a m anagementional Tu	nt Contract, rnaround Pr	which is a n roject (NFOT	), would be signed.	
Sub-Activity:	NEDCo Financial and         Private Sector Participa         N/A         Change Description:         Justification:         Justification:         Description:         Change Description:         Change Description:	New Indicat The NEDCo To track the The NEDCo Provision of	urnaround F or o Manageme e date the N o Financial a	Project ent Contra EDCo Mand Opera	act is a m anageme tional Tu c 3 2019	nt Contract, rnaround Pr	which is a n roject (NFOT	End of Compact	
Sub-Activity: Aug-2018	NEDCo Financial and or         Private Sector Participa         N/A         Change Description:         Justification         Justification         Description:         Change Description:         Change Description:         Revised Targets	New Indicat The NEDCo To track the The NEDCo Provision of Year 1 N/A New Indicat	urnaround F cor D Manageme e date the N D Financial a F Targets Year 2 N/A cor	ent Contra EDCo Mand Opera Year 25-Jul- N/4	act is a m anagementional Tu tional Tu c 3 2019 A	The Contract, reaction of the Press of the P	which is a n oject (NFOT Year 5 N/A	End of Compact 25-Jul-2019	

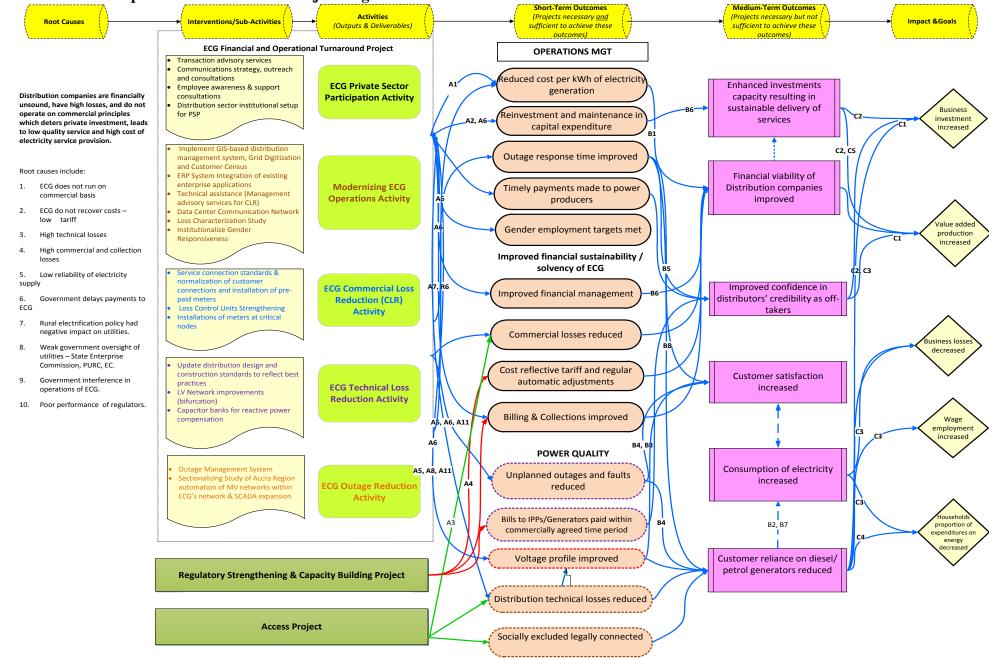
## **POWER GENERATION SECTOR IMPROVEMENT PROJECT**

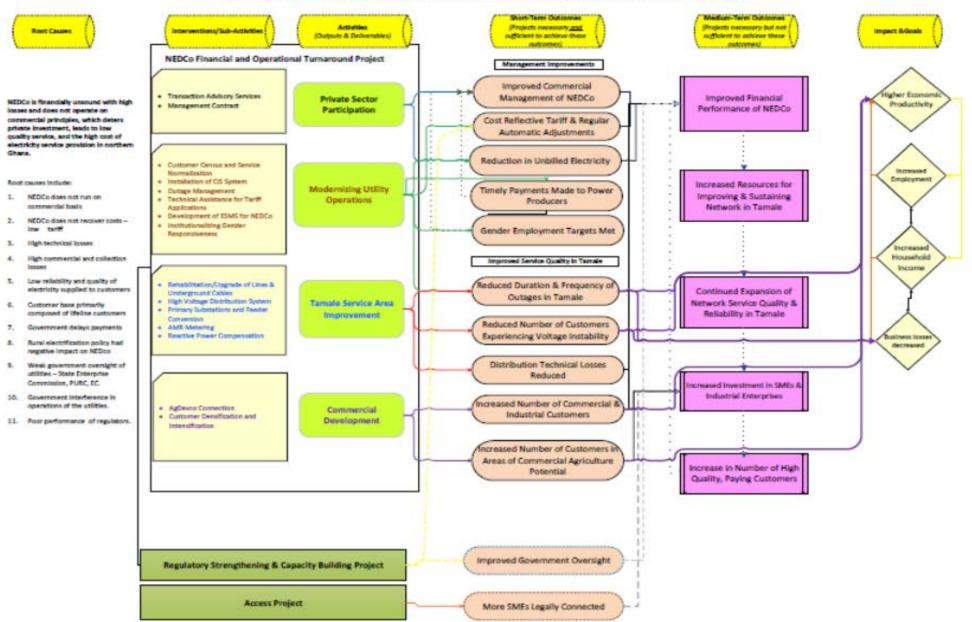
Total Systems Lo		PROVEMENT PROJECT					
Project:	Power Generation Sect	Power Generation Sector Improvement Project					
Activity:	Load Shed and Outage Reduction						
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:	tion: Baseline modification					
Aug-2018	Change	Previous	Revised				
		373,895 MWh (2015)	1,580,789 MWh (2016)				
	Justification	New and more recent information with date closer to EIF obtained					
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during th 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e the time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).					
Frequency of Lo	ad Shed						
Project:		or Improvement Project					
Activity:	Load Shed and Outage						
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:	Baseline modification					
		Previous	Revised				
	Change	211 (2013)	763 (2016)				
Aug-2018	Justification	New and more recent information with date closer to EIF obtained					
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12-month period prior to the start of Project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).					
Duration of Load	d Shed						
Project:		or Improvement Project					
Activity:	Load Shed and Outages Reduction						
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:	Baseline modification					
	Change	Previous	Revised				
		4,255 (2013)	8,426 (2016)				
Aug-2018	Justification	New and more recent information with date closer to EIF obtained					
	Justification Description:	The original Baseline has been revised to reflect the status of the Indicator during the 12-month period immediately prior to the start of project implementation in September 2016 (i.e. the time of Entry-into-Force of the Compact).					
Installed Genera	tion Capacity						
Project:	Power Generation Sector Improvement Project						
Activity:	N/A						
Sub-Activity:	N/A						
	Change Description:	Baseline modification					
	Change	Previous	Revised				
		2,831 MW (2014)	3,950 MW (2016)				
Aug-2018	Justification Justification Description:	New, complete and more recent information with date closer to EIF obtained The Compact entered into force in September 2016, hence the need to change the Baseline year from 2014 to 2016, to reflect the situation at Compact EIF. Secondly, the 2014 Baseline data was based on only <i>on-grid</i> because of unavailability of <i>off-grid</i> data at the time of finalizing the original Compact M&E Plan. Now, <i>min</i> <i>grid</i> , <i>micro-grid</i> and <i>off-grid</i> data are available, hence added to the <i>on-grid</i> data for completeness.					

	Change Description:	Data source/Entity responsible modif				
Aug-2018	Change	Previous	Revised			
	Change	The Energy Commission (EC)	The EC and Ministry of Energy (MoEn)			
	Justification	The EC could provide <i>on-grid data</i> only. <i>Mini-grid and off-grid</i> data has be outstanding since EIF, but now available from the MoEn.				
	Justification Description:	It was anticipated that the EC could provide both on-grid and off-grid data but con only provide on-grid. It was later discovered that the Ministry of Energy collects a houses data on <i>public</i> mini-grid and off-grid standalone renewable systems func- under GEDAP, Elecnor and JICA in Ghana.				
Available Genera	tion Capacity					
Project:	Power Generation Sect	or Improvement Project				
Activity:	N/A					
Sub-Activity:	N/A					
	Change Description:	Baseline modification				
	Change	Previous	Revised			
Aug-2018		1,482 MW (2014)	3,539 MW (2016)			
	Justification	New, complete and more recent information with date closer to EIF obtained				
	Justification Description:	The Compact entered into force in September 2016, hence the need to change the Baseline year from 2014 to 2016, to reflect the situation at Compact EIF. Secondly, the 2014 Baseline data was based on only <i>on-grid</i> because of unavailability of off-grid data at the time of finalizing the original Compact M&E Plan. Now, <i>mini-grid, micro-grid and off-grid</i> data are available, hence added to the <i>on-grid data</i> for completeness.				
	Change Description:	Data source/Entity responsible modification				
	Change	Previous	Revised			
		The Energy Commission (EC)	The EC and Ministry of Energy (MoEn)			
Aug-2018	Justification	The EC could provide <i>on-grid data</i> only. <i>Mini-grid and off-grid</i> data has be outstanding since EIF, but now available from the MoEn.				
	Justification Description:	It was anticipated that the EC could provide both on-grid and off-grid data but could only provide on-grid. It was later discovered that the Ministry of Energy collects and houses data on <i>public mini-grid, micro-grid and off-grid</i> standalone renewable systems funded under GEDAP, Elecnor and JICA in Ghana.				
	Change Description:	Frequency of Reporting				
	Change	Previous	Revised			
	Change	Annual	Quarterly			
Aug-2018	Justification	Data is available quarterly from the t	wo reporting IEs – EC and MoEn.			
	Justification Description:	It was anticipated at Compact start up that data could only be obtained on annual bas However, it was discovered during implementation that data could be obtained from the EC and the MoEn on a more frequent basis, i.e. quarterly.				

## **ADDITIONAL ANNEXES: PROJECT LOGICS**

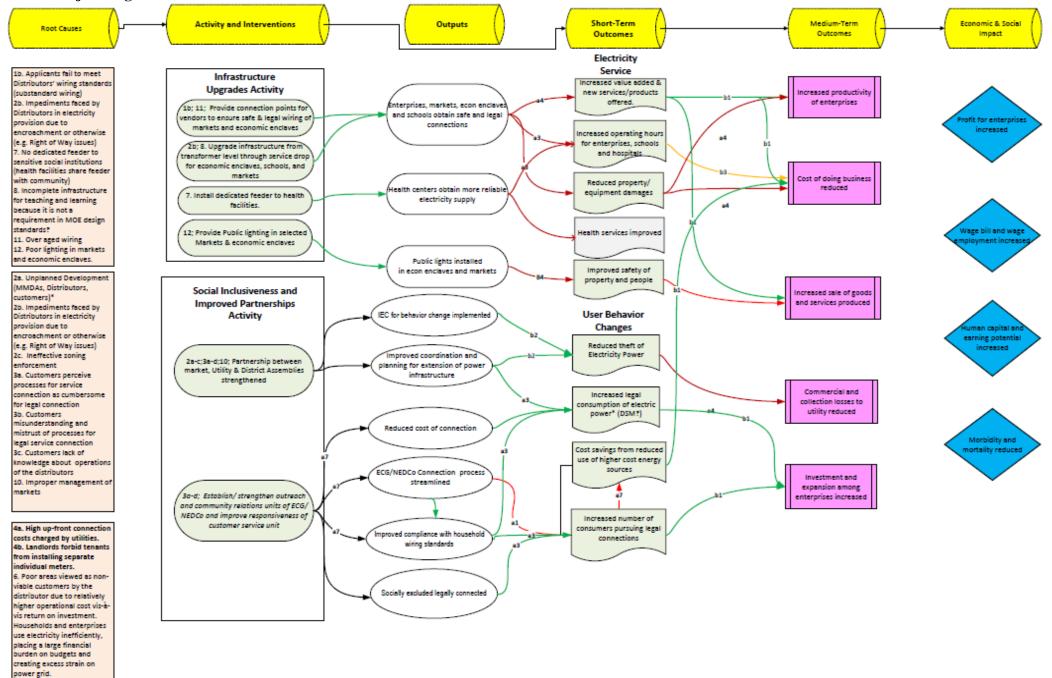
### ECG Financial and Operational turnaround Project Logic



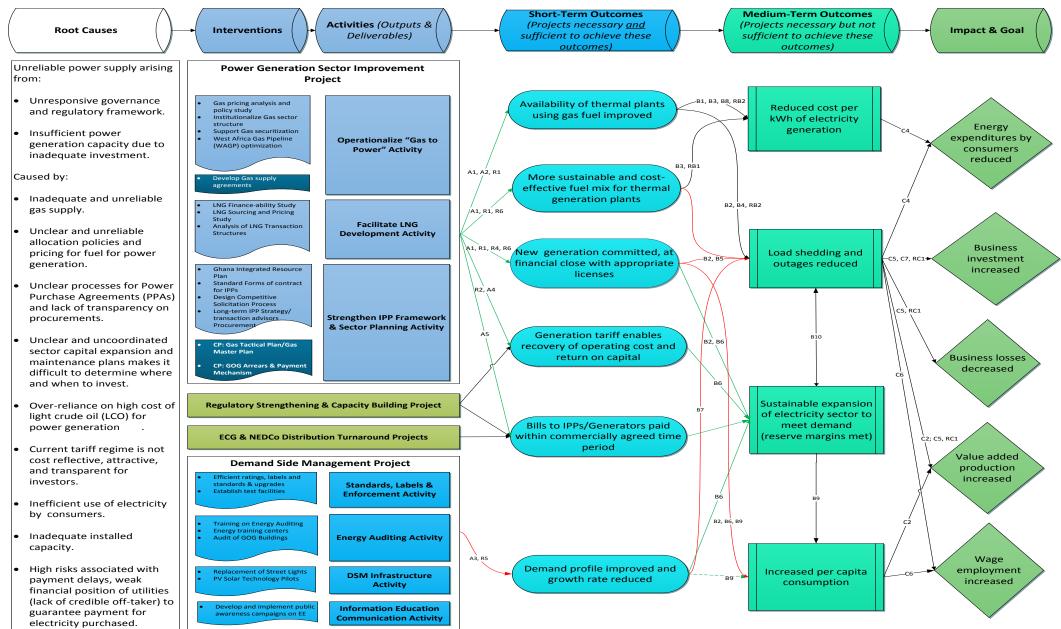


#### NEDCO FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL TURNAROUND PROJECT

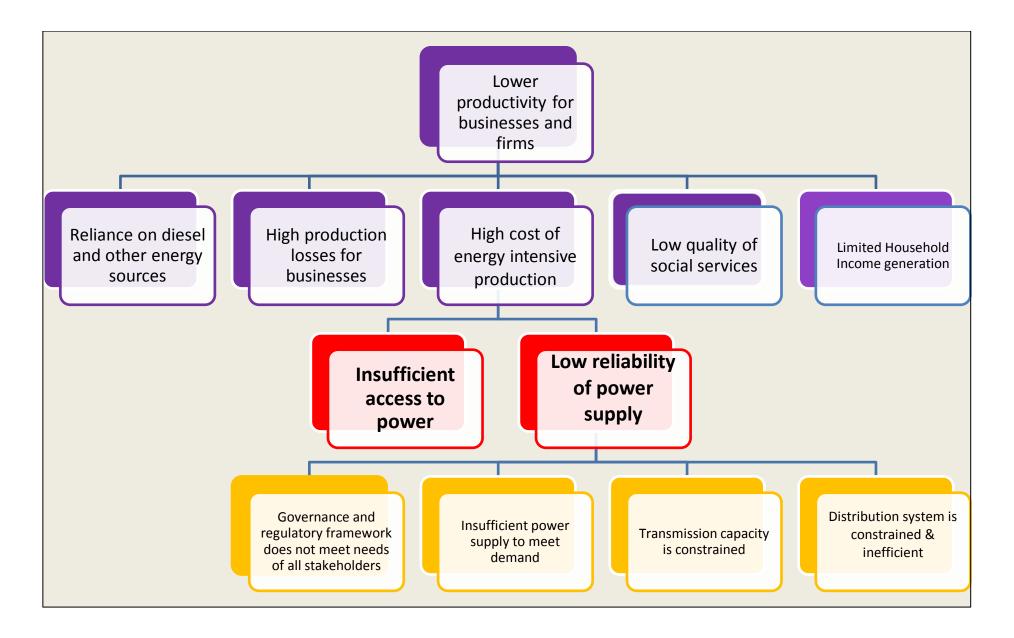
#### **Access Project Logic**

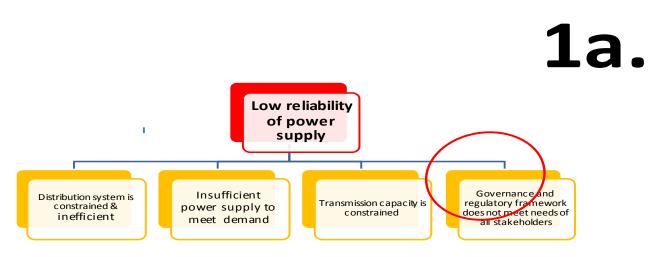


### Power Generation & DSM/EE Project Logic

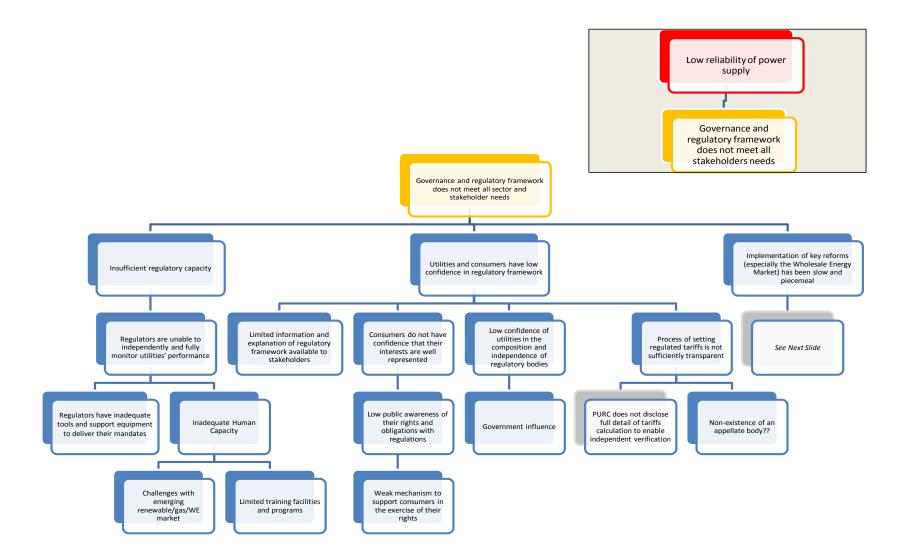


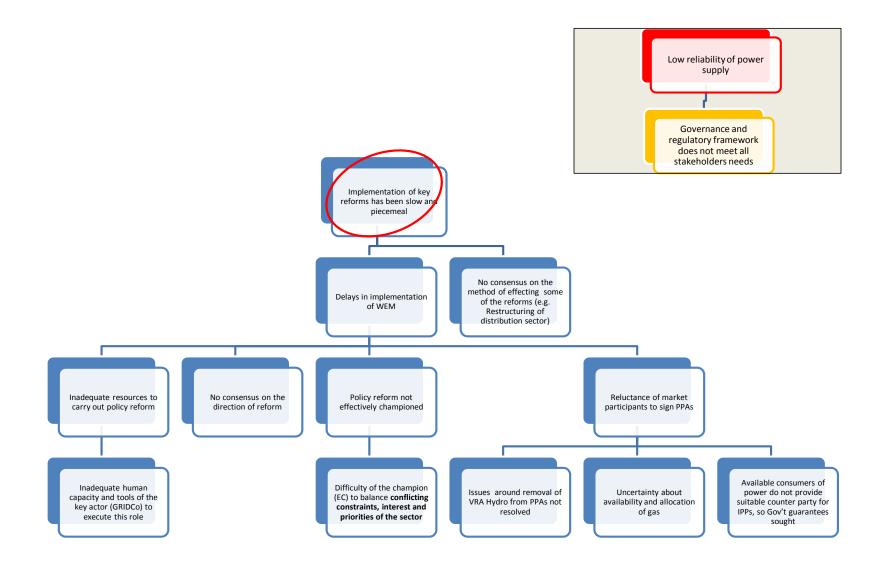
## ADDITIONAL ANNEXES: PROBLEM TREE

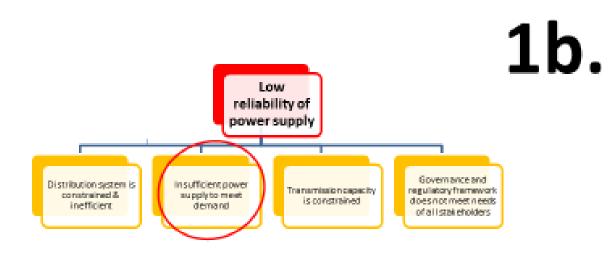




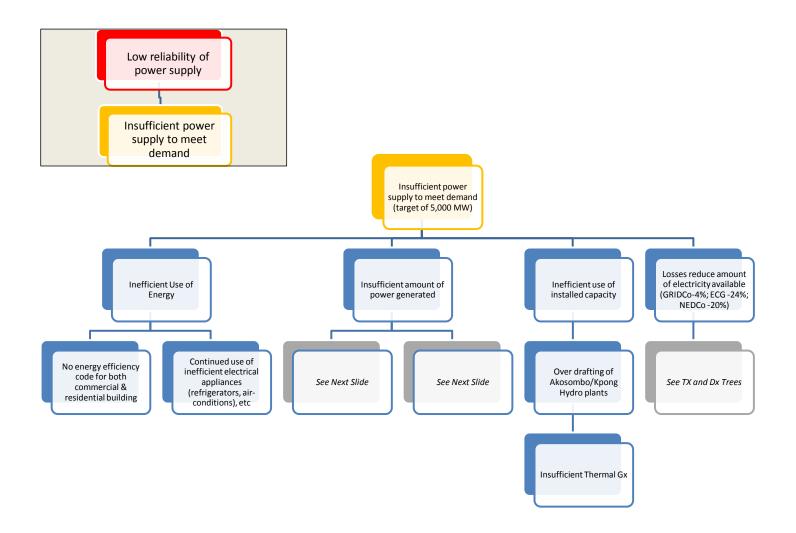
## "THE GOVERNANCE & REGULATORY FRAMEWORK DOES NOT MEET THE NEEDS OF ALL STAKEHOLDERS"

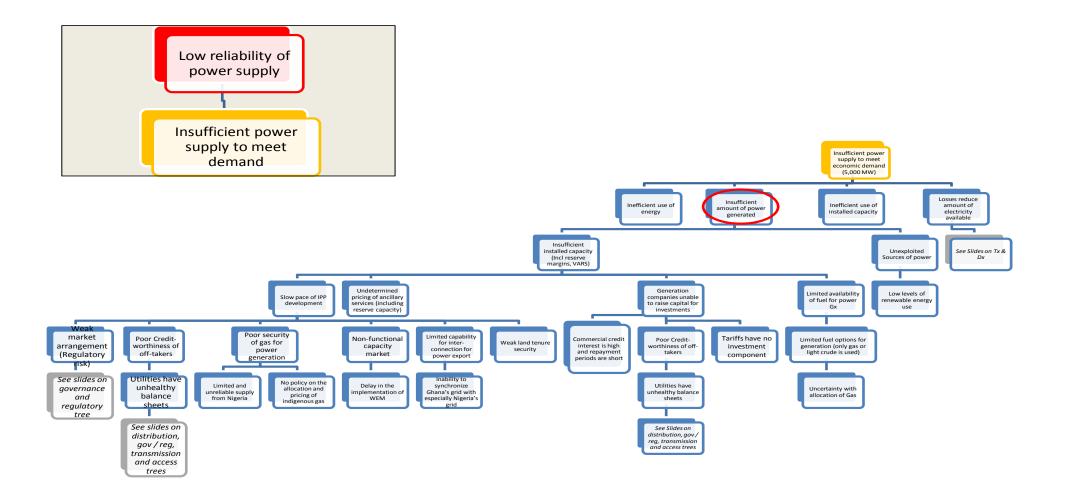


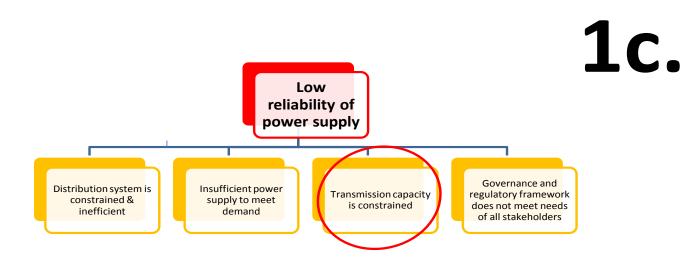




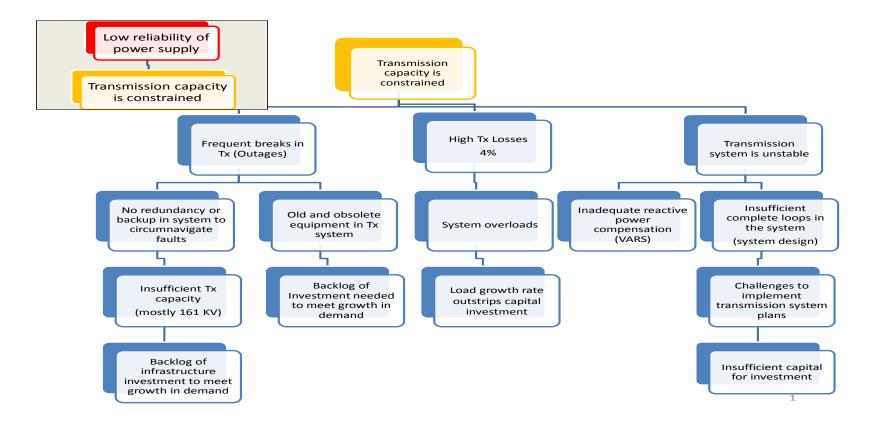
# "INSUFFICIENT POWER SUPPLY TO MEET ECONOMIC DEMAND"

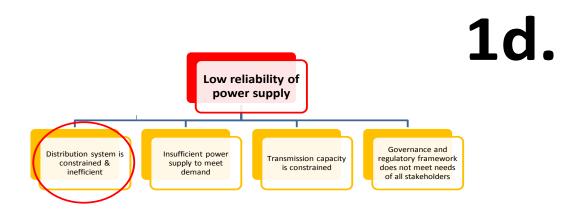




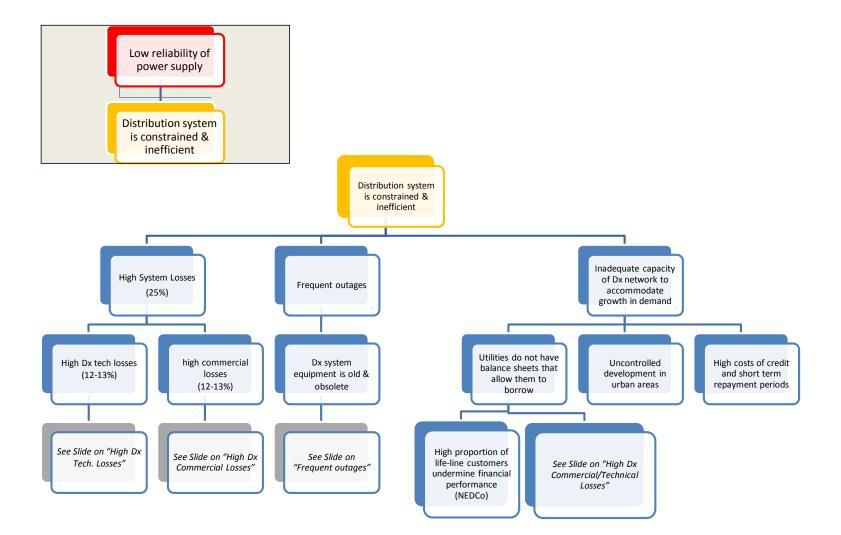


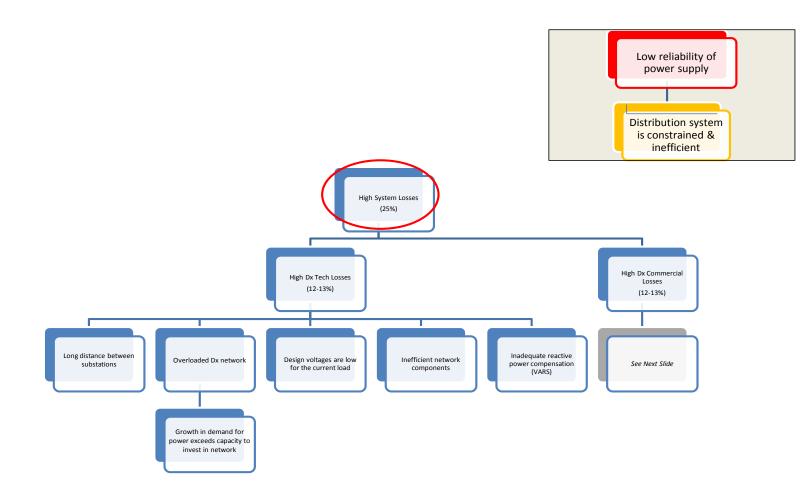
# **"TRANSMISSION CAPACITY IS CONSTRAINED"**

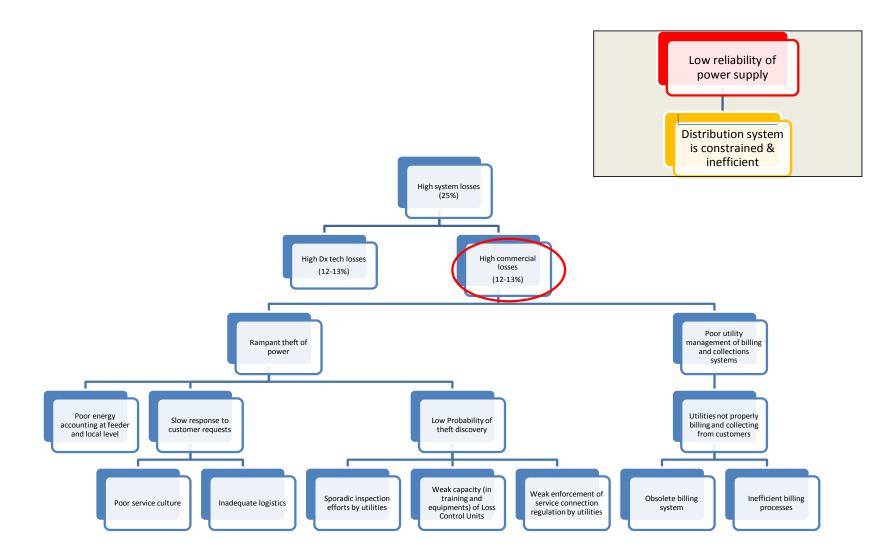


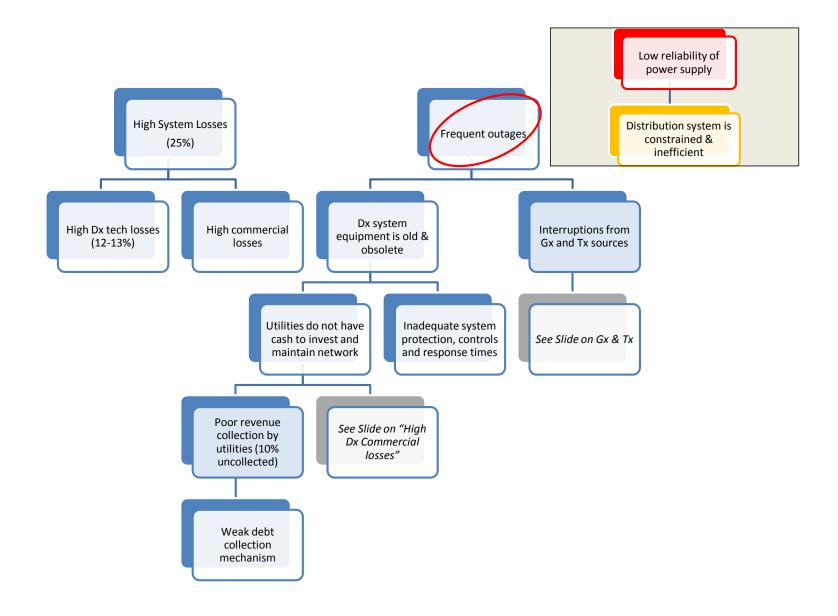


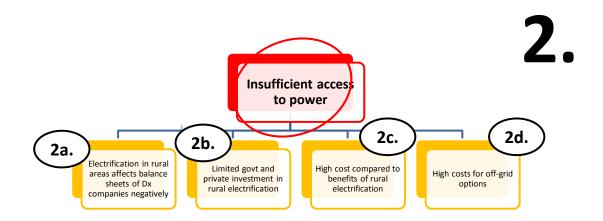
## **"DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM IS CONSTRAINED AND INEFFICIENT"**











## "INSUFFICIENT ACCESS TO POWER"

