Cape Verde

2005-2010 Compact

Monitoring and Evaluation Plan

Version III: October 11, 2010

Approved M&E Plans:

Version I: April 14, 2006

Version II: December 20, 2008

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ACRONYMS

DGASP	Direcção Geral de Agricultura, Silvicultura,	General Directorate of Agriculture,
	Pecuária	Forestry and Livestock
DGISB	Direcção Geral de Infra-estrutura e Saneamento	General Directorate of Infrastructure
	Básico	and Basic Sanitation
DGPOG	Direcção Geral de Planeamento, Orçamento e	General Directorate of Planning,
	Gestão	Budget and Management
DSSA	Direcção dos Serviços de Segurança Alimentar	Directorate of Food Security Services
ENAPOR	Empresa Nacional de Administração dos Portos	National Ports Authority
ERR	Taxa Económica de Retorno	Economic Rate of Return
GDP	Produto Interno Bruto	Gross Domestic Product
GOCV	Governo de Cabo Verde	Government of Cape Verde
IFC	Sociedade Financeira Internacional	International Financial Corporation
INE	Instituto Nacional de Estatística	National Institute of Statistics
INGRH	Instituto Nacional de Gestão dos Recursos	National Institute of Water
	Hídricos	Management
M&E	Seguimento e Avaliação	Monitoring and Evaluation
MADRRM	Ministério do Ambiente Desenvolvimento	Ministry of the Environment, Rural
	Rural e Recursos Marinhos	Development and Marine Resources
MCA	Conta dos Desafios do Milénio	Millennium Challenge Account
MCA-CV	Conta dos Desafios do Milénio – Cabo Verde	Millennium Challenge Account -
		Cape Verde
MCC	Millennium Challenge Corporation	Millennium Challenge Corporation
MECC	Ministério da Economia, Crescimento e	Ministry of Economy Growth and
	Competitividade	Competitiveness
MFI's	Instituições Financeiras de micro-crédito	Micro-Finance Institutions
MIS	Sistema de Informação para a Gestão	Management Information System
MIT	Ministério das Infra-estruturas e Transportes	Ministry of Infrastructure and
		Transport
MTRR	Relatório de revisão a Meio Percurso	Mid-Term Review Report
NGO's	Organização Não Governamental	Non-Government Organization
NOSI	Núcleo Operacional da Sociedade de	Government Agency for Information
	Informação	Society
PCC	Projecto de Crescimento e Competitividade	Growth and Competitiveness Project
PCR	Relatório Final do Programa	Program Completion Report
PIUGC	Unidade de Coordenação do Projecto	Growth and Competitiveness Project
	Crescimento e Competitividade	Coordination Unit
NR	Relatório Narrativo	Narrative Report
QTR	Trimestre	Quarter
RSSP	Projecto de Apoio ao Sector de Estradas do	World Bank Road Sector Support
	Banco Mundial	Project
SIGOF	Sistema de Informação para a Gestão	Integrated Budget and Financial
	Orçamental e Financeira	Management System

1. Overview

On July 4, 2005, The United States of America, acting through the Millennium Challenge Corporation (MCC), and the Government of the Republic of Cape Verde signed a bi-lateral agreement for economic development assistance (Compact). Annex III of the Compact provided a description of the Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Plan for the Millennium Challenge Account (MCA) Program.

A focus on results is a founding principle and cornerstone of MCC assistance. Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) is essential for a results-based approach to program management. M&E was a key component of program design and remains incorporated into all facets of the program cycle through program close-out and post compact impact evaluation activities. The Compact's M&E Plan is a more detailed extension of Annex III of the Compact.

The M&E Plan serves the following functions:

- Explains in detail how MCA-Cape Verde (MCA-CV) will monitor the various projects to determine whether they are achieving their intended results and measure their larger impacts over time through evaluations.
- Serves as a guide for program implementation and management, so that MCA-CV, including Steering Committee members and Management Unit staff, Stakeholder Committee members, program implementers, beneficiaries, and other stakeholders understand the objectives and targets to be achieved, and are aware of the progress made towards those objectives and targets during implementation.
- Identifies the M&E responsibilities of the MCA-CV Management Unit.
- Establishes a data collection, analysis and reporting process by which MCA-CV, Implementing Entities and MCC can be alerted to any problems in program implementation and provides the basis for making program adjustments
- Outlines M&E requirements that MCA-CV must meet for MCC to approve disbursement requests.

The M&E Plan is considered a binding document, and failure to comply with its stipulations could result in suspension of disbursements. It may be modified or amended as necessary only with the approval of MCC and to the extent that it is consistent with the requirements of the Compact Agreement and other relevant supplemental legal documents.

2. Summary of the Program and Objectives

Since gaining its independence from Portugal in 1975, Cape Verde has achieved impressive socio-economic gains in such areas as literacy rates, educational attainment, life expectancy, and per-capita income. However, despite these achievements, Cape Verde continues to have high levels of poverty and unemployment. The persistence of poverty can be partly attributed to the fact that Cape Verde is challenged by a lack of obvious economic growth opportunities and a scarcity of resources, particularly water. Nevertheless, Cape Verde's strong record of democratic governance, stability, transparency, and lack of corruption has allowed the country to maintain large inflows of foreign assistance and remittances from émigrés. Given that foreign assistance and remittances are likely to decline in the future, Cape Verde has designed an economic development strategy to move the country from an aid-dependency model of development to one of self-sustaining private-sector led growth¹. The Cape Verde MCA Program was designed to support Cape Verde's development strategy.

The overall goal of the Cape Verde MCA Program is to *reduce poverty and increase economic growth*. The Program consists of three complementary Projects.

- 1. The Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project is designed to increase agricultural productivity in three specific watershed areas in the islands of Santo Antão, Fogo, and São Nicolau in the short to medium term through the following activities:
 - Watershed Management development of community water management plans, construction of dikes, reservoirs and water distribution systems;
 - Agriculture Development training, demonstration plots, inspection centers, packaging warehouses, agricultural research
 - Credit credit for drip irrigation and other agriculture related business activities
- 2. The **Infrastructure Project** is designed to increase integration of internal markets and reduce transportation costs in the medium to long term through the following activities:
 - Roads and Bridges rehabilitation of 3 roads² on the island of Santiago and 4 bridges on Santo Antão (in coordination with a World Bank Roads Project)
 - Port of Praia increase available space for cargo operations and develop high-efficiency terminals
- 3. **The Private Sector Development Project** is designed to develop the private sector in the long term through the following activities:
 - Financial Sector Reform support the expansion of deposit-taking powers to microfinance institutions (MFIs) and expand access to government securities.

¹ Transformation Strategy - 2003

² The original Compact included 5 roads on the Island of Santiago. Two roads were eliminated due to increased costs associated with revised final designs, escalating construction costs and fluctuation in currency exchange rates.

Expected Impact

The Cape Verde Compact conducts monitoring and evaluation analysis at five levels of the Program logical framework, including Compact Goal, Project Objectives, Activity Outcomes, Activity Outputs, and Process Milestones.

Cape Verde expects to achieve specific results on five levels. Those results with their appropriate level designations are represented below.

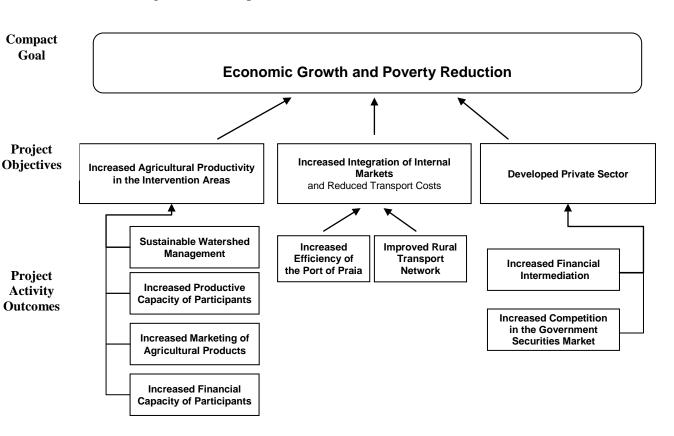


Figure 1 – Compact Results Chain

The achievement of these results will be measured through specific indicators discussed under the Monitoring Component. The Compact Goal Indicator (increase in annual income) is estimated by aggregating the expected benefits of the three projects (see the Compact Goal Indicator table on the following page)³. This is indicative of the overall impact expected from all Projects and Activities. While these benefits can be estimated, it is difficult to attribute changes in income specifically to interventions undertaken by the Cape Verde MCA Program. This is because other factors, unrelated to the Program, may affect income changes. Therefore, it is not a requirement that MCA-CV monitor and report on the Compact Goal Indicator throughout the life

³ These estimates come directly from the benefit streams used in the economic rate of return (ERR) analysis discussed in Section 5: Economic Analysis, Assumptions and Risks.

of the Compact. However, these estimated benefits should be used to inform impact evaluations (see Section 5: Evaluation Component for more details).

Table 1 - Compact Goal

Compact Goal:			
Economic growth and poverty reduction in Cape Verde			
	Definition of Benefits	Year 5	Year 10
Compact Goal Indicator:			
Increase in annual income (US\$ millions) ⁴		\$6.9	\$27.1
Measured by:			
Increase in income from the Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project [‡]	Increase in farm profits and farm wages	0.7	2.0
Increase in income from the Roads and Bridges Activity	Savings on vehicle operating costs from the roads upgraded with asphalt plus the increase in income from the construction of the bridges.	1.9	2.9
Increase in income from the Port Activity*	Relieving constraints on handling capacity, productivity, and ultimately port traffic. Increase in government revenue as a result of increasing the efficiency of the Port.	4.1	21.9
Increase in income from the Financial Sector Reform Activity	Estimated contribution to economic growth calculated from the expected elasticity of growth with respect to the ratio of liquid liabilities to GDP.	0.2	0.3

[‡] The income increases only reflect increased income from horticulture production through drip irrigation activity. They do not include other likely project related income streams from planned post-harvest centers, technical assistance, and/or other agriculture development services.

Program Beneficiaries

(1) Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project

This Project will serve beneficiaries on the islands of Santo Antão, São Nicolau, and Fogo, with services that range from water management and soil conservation, agriculture development and marketing services, and financial services. Beneficiaries include actors along the supply chain, including farmers, farm laborers, micro and small-sized agribusinesses (mainly owned and operated by women), providers and users of transportation and distribution services, and farmer based organizations. Even though the number of direct beneficiaries of drip irrigation activities is small (approximately 1,685), a total of 8,591 farm households on the three islands are expected to benefit at some level from the Project. The beneficiaries, disaggregated by intervention area, are outlined in the Table 2.

^{*} MCC will only be funding Phase I of the Port of Praia project. To estimate the increase in income from the Phase I activity, a percentage of the benefits that would accrue from completion of both Phases I and II was taken. It was estimated that Phase I would contribute 30 percent of the total project's non-GDP based benefits as calculated in the BCEOM market study.

⁴ Estimates are 5 and 10 years, respectively, from the Entry into Force date; i.e., 17Oct05. Increases in income presented are cumulative.

Table 2 - Watershed Beneficiaries

	Santo Antão (Paul)	São Nicolau (Faj ã)	Fogo (Mosteiros)	Total
Beneficiaries				
Number of farmers expected to gain increased access to water and credit to install drip irrigation	229	59	49	337
Number of people expected to be impacted directly by drip irrigation activities ⁵	1,145	295	245	1,685
Number of farm households on the islands expected to receive benefits from the agriculture development services ⁶	6,789	513	1,289	8,591
Number of people in farm households on the islands	31,776	9,222	28,691	69,689
Total number of people on the islands	48,761	12,940	37,798	99,499

Source: "Projecçoes Demograficas de 2008", National Statistical Institute of Cape Verde.

(2) Infrastructure Development Project

For the roads and bridges in Santiago and Santo Antão, the beneficiaries will be Cape Verdean families, farmers, businesses, non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and social-service providers located in communities along the improved project roads or connected by the project bridges. There are an estimated 58,728 people or 18% of the total population of the islands of Santiago and Santo Antão who will be directly impacted by these construction activities⁷.

Table 3 - Roads Beneficiaries

Road	Km	Direct Beneficiaries *	Indirect Island Beneficiaries	% of Direct Beneficiaries by Island
Orgãos-Pedra Badejo (Santiago)	10.0	12.498		
Cruz Grande-Calhetona (Santiago)	13.7	6.365	282,730	10%
Assomada-Porto Rincão (Santiago)	15.6	10.002	ĺ	
Two Bridges at Ribeira Grande (Santo		- 77		
Antão)	0	21,480	48.761	61%
Two Bridges at Vila das Pombas & Liaison			48,701	01%
Eito (Santo Antão)	0	8,383		
Total	39.3	58,728	331,491	18%

Source: National Statistical Institute of Cape Verde, January 2008

⁵ The number of people is estimated by assuming 5 people per farm family

^{*} Direct beneficiaries are people living in communities along the roads.

^{**} Indirect beneficiaries are all residents on the islands of Santiago and Santo Antão.

⁶ The number of farmer households in São Nicolau and Fogo is equivalent to the number of farmer households in Fajã and Mosteiros as per the 2006 Baseline Agricultural Survey. Santo Antão includes all farmer households on the island due to the construction of the post harvest center.

⁷ The total number of beneficiaries is 58,728. There are 28,865 beneficiaries from the Roads component, all on Santiago Island, and 29,863 from the Bridges component, all on Santo Antão Island.

As a consequence of required design changes in conjunction rising construction costs and foreign exchange currency fluctuations, the Government of Cape Verde (GoCV) confirmed its agreement with the January 2008 (Q10) MCC recommendation for restructuring the Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity. The agreement establishes that MCC would finance only Phase I (including i) the rehabilitation of quay 2, ii) the construction of the cargo village, iii) the construction of the access road, iv) the preparation of Phase I and Phase II design studies and v) and the development of Phase I and Phase II environmental impact assessments) of said works using USD 47 million in compact funds. Since that point in time, the GoCV has secured a concessional thirty year commercial loan guaranteed by the Government of Portugal, equivalent to 86 million Euros (USD 107.5 million) to finance Phase II (including i) the extension of Quay 1, ii) the construction of an attached linear breakwater, iii) the construction of an eight hectare reclaimed container yard, iv) the construction on cargo village buildings, v) harbor dredging and navigation aides and vi) the supervision of the works).

For the Port of Praia expansion, the primary beneficiaries are Cape Verdean importers and exporters, including individuals and businesses, through improved quality of transportation services following the upgrades to the Port of Praia. Businesses and employees involved in the tourism sector on Santiago are expected to benefit from the Port upgrade by alleviating a possible future constraint on growth. In addition, the whole population of the island of Santiago, approximately 234,940 people, which accounts for 57% of the total population of Cape Verde, is expected to benefit from lower import prices.

(3) Private Sector Development Project

The principal beneficiaries of the Financial Sector Reform Activity will be individuals and companies that stand to benefit from improved access to financial services and enhanced investment opportunities.

The beneficiaries of the Financial Sector Reform Activity will be:

- Urban and rural poor who will gain access to a broader menu of financial services from stronger MFIs;
- Private sector firms and farmers associations/cooperatives that benefit from reduced input costs and greater availability of services;
- Existing MFIs and NGOs who will receive specialized technical assistance for institutional transformation; and
- Investors and borrowers, including government, who will gain from a more open financial system.

3. Monitoring Component

Project and Activity performance will be monitored regularly through the Indicator Tracking Table submitted by MCA-Cape Verde to MCC in the Quarterly Disbursement Request Package (QDRP). This analysis allows managers of MCA-CV and MCC to make programmatic adjustments as necessary with the view towards improving the overall impact of the Program. The Detailed M&E Project Plan will be revisited annually and include annual and end of compact targets.

Indicators

Project Objectives, Activity Outcomes, Activity Outputs and Work Plan and/or Conditions Precedent related Process Milestones will be monitored by performance indicators. The Indicator Definition Tables that are attached to the body of the M&E Plan provide a detailed definition of each indicator; unit of measurement; source of data; method of data collection; frequency of data collection; and the entity responsible for gathering the data. Compact Goal Indicators, Project Objective Indicators and Activity Outcome Indicators identified in the tables contained in Compact Annex III are included in the M&E Plan. Additional indicators, including MCC mandated agricultural and infrastructure sector common indicators and process milestone indicators, have been added to the M&E Plan as a result of greater definition of the Project Work Plans and need for MCC to systematically inform senior management as well as to report implementation progress to its constituents. Over the life of the Program, the indicators in the M&E Plan may be further expanded or in some exceptional cases reduced, with the mutual agreement of MCA-CV and MCC.

Baselines and Targets for Performance

The baselines and targets for each indicator are shown in the Performance Tracking Tables which are presented after the Indicator Definition Tables in Attachment 3. Pending baselines and targets are generally set prior to initiation of the corresponding Project Activities. They are subject to revision during Compact implementation with the mutual agreement of MCA-CV and MCC.

MCA-CV will maintain comprehensive technical documentation of the baseline development and the methodologies used to calculate targets; including, for example, underlying assumptions, equations used, data sources used and contact information of responsible parties. Any modification to the approved methodology and/or targets requires written approval by MCC, as per Compact Annex III Section 5 (d) regarding Modifications.

Disaggregating Data by Gender, Income and Age

The following indicators should be disaggregated by gender, age and/or income and will be reported according to the respective indicator's definition:

Table 4 - Indicators to be Disaggregated by Gender, Income and Age

	Gender	Age	Income
Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project			
Number of farmers trained in drip irrigation	X	X	X
Volume of new loans disbursed – drip irrigation	X	X	X
Infrastructure Project			
Mobility ratio - "Percentage of beneficiary population who take at least 5 trips per month"	X	X	
Travel time ratio – "Percentage of beneficiary population further than 30 minutes from nearest market"	X	X	

The disaggregated baseline data by geographic region, gender, age and income for the Agricultural Support, Roads and Bridges, Port Expansion and Modernization and Private Sector Development Project beneficiaries will be provided not later than 60 days following the compact end date; i.e., December 15, 2010. Impact results of the aforementioned project beneficiaries will vary according to the completion dates of the post compact evaluation activities. Estimated impact evaluation completion dates include December 2013 for Agricultural Support, November 2011 for Roads and Bridges, June 2014 for Port Expansion and Modernization and December 2010 for Private Sector Development.

Data Quality Reviews

The objective of the data quality reviews will be to verify the quality and the consistency of data across all Projects over time, across different implementing partners and reporting institutions. Such data quality reviews will also serve to identify cases in which comparable quality standards cannot be achieved, given the field realities of the situation in which the data are collected. These assessments will mainly cover data reported by implementing entities and may include other data sources as necessary.

The MCA-CV Monitoring & Evaluation Officer will oversee the contracting of the independent data quality reviewers in compliance with the contract terms of reference. Apart from independent data quality reviews, the M&E staff of the Management Unit will regularly check the quality of data across all Projects. The first data quality review was completed in Quarter 7 (April to June 2007) of the Compact. The second data quality review was reprogrammed from Quarter 16 to Quarter 20 (July-October 2010) in order to ensure in course field correction of closeout data collection activities.

Standard Reporting Requirements

Performance reporting refers to the tracking of the on-going "actual" progress of Project and Activity indicators against "targeted" progress. Performance reports serve as a vehicle by which the MCA-CV Management informs MCC of implementation progress, impediments, lessons learned, best practices and on-going field revisions to project and/or activity work plans.

Currently, two standard performance reports are required at regular intervals during compact implementation: (1) a quarterly Indicator Tracking Table (ITT) which tracks progress against indicators in the M&E Plan with an accompanying narrative report that documents the reasons for significant deviations from targets. These are submitted as part of the Quarterly Disbursement Request Package (QDRP). (2) Annual Supplemental Reports (ASR). Guidance on fulfilling these reporting requirements is available *via* the MCC website at: (http://www.mcc.gov/countrytools/compact/implementation.php).

As of December 2009, MCC has recommended the preparation of a Compact Closeout Report (CCR) in order to document the history/evolution of program events and performance as well as to self-assess MCA-CV's management of its program and provide recommendations to MCC regarding the implementation model. In support of this initiative, MCA-CV M&E has contracted

an independent consultant to assist the MCA-CV management in the preparation of said report prior to the end of the compact closure period, i.e., October 18, 2010 to February 14, 2011.

Other reports on baseline data, data quality, special studies, evaluations and other ad hoc reports are provided to MCC in accordance with the M&E Plan. For more details on quarterly reporting refer to Attachment 1.

All reports must be posted on the MCA-CV website in both English and Portuguese after MCC approval.

4. Evaluation Component

Effective management for results requires the regular collection, review and use of performance information. Impact evaluations seek to determine whether project activities have had the desired effects on intended direct beneficiaries; i.e., individuals, households and/or institutions, and whether those effects can be attributed to project interventions.

One of the key features of the MCC's approach to development assistance is its strong commitment to conducting rigorous impact evaluations of its programs, and to use, whenever possible, methodologies that determine whether results can be reliably attributed to MCC interventions. Evaluation also improves program management and provides lessons for program implementation in the future. Consequently, evaluation will be an essential element of the MCA-Cape Verde Program.

Final Impact Evaluations

The Program will be evaluated on the extent to which the interventions contribute to the Compact Goal of "Increasing Economic Growth and Reducing Poverty." MCA-CV, with the prior written approval of MCC, will contract independent evaluators to conduct final impact evaluations for those projects/activities that can be completed with the compact implementation period financed by the MCA-CV M&E budget. MCC will contract independent evaluators to conduct final impact evaluations for those projects/activities that will be completed after the compact end date to be funded by the MCC impact evaluation due diligence budget.

At a minimum, impact evaluations must address the following:

- Why goals, objectives and targets were or were not achieved
- Positive and negative unintended results of the program
- Effectiveness of program activities and establish whether results can be attributed to MCC interventions
- Lessons learned and best practices in project implementation
- Comparative analysis of projected versus final economic rates of return on selected Projects

The anticipated approaches to impact evaluations for each of the Project Activities are described below.

1. Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project

Treatment group: The treatment group will consist of farm households in communities that have been chosen to be included in the MCA-CV Program.

Control group: The control group will consist of farm households in communities that have *not* been chosen to be included in the MCA-CV Program.

Selection Method: The Ministry of Agriculture will compile selection criteria for the communities that will be included in the Program with MCC. The control communities will be chosen as those being the most similar to the treatment communities before any MCA interventions have occurred. Because of Cape Verde's relatively small population size, it may be difficult to find enough similar households to use as a control. This risk will differ across watersheds and can be mitigated with high response rates and accurate data collection.

Baseline data collection: Three surveys have been developed to capture extensive baseline data on the intervention and control watersheds.

- (1) First, the MCA Watershed Baseline Survey: Agriculture Campaign 2005/2006 will ask about general household information and agricultural production, including plot size, type and amount of irrigation used, types of crops planted, amount of products harvested and sold, and transformation activities at the household level. This survey will be exhaustive, i.e. every household in the treatment and control areas will be interviewed.
- (2) The second survey will also be comprehensive and will create a poverty profile of the households in both the intervention and the control areas within the same watershed. The *MCA 2006 Baseline Socio-economic Survey* will include questions on income, consumption, assets and overall well-being of all households within the participating watersheds.
- (3) The third survey, the MCA 2006 Agribusiness Survey, will gather information on "transformation" or processing of agricultural products occurring outside of the household in the watershed intervention and control areas. All transformation units in the watersheds will be visited for the survey.

The Watershed Baseline Survey: Agriculture Campaign 2005/2006 and the 2006 Agribusiness Survey will be administered by the General Directorate of Planning, Budget and Management office (DGPOG) of the Ministry of Agriculture with special assistance by the Directorate of Food Security Services (DSSA) for conducting the 2006 Baseline Socio-economic Survey.

Interim and Final Data Collection: In the years between the baseline and final surveys, the National Statistical Institute (INE) will monitor agricultural activity through seasonal surveys. The MCA Cool Season Agricultural Survey: October/April and the MCA Warm Season

Agricultural Survey: May/September will gather detailed information from a sample of 200 households in each of the intervention areas on production costs, productivity and farm gate prices. In addition to the seasonal agricultural surveys, INE will conduct a close out Socioeconomic Survey to monitor the poverty profile of all farmer households in participating watersheds.

Methodology: Analysis could be done at two levels. First, the treatment areas can be compared to the control areas using a difference-in-differences approach which compares the difference of the treatment group before and after the program to the control group before and after the program. If appropriate, propensity score matching may be used to match treatment and control areas based on data gathered during the baseline data collection. Secondly, the evaluation could compare households within the treatment areas to determine who in the watersheds benefited from the intervention. It could compare households who received various levels of treatment, for example, one could compare a household that received water, training, and credit with a household who received only training to isolate the impacts of the various program interventions. There may be a selection bias associated with using this approach. Other agricultural and the household surveys from INE could be used to supplement the evaluator's work, as could qualitative work such as in-depth interviews with key actors and focus groups.

2. Infrastructure Project: Roads and Bridges Activity

Treatment group: The treatment group will consist of communities around the upgraded roads and bridges. The inclusion criteria for a treatment group could include a variable such as distance from the road, with a cutoff such as five kilometers. Although the variable(s) and cutoff(s) used to define the treatment group can be adapted, they should be established prior to the evaluation and any respective data analysis.

Control group: A control group *could* consist of communities that fit the following criteria:

- 1. Were included in the World Bank Baseline Socio-Economic Study
- 2. Have access to an MCC funded upgraded road at Compact's end
- 3. Have relatively closer access to a non-upgraded, non-paved road⁸

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⁸ The embedded assumption in establishing these communities as control communities is that households prefer proximity to quality, that is, a household will choose a road that is closer over a road that is of higher quality.

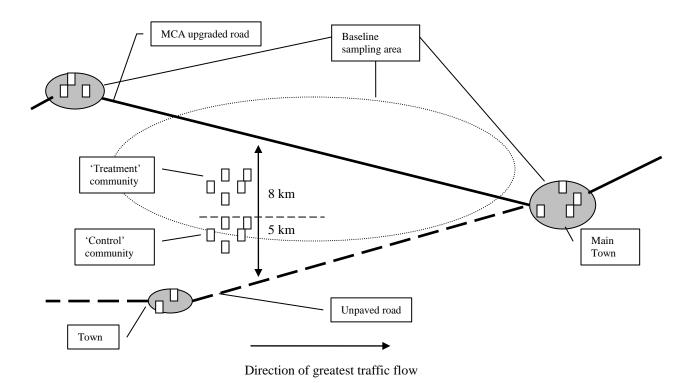


Figure 2 - Potential Roads Impact Evaluation Design

Selection Method: MCC selected a sub-set of roads from a joint World Bank and Ministry of Infrastructure Transport Project based on the technical feasibility and analysis of the rate of economic returns on road investments.

Baseline data collection: The World Bank contracted a socio-economic baseline study and traffic surveys for each of the roads and bridges in 2004/2005. MCC and MCA-CV have copies of these studies and have mutually agreed to accept them as the baseline dataset.

Interim data collection: No roads and/or bridges interim data collection activities are programmed. Special studies, surveys and/or traffic counts are not to be conducted until approximately one year after the completion of the civil works. Santiago roads were completed in January 2010. Santo Antao bridges were completed in October 2009.

Final data collection: Final improved roads network socio-economic studies and traffic counts for MCC funded Santiago roads and Santo Antao bridges are scheduled for November 2010. Due to the October 17, 2010 compact end date, said studies will be an integral part of the compact close out activities to take place during the compact completion period. MCA-M&E will contract an independent consultant to provide such services and report the outcomes of the results to MCC-M&E prior to December 2010. Post compact, MCC-M&E will explore opportunities for a more rigorous roads and bridges final evaluation by issuing a terms of reference to MCC prequalified IDIQ (Indefinite Deliverables/Indefinite Quantities) evaluation firms, not later than January 2011, requesting proposals for the a roads/bridges impact evaluation based on a rigorous experimental or quasi-experimental design. Assuming the likelihood of

awarding such an evaluation contract, it is anticipated that the post compact impact evaluation results will be available for public dissemination by not later than September-December 2011.

Methodology: The evaluation will compare the impact of the rehabilitated roads network on household incomes and business revenues in communities located within 5 kilometers of the roads with a group of similar communities that are more distant from the rehabilitated roads. If suitable control groups cannot be derived from the baseline data, a simple pre-post comparison will be accepted for evaluating road/bridge impacts on affected communities. The MCA Compact Closeout Report will include a) the recalculation of the Roads and Bridges Activity economic rate of returns in order to determine whether the forecast targets were achieved as well as b) estimated increases in mobility ratios, improvements in road smoothness, improvement in travel time ratios and savings derived from reduced vehicle operating costs. Refer to Attachment 10 for a description of the methodology for calculating the International Roughness Index.

It is suggested that the methodology and survey instruments used by the baseline consulting firm contracted by the World Bank (Estrategos Consultores Associados, SA) be repeated in the closeout activities in order to ensure consistency in the data collection instruments and, thereby, comparability of baseline and closeout data.

If the fielding of government household surveys, population and/or business censuses is timely, said data may be used to enrich evaluation results to examine business development in the targeted populations, and/or measure the effect of road construction on emerging migration patterns. Special studies may also be done on business development in the affected communities as a result of road improvements. This may be especially relevant for Assomada-Rincão (Road No: 4) as this road segment will provide this previously isolated fishing community on the island of Santiago improved access to markets and social services.

2. Infrastructure Project: Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity

Treatment group: Port of Praia

Control group: Porto Grande in Mindelo or a weighted average of comparable ports.

Selection Method: The Port of Praia was selected because it has had fewer recent improvements than the Port in Mindelo and is the most widely used port in the country.

Baseline data collection: ENAPOR (national authority for port administration) collects detailed, data on all ships using maritime ports and general port operations. Baseline data for port operations has been collected prior to construction activities. INE collects price and sector specific economic data.

Baseline data for port related businesses (2008 Formal Sector Business Survey and 2010 Port of Praia Baseline Surveys) will be collected prior to the completion of the Phase I civil works. 2010 Port of Praia Baseline Surveys, to be conducted by INE, will include a) a formal sector business survey of the 100 largest nation-wide businesses of the 10 largest Cape Verde imports/exports,

b) formal sector importers and exporters, c) informal business sector survey of transport service providers, d) informal business sector survey of port related wholesalers and distributors and e) ENAPOR Port of Praia operators/employees.

MCA-CV M&E will fund the 2010 Port of Praia Baseline Surveys prior to the completion of the Phase I civil works. Phase I port improvements include:1) the rehabilitation of quay 2, 2) the construction of the cargo village,3) the construction of the access road, 4) the preparation of Phase I and Phase II design studies and 5) the development of Phase I and Phase II environmental impact assessments) of said works using USD 47 million in compact funds.

Interim data collection: No Port of Praia interim data collection activities are programmed other than daily port administrative and operational statistics routinely gather by ENAPOR. The ex-post Economic Rate of Return Analysis and associated Beneficiary Analysis of Phase I will be completed by an MCA-Cape Verde M&E funded independent consultant contract by November 2010.

Final data collection: Due to the January 2008 restructuring of the Port of Praia Project, the Government of Cape Verde will finance post compact Phase II works using 86 million Euros (USD 107.5 million) from a concessional thirty year commercial loan guaranteed by the Government of Portugal. Phase II port improvements include: 1) the extension of Quay 1, 2) the construction of an attached linear breakwater, 3) the construction of an eight hectare reclaimed container yard, 4) the construction on cargo village buildings, 5) harbor dredging and navigation aides and 6) the supervision of the works. A consortium of three Portuguese construction companies was contracted in August 2010 to execute the 33 month construction project. The estimated completion data of Phase II works is September 2013.

Post compact, MCC-M&E will explore opportunities for a more rigorous Port of Praia final evaluation by issuing a terms of reference to MCC prequalified IDIQ (Indefinite Deliverables/Indefinite Quantities) evaluation firms, not later than January 2013, requesting proposals for the a maritime port impact evaluation based on a rigorous experimental or quasi-experimental design. Assuming the likelihood of awarding such an evaluation contract, the evaluation of Phase II will likely be completed in December 2013 - June 2014 following the completion of a 33 month construction period. In the event that a rigorous experimental or quasi-experimental design are not feasible, an independent consulting firm will conduct a pre and post comparison using ENAPOR (National Agency for Administration of Ports) administrative data and INE employee and formal and informal business related survey data. Post compact impact evaluations will be funded through the MCC impact evaluation due diligence budget.

Methodology: The strategy likely to be used will be a difference-in-differences approach that compares changes in the Port of Praia with either the port in Mindelo or a weighted average of comparable ports or, alternatively, a pre and post comparison of efficiency measures of port operations, private sector income growth and government revenue generated as a result of port improvements. Analysis will measure the relative changes in the cost of transportation to importers, the price of goods on select islands, the level of domestic and international traffic, as well as the growth trend in relevant sectors before and after the improvements to the port. Special studies will likely be undertaken to a) identify the impact of the port on transport

companies, shippers, importers, and other investments that seem to be sensitive to port expansion; e.g., tourism and b) analyze the extent to which the port project has contributed to achieving an overall compact objective of increasing the integration of internal markets through inter-island trade.

3. Private Sector Development Project

A rigorous impact evaluation will not be pursued for the Private Sector Development Project due to the significant reduction in the Project's scope. Notwithstanding, a detailed qualitative evaluation will be conducted on the Increasing Financial Intermediation Component of the Project. Said evaluation will focus primarily on products, processes and outcomes of the Private Sector Reform component with an emphasis on qualitative and quantitative results. Specifically, the evaluation will provide objective information on the following:

- 1) Relevance of the program, its initiatives, actions and strategies;
- 2) Program design against the actual and priority needs of target groups;
- 3) Progress made regarding expected products, services and processes and their actual contribution to the overall improvement in the performance of microfinance institutions;
- 4) Effectiveness of actions, strategies and methodologies adopted to implement the technical assistance considering the capacity to assimilate by recipients groups;
- 5) Sustainability of the results achieved and potential for benefit stream continuity;
- 6) Impacts on governance, financial management, diversification of products, services, improvements in process and portfolio management, planning, monitoring and evaluation, training, institutional and individual capacity building, information technologies and communication, and organizational capacity;
- 7) Impact on the beneficiaries serviced;
- 8) Ability of the MFIs to improve reporting procedures;
- 9) Evaluate the impact of training on microfinance institutions;
- 10) Qualitatively evaluate the project through an opinion survey with MFIs, FAM-F and and stakeholders.
- 11) Document principle lessons learned and opportunities for replication in future initiatives.

Special Studies

MCC and MCA-CV may request special studies of Projects, Project Activities or of the Program as a whole. In general, special studies will be conducted by independent consultant contracts in compliance with the Procurement Agreement although this will not preclude the possibility of select studies and or initiatives from being pursued by MCC-M&E staff, MCA-M&E staff and/or implementing entities.

5. Economic Analysis, Assumptions and Risks

The Cape Verde MCA program logic is based on specific assumptions about the linkages between individual Project Activities and the goal of increasing economic growth and reducing poverty. The economic rates of return are based on these assumptions. Risks are external to program implementation and are likely to affect program success.

Economic Analysis

A summary of the estimated economic rates of return (ERRs) is included in the table listed below.

Table 5 – Project Economic Rates of Return

Project / Project Activity	Economic Rate of Return
Agriculture Project ⁹	3% - 13%
Roads and Bridges Activity	14%
Port of Praia Activity ¹⁰	29%
Financial Sector Reform Activity	11%

The Watershed Management and Agriculture Support project ERR examines the increase in value added that results from the horticulture and fruit production made possible by the investments in watershed management. The Roads return measures the reduction in vehicle operating costs from improving existing roads and laying new ones, as well as the reduction in foregone earnings resulting from the new bridges connecting economic centers previously obstructed during rainy periods. In the Port estimate, studies undertaken by BCEOM have modeled the results of MCC investments in operational detail. In particular, the model captures explicitly MCC investments' contribution to relieving constraints on handling capacity, productivity, and ultimately port traffic. BCEOM's September 2007 study estimated benefits of these investments both in terms of cost reductions for port operations as well as GDP growth. Finally, the Financial Sector's ERR is based on published econometric estimates of the impact of the depth of the financial sector on GDP growth. There are a number of potential positive externalities that have not been included in the calculations.

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⁹ The Agricultural Project's ERR is based on farmers' crop selection and those crops' respective average farm-gate prices in 2007 (the exception is Cabbage, which uses the market price at Sal). A relatively lower-return crop mix of 20% of each of the following per hectare: Pepper, Lettuce, Cassava, Potato, and Banana yields a Project ERR of 3%. A relatively higher return crop mix of 20% each of the following per hectare: Tomato, Sweet Potato, Cabbage, Onion, and Mango yields a Project ERR of 13% (Value Added targets are based on this crop mix). Both scenarios assume a uniform cropping pattern across all watersheds and a small percentage of crops (10%) as low quality and therefore unsellable. This ERR should be viewed as conservative as it does not include income streams from other likely benefits from planned post-harvest centers, technical assistance, and other agricultural development services.

¹⁰ This ERR includes a 20% cost increase contingency. The returns are based on the completion of both Phases I and II.

Assumptions and Risks

The most significant assumptions and risks are presented in the tables below for each Project. Many of these assumptions have been included in the M&E Plan as indicators, as a way of testing the economic analysis assumptions during program implementation.

Table 6 - Assumptions and Risks

Watershed Management and Agriculture Support	
Assumptions	Risks
Drip irrigation will be installed on approximately 111.2 hectares with about 337 farmers adopting drip irrigation.	Farmers do not find drip irrigation credit terms favorable and do not widely adopt drip irrigation technology.
	Construction delays lead to a lack of access to water and delay in installation of drip irrigation. Infrastructure delays will impact the demand for credit to install drip irrigation.
Farmers on irrigated land will grow high-value horticultural crops and will cultivate, on the average, 2 crop cycles per year. Real prices remain constant.	Farmers do not realize sufficient profits to make payments on drip irrigation loans.
Sufficient market exists to absorb increased farm production.	The quarantine for horticulture products on Santo Antao is not lifted.
	There is insufficient water available to irrigate the number of targeted hectares.
	Domestic inter-island transportation infrastructure remains weak and local demand is not sufficient to absorb increased horticultural production.
	As with any construction project, there is the risk that costs will exceed the budget, thereby, negatively impacting the installed capacity of the surface water catchment infrastructure and water distribution works constructed.

Infrastructure Development	
Assumptions	Risks
Roads and Bridges	
There will be significant savings in vehicle operating costs for roads upgraded with asphalt	The Road Maintenance Fund is subject to pressure to allocate funds outside programmed maintenance. The design of this Road Maintenance Fund improves upon the structure of an earlier road maintenance-financing mechanism that did not prove successful.
There will be significant savings in travel time for	As with any construction project, there is the risk
roads upgraded with asphalt.	that costs will exceed the budget.

Bridges on Santo Antao are passable all year round.	
Port of Praia	
Absent port improvements, the economy, in particular, GDP growth would be constrained.	Growth in cargo traffic that was used as the basis for the expansion plan does not materialize or takes longer to materialize than projected.
Anticipated economic benefits rely on investments	
relieving constraints on productivity, handling capacity, and ultimately port traffic, generating	
benefits both in terms of cost reductions for port	
operations as well as GDP growth.	
	As with any construction project, there is the risk that costs will exceed the budget.
	Significant environmental risks include damage to
	the marine communities in the area of the port and contaminated dredge material and/or demolition
	waste.
	There is the risk that GoCV does not secure external funding to supplement budgetary shortfalls for the completion of Phase II works.
	ENAPOR does not proceed with the privatization of port operations or that privatization is unsuccessful.

Private Sector Development	
Assumptions	Risks
Financial Sector Reform	
At least three microfinance institutions agree to	MFIs do not become operationally and/or
accept assistance.	financially sustainable.

6. Implementation and Management of M&E

The MCA-CV M&E Plan must be approved by the MCA-CV Steering Committee and submitted to MCC for approval prior to the end of the Compact "initial operating period"; i.e., 180 days after compact "entry into force". Upon MCC-M&E approval, the M&E Plan will be posted on the MCA-CV website.

Before beginning implementation of Projects or Project Activities, MCA-CV will orient staff and Project implementers on how performance will be measured, and will provide any necessary training to comply with the M&E Plan. MCC-M&E will assist MCA-CV as needed or requested. MCA-CV will also review comments and suggestions from Steering Committee members, Stakeholders Groups and program beneficiaries. The Steering Committee must review and approve the M&E Plan before the fourth quarter of each Compact year. 11 MCC and MCA-CV

¹¹ This is a requirement of the Disbursement Agreement Section 3.5 (g).

may make adjustments to the M&E Plan as needed, *provided*, any such modification or amendment of the M&E Plan has been approved by MCC-M&E and is otherwise consistent with the requirements of the Compact and any relevant Supplemental Agreement between the Parties.

MCA-CV, for its part, will formulate detailed M&E Plans to monitor Project Activity performance through input, process and output level indicators. Refer to Attachment 2 for a list of Process Milestones and Attachment 3 for a list of Indicator Definition and Performance Tracking Tables.

The MCA-CV Senior Economist, the Monitoring and Evaluation Officer and the Monitoring and Evaluation Assistant will be responsible for carrying out the tasks associated with M&E.

Responsibilities

The general M&E responsibilities that MCA-CV will carry out include the following:

- Modify the M&E Plan as more information becomes known (for example, define indicators, baselines, and targets);
- Prepare and up-date the MCA-CV Detailed M&E Plans;
- Coordinate with implementers and/or execute directly the collection, data quality review and/or analysis of program related data;
- Prepare all MCA-CV M&E Reports for the MCC;
- Maintain an M&E database and work with NOSi to incorporate it into the national accounting system, SIGOF;
- Ensure that all M&E Reports and other relevant information is updated on the MCA-CV Web site;
- Manage contracts with local and/or international consultants for M&E services and verify the timeliness, quality and quantity of all deliverables;
- Coordinate or execute special studies and ad hoc evaluations as needed;
- Contract for and oversee program and project evaluation activities;
- Contract for and oversee data quality reviews; and
- Facilitate learning exchanges and information dissemination with the Cape Verde public and foreign donor community (lessons learned and best practices).

For the specific responsibilities of the M&E Analyst refer to Attachment 3.

Coordination of M&E Data Gathering

The gathering of data on activity level performance indicators (inputs, process milestones, outputs and select outcomes) will be conducted by government implementing entities and program related construction, supervision and technical assistance contractors. Government implementing entities include 1) the Ministry of the Environment, Rural Development and Marine Resources (MADRRM), 2) the National Statistical Institute (INE), 3) the Government Agency for Information Society (NOSi), 4) the National Institute of Water Management (INGRH), 5) Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport (MIT) and the National Administration of Maritime Ports (ENAPOR). The MCA-M&E Plan identifies all relevant performance indicators

(goal, objective, outcome, output, input and process milestones), definitions, units of measurement, responsible parties, targets and frequency of reporting. As per the MCA-M&E Plan, data is collected and reported by the implementing entities and contractors to MCA-CV on a monthly and/or quarterly basis. Data collection instruments that are not processed through the procurement plan and are funded with MCA funds require MCC-M&E written approval.

Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project¹²: The Central Coordination Unit in the Ministry of the Environment, Rural Development and Marine Resources (MADRRM) will be responsible for consolidating data collected and reported by the agricultural delegations in the participating watersheds; i.e., Paul (Santo Antao island), Faja (San Nicolau island) and Mosteiros (Fogo island). Agland Investment Services (technical assistance contractor) will report directly to the MCA Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project Manager. The National Statistical Office will provide supplemental data collection services in support of cyclical and socio-economic surveys as well as for determining and disseminating average monthly consumer price data of horticultural and fruit prices in select island markets. Caixa Economica and the four participating MFI's (ASDIS, MORABI, OMCV and SOLDIFOGO) will report to the MCA Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project Manager for all performance data related to the Credit Activity.

Roads and Bridges Activity of the Infrastructure Project: Construction and supervision of works contractors will provide written monthly progress reports on construction activities to the Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport (MIT) and the MCA Roads and Bridges Program Manager designated as responsible for government oversight.

Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Construction and supervision of works contractors will provide written monthly progress reports on construction activities to the Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport (MIT) and the MCA Port of Praia Program Manager designated as responsible for government oversight. ENAPOR will conduct routine data collection on port operations. As previously noted in the discussion of the Port of Praia impact evaluation, the National Statistical Office will provide baseline private sector data collection services including conducting a) a formal sector business survey of the 100 largest nation-wide businesses of the 10 largest Cape Verde imports/exports, b) formal sector importers and exporters, c) informal business sector survey of transport service providers, d) informal business sector survey of port related wholesalers and distributors and e) ENAPOR Port of Praia operators/employees.

<u>Private Sector Reform Activity of the Private Sector Development Project</u>: PlaNet Finance Advisory Servies (technical assistance contractor) and the five participating MFI's (ASDIS, FAMI-PICOS, MORABI, OMCV and SOLDIFOGO) will report to the MCA Private Sector Development Project Manager for all performance data related to the Financial Sector Reform Activity.

¹² The National Institute of Statistics (INE) and MCC pre-qualified IDIQ evaluation firms will be contracted for post compact data collection and analytical services in support of the Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project and Port of Praia Project impact evaluations.

Consultative Process

Civil society consultative activities have been programmed for each project and for each year throughout the life of the Compact. Consultative activities involve representative participation of direct beneficiaries, civil society organizations, private volunteer organizations, chambers of commerce, municipal governments, non-governmental organizations, microfinance institutions and other stakeholders in an annual review of planned and executed activities, results of environmental impact studies, the development of environmental impact implementation plans and the on-going reprogramming of project activities. Representative participation will be financed through project funds for rotating annual events hosted among four Cape Verde islands.

The Management Information System for M&E

MCA-CV will establish and maintain an appropriate management information system (MIS) for continuously monitoring and reporting the progress of each of its Projects. That system will cover indicators identified for tracking in both the M&E Plan as well as more detailed M&E Plans used by the MCA Unit and implementers. MCC will fund the upgrade of SIGOF, the existing government system for budgeting and financial management, to be used by MCA-CV as a program management and monitoring system to organize data and produce the necessary reports. The upgrade and maintenance of SIGOF will be done by NOSi in conjunction with technical assistance provided by MCA-M&E funded consultant services.

Institutional Strengthening for M&E

In order to strengthen the institutional capacity of implementing entities and corresponding project personnel and of MCA-CV staff, a number of support activities and products have been incorporated into the project work plans. Support activities and products include: 1) training host agency counterpart personnel in specialized software applications in support of the M&E process, project management and project-specific technical analysis, 2) supporting the on-going development of technical manuals and methodological documentation, 3) organizing workshops for the civil society consultative process, 4) providing technical assistance, 5) advancing electronic inter-agency interconnectivity and information exchange and 6) aligning Compact investments in software, database design and information systems development with the 2005 National Information Society Strategic Program and the Electronic Government Action Plan.

7. Budget

The original budget for the proposed M&E system implementation for the five-year term of the Compact was approximately US\$ 4.8 million. The M&E budget does not include the M&E staff (Senior Economist, M&E Officer and M&E Assistant) in the MCA-CV Management Unit whose salaries and field trips are included in the administrative budget of the Compact. The budget should not exceed the total amount over the five year compact period, but the distribution of funding between line items and years will be adjusted according to the results of the annual review of the M&E Plan. As a result of reviews to date, the revised budget has been recalculated

to US \$2.4 million. The most up-to-date version of the M&E budget is documented by MCA-CV in the detailed Financial Plan of the quarterly disbursement request package.

Table 7 – Monitoring and Evaluation Detailed Budget

MCA-Cape Verde Monitoring and Evaluation Budget 2005-2010 (USD)

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	Grand Total
Baseline Agricultural Surveys	3.071	79.028	7.095	0	0	0	89.195
Aquifer Monitoring	0	0	0	47.611	5.389	16.816	69.816
Manitarina Contam Inter							
Monitoring System Inter- connectivity among Intervention							
Agricultural Delegations	0	0	114.852	63.291	0	0	178.143
Implementation Consultative							
Process with Intervention Watersheds of Agricultural							
Support Project	0	12.531	6.380	o	1.760	1.002	21.673
Data Quality Reviews	0	0	14.429	0	0	40.306	54.735
Hardware and Communications							
Equipment for Implementing							
Monitoring System	0	0	0	227.487	10.225	0	237.712
Install GIS Capability in							
Government Integrated Budget							
and Financial System (SIGOF)	0	23.000	0	0	0	0	23.000
National Statistical Institute Implementing Entity Agreement							
for Data Collection and							
Dis semination Services	0	0	0	235.839	275.740	366.077	877.656
M&E Training of Counterpart Ministry Personnel	0	o	12.351	0	o	80.754	93,104
-	U	- 1	12.531	U	U	60.754	95.104
Drilling and Equiping Observation							
Well for Monitoring Water Quality in Santo Antao	0	o	0	0	15.211	0	15.211
	•	Ĭ	•	Ů	13.211	-	13.211
Baseline Socio-economic Survey							
in Agricultural Intervention Zones (Poverty Profile)	0	12.872	52.339	740	710	0	66.661
vempair election vellounaloji		12.0,2	72.333	740	710		00.001
Qualitative Impact Evaluation of Financial Sector Reform							
Component of Private Sector							
Development Project	0	0	0	0	0	34.000	34.000
Compact Clos eout Consultancy:							
Results Communications	0	o	0	0	0	40.526	40.526
Compact Clos cout Consultancy:	0	o	0	0	o	48.460	48.460
Compact Completion Report Compact Closeout Consultancy:	U	- 1	- 0	U	U	46.460	46.400
Calculation of Closeout							
Compact/Project Economic Rate							
of Returns and Beneficary Analyses	0	o	0	0	0	57.625	57.625
Software for Support of							3,1023
Monitoring System	0	0	0	71.864	106.377	172.164	350.405
Baseline Surveys of Port of Praia Formal and Informal Sector							
Business es, Wholes alers,							
Transport Service Providers and							
Em ploye es	0	0	0	0	4.148	42.840	46.988
Training: Statistical Package for							
the Social Sciences and							
Geographic Information Systems Technical Assistance for M&E	0	0	11.808	0	0	0	11.808
Diagnostic of Ministry of Health	0	o	o	0	o	39.600	39.600
Technical Assistance for	J	- 0	, J	U	0	33.000	33.000
Definition of MCA-M&E MIS		_					
System R equirements	0	9.800	0	0	0	0	9.800
Total	3.071	137.232	219.255	646.832	419.559	940.169	2.366.117

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 – Cape Verde Reporting Requirements

Performance Reporting is conducted on a quarterly basis to track Compact progress during the Implementation Phase. For the most up to date guidance please refer to the MCC website: http://www.mcc.gov/documents/guidance/policy-051209-mande.pdf

The Indicator Tracking Table (ITT) Template is available at: http://www.mcc.gov/documents/mcc-guidance-template-dr-annex05-itt.xls. The ITT must be delivered to MCC on a quarterly basis as part of the Quarterly Disbursement Request Package.

Attachment 2 – Process Milestones and Indicators

Project: Privat	Project: Private Sector Development – Credit Bureau										
Indicator	Definition	Data Source	Responsible Entity	Frequency of Data Collection	Targeted Milestone Date	Targeted Milestone Date Corresponds to Implementation Quarter	Status: Pending or Completed				
Signature of IEA with CSCC (Conselho Superior de Câmaras de Comércio)	Signed contract entered into effect	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	23 Jun 2008	11	Completed				
Tender Documents Approved and Issued	Establishes Credit Bureau	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	5 Dec 2008	13	Completed				
Project: Priva	te Sector Devel	opment –	Development of	of Microfinance	Institutions						
MCA-CV Approves Institutional Development Action Plans	Definition of actions, trainings, and activities for MFIs to be completed	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	3 Oct 2008	13	Completed				
MCA accepts Quarter 18 Progress Report (3 of 5 selected MFIs are financially sustainable and 4 of 5 are operationally sustainable)	Successful achievement of project goals for pre- selected MFIs	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	26 May2010	19	Completed				

Project: Priva	Project: Private Sector Development – Government Securities										
Indicator	Definition	Data Source	Responsible Entity	Frequency of Data Collection	Milestone date	Milestone Target Date corresponds to implementations Quarter	Status: Pending or Completed				
Legislation modified permitting sale of securities to individuals	Expands access to the primary market	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	23 Sep2008	12	Completed				
New auction process approved by Ministry of Finance	Improves the market's operational environment	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	31 Dec2008	13	Completed				
Project: Wate	Project: Water Management and Agricultural Services										
Government approves new water pricing policy	Unit consumption charge established for irrigation use	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	29Aug 2008	12	Completed				
Completion and equipping of rural extension centers in all three watersheds (Paul, Fajã, and Mosteiros)	Technical assistance available to Islands' farmers	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	30 Sep2008	12	Completed				
Construct and equip post harvest center in Santo Antão island	Agricultural marketing services available to Santo Antão Island	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	30 Oct2009	17	Completed				

Project: Roads Rehabilitation										
Indicator	Definition	Data Source	Responsible Entity	Frequency of Data Collection	Milestone date	Milestone Target Date corresponds to implementations Quarter	Status: Pending or Completed			
All Compromise Agreements signed for Road 1	Allows construction for Road 1 to begin	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	30 Jun2008	11	Completed			
All Compromise Agreements signed or Expropriation process completed for Road 2	Allows construction for Road 2 to begin	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	31 Jul2008	12	Completed			

Project: Por	Project: Port of Praia – Phase 1										
Indicator	Definition	Data Source	Responsible Entity	Frequency of Data Collection	Milestone date	Milestone Target Date corresponds to implementations Quarter	Status: Pending or Completed				
Contract for Phase 1 Works Signed	Engineering Construction Firm officially contracted to complete Phase 1	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	31 Jul 2008	12	Completed				
BCEOM Submits Final Design for Phase II Works	Phase II designs and MCA obligation for Phase II complete	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	7 Aug 2008	12	Completed				
Site Installation Complete	Prepares Phase I works to begin	MCA	MCA-Cape Verde	One time	23 Oct2008	13	Completed				

Attachment 3 – Indicator Definition Tables and Performance Tracking Tables

Indicator Definition Table: Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project

Objectives	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequency Data Reporting MCC	of to	Responsible Party
Sustainable	Volume of available water	Captured surface water plus water available through new wells from MCA project	m3	Annual reports by DGASP. Monthly monitoring report by INGRH.	Standard calculations done by DGASP based on existing infrastructure including reservoirs, wells, etc	Annually		INGRH
Watershed Management	Tons of solid material retained through soil conservation infrastructure	Tons of solid material retained with rural infrastructure for soil conservation and water catchment through torrential correction dikes from MCA project	Tons	Annual Monitoring Report	DGASP has a standard calculation for "tons retained" based on information provided by the Delegations on the completion of infrastructure construction	Annually		DGASP (Central)

Indicator Definition Table: Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project

Objectives	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequency of Data Reporting t MCC	Responsible Party
	Productivity	Average yield per production cycle for horticulture products across the three intervention areas. Horticulture includes the following products: tomato, onion, carrot, cabbage, bell pepper, cucumber, cauliflower, parsley, hot pepper, squash, potato, sweet potato, and cassava.	Tons per hectare	MCA Watershed Baseline Survey 2006, MCA Seasonal Surveys 2008/9 and 2009/10; MCA Socio- economic Final Survey 2010.	Agriculture Cycle Surveys based on a randomized representative sample of the baseline survey. End-of- Compact exhaustive survey of the intervention zones.	Annually (Q4 to Q20)	INE/ MADRRM
Increase Agricultural Productivity in the Intervention Areas	Value-added for farms.	Value-added for farms is defined as "Farm profits plus wages from the drip irrigation activities in the intervention areas."	2007 thousands of US dollars, exchange rate adjusted	MCA Watershed Baseline Survey 2006, MCA Seasonal Surveys 2008/9 and 2009/10; MCA Socio- economic Final Survey 2010.	Agriculture Cycle Surveys based on a randomized representative sample of the baseline survey. End-of- Compact exhaustive survey of the intervention zones.	Annually (Q4 to Q20)	INE/ MADRRM
	Number of crop cycles	Average number of crop cycles attained by farmers cultivating horticulture with drip irrigation and technical assistance in the intervention watershed	Number	MCA Watershed Baseline Survey 2006, MCA Seasonal Surveys 2008/9 and 2009/10; MCA Socio- economic Final Survey 2010.	Agriculture Cycle Surveys based on a randomized representative sample of the baseline survey. End-of- Compact exhaustive survey of the intervention zones.	Annually (Q4 to Q20)	INE/ MADRRM

Indicator Definition Table: Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project

Objectives	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequency of Data Reporting to MCC	Responsible Party
	Number of farmers that have applied improved techniques	Total number of farmers or rural entrepreneurs that are applying new production or managerial techniques introduced or supported by MCC, such as input use, production techniques, irrigation, post harvest treatment, and farm management techniques.	Number	MCA Socio-economic Final Survey 2012.	End-of- Compact exhaustive survey of the intervention zones.	End-of-Compact (Q20)	INE
	Number of farmers adopting drip irrigation	Number of farmers adopting drip irrigation through the MCA WMAS project in the intervention watersheds	Number	Monthly progress report from Agriculture Project Management Firm and Delegations	Administrative form submitted by the Delegations every month	Quarterly	MADRRM- DGASP Delegations
Increase Productive Capacity	Percent of contracted irrigation construction works disbursed	Total amount of all signed construction contracts for agricultural irrigation investments disbursed divided by total value of all contracts awarded. Denominator = Value of signed contracts for construction as defined above. Numerator = Amount of money disbursed on these contracts. This is a proxy indicator for completion. However, since the numerator includes industry standard advance payments and mobilization fees, it does not correlate perfectly with progress.	Percent (%)	MCA contractual agreements and supervisor progress reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA

Value of irrigation construction contracts signed	Total value of all signed construction contracts for agricultural irrigation investments including boreholes (monitoring and production), re-equiping production wells, construction of dikes, reservoirs and main water distribution systems. If the value of a contract changes, the amount of the change (either + or -) should be reported in the quarter where the change occurred. Cost sharing by others (e.g., co financing by other donors or government) should not be included.	\$ US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisor progress reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA
USD value disbursed against irrigation works contracts signed	Total value of all signed construction contracts for agricultural irrigation investments including boreholes (monitoring and production), re-equipping production wells, construction of dikes, reservoirs and main water distribution systems disbursed	Millions \$US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisor progress reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA

Hectares under production	Total number of hectares under agricultural production with MCC support, including irrigation systems, agricultural inputs, credits, or technical assistance.	Hectares	MCA Socio-economic Final Survey 2012.	End-of- Compact exhaustive survey of the intervention zones.	End-of-Compact (Q20)	INE
Hectares under improved or new irrigation	Total number of hectares irrigated with drip irrigation through the MCA WMAS in the intervention zones.	Hectares	MCA Watershed Baseline Survey 2006, MCA Seasonal Surveys 2008/9 and 2009/10; Monthly Progress Reports and MCA Socio-economic Final Survey 2010.	Agriculture Cycle Surveys based on a randomized representative sample of the baseline survey. Data collection by contractor. End-of- Compact exhaustive survey of the intervention zones.	Quarterly (Q16 - Q20)	INE/ MADRRM – DGASP Delegations and DSSA
Reservoirs constructed	Number of reservoirs constructed through the MCA WMAS in the intervention watersheds	Number	Monthly Progress Reports	Data collection by contractor.	Quarterly (Q12 - Q20)	MADRRM - DGASP Delegations
Number of farmers trained	Number of farmers trained in at least 3 of 5 core disciplines through the MCA MAAP extension program	Number	Monthly progress report from Agriculture Project Management Firm and Delegations	Administrative form submitted by the Delegations every month	Quarterly	MAAP- DGASP Delegations
Number of farmers trained in drip irrigation	Number of farmers trained in drip irrigation discipline through the MCA MAAP extension program	Number	Monthly progress report from Agriculture Project Management Firm and Delegations	Administrative form submitted by the Delegations every month	Quarterly	MAAP- DGASP Delegations

Indicator Definition Table: Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project

Objectives	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequenc y of Data Reporting to MCC	Responsibl e Party
	USD Value of agricultural and rural loans	Total volume of loans to farmers and agribusinesse s by microfinance institutions for MCA WMAS agricultural production.	2006 US Dollars, exchang e rate adjusted	MFI's Annua I Report	Consolidate d MFIs' Balance Sheet	Quarterly	Caixa Economic a / MFIs
Increase Financial Capacity of Participant s	Number of new loans disbursed - agriculture: All Watersheds (Paul, Faja, and Mosteiros)	Total number of loans to farmers and agribusinesse s by microfinance institutions for MCA WMAS agricultural production.	2006 US Dollars, exchang e rate adjusted	MFI's Annua l Report	Consolidate d MFIs' Balance Sheet	Quarterly	Caixa Economic a / MFIs
	Portfolio Risk above 90 days	The value of loans to farmers and agribusinesse s by microfinance institutions for MCA WMAS agricultural production outstanding	%	MFI's Annua I Report	Consolidate d MFIs' Balance Sheet	Quarterly	MCA / Caixa Economic a / MFIs

II	
	that have one
	or more
	installments
	of principal
	past due
	more than 90
	days divided
	by the total
	Gross Loan
	Portfolio

Performance Tracking Table: Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project

			Annual	Targets				
Objective	Indicators	Baseline	Year					_ Compact
			1	2	3	4	5	Total
	Volume of Available Water (Cubic Meters)	0			6,600	232,600	226,600	465,800
	Paul (SA)	0			6,600	219,600	213,600	439,800
	Faja (SN)	0				6,000	6,000	12,000
	Mosteiros (FG)	0				7,000	7,000	14,000
Sustainable	Tons of solid material retained through soil conservation infrastructure (Tons)	0			8,688	16,864		25,552
Watershed	Paul (SA)	0			3,995	7,755		11,750
Management	Torrential correction dikes	0			3,995	7,755		11,750
	Faja (SN)	0			1,505	2,922		4,427
	Torrential correction dikes	0			1,505	2,922		4,427
	Mosteiros (FG)	0			3,187	6,187		9,375
	Torrential correction dikes	0			1,940	3,767		5,707
	Small Dikes	0			1,247	2,421		3,668
	Productivity: Horticulture (tons/ha)							
	Paul (SA)	5.9					9.4	9.4
	Faja (SN)	10.2					14.3	14.3
T.	Mosteiros (FG)	8.0					11.1	11.1
Increase Agricultural	Value added for farms (thousands of US dollars)	67.7				508.7	729.6	729.6
Productivity in	Paul (SA)	55.2				130.0	204.3	204.3
the	Faja (SN)	8.4				251.9	335.1	335.1
Intervention Zones	Mosteiros (FG)	4.1				126.8	190.2	190.2
Zones	Number of crop cycles (number)	1.33				2.00	2.00	2.00
	Paul (SA)	2.00				3.00	3.00	3.00
	Faja (SN)	1.00				1.50	1.50	1.50
	Mosteiros (FG)	1.00				1.50	1.50	1.50

^{**}Compact Total not applicable - indicator is a point in time value, not cumulative

Performance Tracking Table: Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project

			Annual	Targets				
Objective	Indicators	Baseline	Year					— Compact Total
			1	2	3	4	5	Compact Total
	Number of farmers adopting drip irrigation (number)	0			109	228		337
	Paul (SA)	0			109	120		229
	Faja (SN)	0				59		59
	Mosteiros (FG)	0				49		49
	Hectares Under Improved or New Irrigation (Ha)	0				74.8	36.4	111.2
	Paul (SA)	0				36.6	20.9	57.5
т	Faja (SN)	0				22.1	7.4	29.4
Increase Productive	Mosteiros (FG)	0				16.2	8.1	24.3
Capacity	Reservoirs constructed (number)	0			11	17		28
	Paul (SA)	0			8	5		13
	Faja (SN)	0			2	6		8
	Mosteiros (FG)	0			1	6		7
	Number of farmers trained (number)	0			100	400	300	800
	Paul (SA)	0			50	150	125	325
	Faja (SN)	0			25	125	75	225
	Mosteiros (FG)	0			25	125	100	250

Performance Tracking Table: Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project

Objective		Indicators		An	nual	Target	S		
				Yea	ar				Compact
				1	2	3	4	5	Total
Increase	Financial	USD Value of Agricultural and Rural Loans (USD)	0				56,250	543,750	600,000
Capacity	of	Portfolio Risk Above 90 days (%)	0%					5%	5%
Participants		Number of new loans disbursed (number)	0				45	195	240
		Number of farmers that have applied improved techniques (number)	0					480	480
		Percent of contracted irrigation construction works disbursed (%)	0		1%	33%	100%		100%
		USD value of irrigation construction contracts signed (millions USD)							NA
		USD value disbursed against irrigation works contracts signed (millions USD)							NA
		Number of farmers trained in drip in irrigation (number)	0					640	640
		Hectares under production (Ha)	0					319.8	319.8

Indicator Definition Table: Port of Praia Project

Objectives	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequency of Data Reporting to MCC	Responsible Party
	Port of Praia: Percent of contracted works disbursed	Amount of contracted Port works disbursed to implementer divided by total value of Port works contracts signed.	%	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA
	USD value of Port works contracts signed	The value in \$US of all contracts that MCAs have signed with contractors to implement Port works	Millio ns \$US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA
Improve the	USD value of Port works contracts disbursed	The value in \$US of contracted Port works disbursed to implementer	Millio ns \$US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA
fixed assets of the Port of Praia Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia	Percent of contracts for Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management signed works disbursed against signed	The aggregate amount disbursed divided by all signed contracts to to develop feasibility, design studies and/or program managment	%	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA
	USD value of contracts for Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management signed	The value in \$US of all contracts that MCAs have signed with contractors to develop feasibility, design studies and/or program managment	Millio ns \$US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA
	USD value of contracts for Port feasibility, design, supervision and	The value in \$US disbursed for all contracts to develop feasibility, design studies and/or program managment	Millio ns \$US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA

program management disbursed

Performance Tracking Table: Port of Praia Project - Phase I

			Annual Ta	argets				
Objective	Indicator	Baseline						
			Year					
			1	2	3	4	5	Compact Total
	Port of Praia: Percent of contracted works disbursed (%)	0.0%				49%	100%	100%
	USD value of Port works contracts signed (millions USD)	0						NA
	USD value of Port works contracts disbursed (millions USD)	0				17.18	44.03	44.03
Improve the Fixed Assets of the Port of Praia	Percent of contracts for Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management signed works disbursed against signed (%)	0%				49%	100%	100%
	USD value of contracts for Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management signed (millions USD)	0						NA
	USD value of contracts for Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management disbursed (millions USD)	0						NA

Indicator Definition Table: Roads and Bridges Project

Objective	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequency of Data Reporting to MCC	Responsible Party
Increase	Mobility ratio - "Percentage of beneficiary population who take at least 5 trips per month"	Percentage of beneficiary population who take at least 5 trips per month. Beneficiaries are those living within 2 kilometers of the road. Trips include trips to school, health centers, markets, workplace, and other locations as defined in the World Bank's socioeconomic baseline survey. Trip frequency should be cross analyzed by vehicle type.	%	IDIQ Evaluation Firm	Socio- economic survey	Approximately 1 year after finishing each activity	MIT
Integration of the Internal Market and Reduce Transport Costs	Travel time ratio — "Percentage of beneficiary population further than 30 minutes from a central or minimarket"	Percentage of beneficiary population who travel more than 30 minutes from central or mini market. Beneficiaries are those living within 2 kilometers of the road.	%	IDIQ Evaluation Firm	Socio- economic survey	Approximately 1 year after finishing each activity	MIT
	Savings on transport costs from upgraded roads and bridge improvements	The savings on vehicle operating costs are calculated using the RED model for roads (1) Orgãos-Pedra Badejo, (2) Cruz Grand-Calhetona, and (4) Assomada-Rincão. An alternative methodology is used for bridge construction, which estimates the benefit as recouping wages foregone by bridge closures.	2006 \$US million, exchange rate adjusted	IDIQ Evaluation Firm	Socio- economic survey	Approximately 1 year after finishing each activity	MIT

Indicator Definition Table: Roads and Bridges Project

Objective	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequency of Data Reporting to MCC	Responsible Party
	Number of days per year that bridges are <u>not</u> passable	Estimated number of days per year that bridges are not passable	Number of days	IDIQ Evaluation Firm	Socio-economic survey	Approximately 1 year after finishing each activity	MIT
	Kilometers (km) of roads/bridges under design	The length of roads/bridges in kilometers under design contracts. This may include building new roads/ bridges, modifying existing roads/bridges, reconstruction, rehabilitation, resurfacing or upgrading.	Km	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV
Improve Rural Transport Network	USD value of Road/Bridges works feasibility, design, supervision and program management contracts signed	The value in \$US of all contracts that MCAs have signed with contractors to develop feasibility and/or design studies for systems of roads/bridges. If the value of the contract changes, the amount of the change (either + or -) should be reported in the quarter that the change occurred	Millions \$ US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV
	USD value of Road/Bridges works feasibility, design, supervision and program management contracts dirbursed	Amount of money disbursed on the signed contracts to develop feasibility and/or design studies for systems of roads/bridges	Millions \$ US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV

Percent disbursed for contracted Roads/Bridges studies	The aggregate amount disbursed divided by all signed contracts to develop feasibility and/or design studies for systems of roads/bridges. Denominator = Value of signed contracts for studies as defined above. Numerator = Amount of money disbursed on the signed contracts for roads/bridges studies. This is a proxy indicator for completion.	%	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV
USD value of Road/Bridges works contracts signed	The value in US\$ of all contracts that MCAs have signed with contractors for construction of new or rehabilitated roads/bridges. If the value of the contract changes, the amount of the change (either + or -) should be reported in the quarter that the change occurred. Cost sharing by others (e.g., co financing by other donors or government) should not be included.	Millions \$ US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV
USD value of Road/Bridges works contracts disbursed	Amount of money disbursed on the signed contracts for roads/bridges works	Millions \$ US	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, supervision reports, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV

Percent of contracted Roads/Bridges works disbursed	The aggregate amount disbursed divided by all signed contracts for construction of new or rehabilitated Roads/Bridges. Denominator = Value of signed contracts for roads works as defined above. Numerator = Amount of money disbursed on the signed contracts for roads/bridges works. This is a proxy indicator for physical completion of road/bridges works. However, since the numerator includes industry standard advance payments and mobilization fees, it does not correlate perfectly with physical progress. If the value of the contract changes, the amount of the change (either + or -) should be reported in the quarter that the change occurred. Cost sharing by others (e.g., cofinancing by other donors or government) should not be included.	%	MCA contractual agreements and supervisory reports.	Regular assessment of contracts, supervision reports, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV
Kilometers (km) of roads completed	The length of roads/bridges in kilometers on which construction or rehabilitation is complete.	Km	Supervisory firm's report	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV

Kilometers (km) of Roads/Bridges under works contracts	The length of roads/bridges in kilometers under works contract for construction or rehabilitation. This may include building new roads/bridges or modifying existing roads/bridges.	Km	Supervisory firm's report	Regular assessment of contracts, financial reports, and payment records.	Quarterly	MCA-CV
Roughness	Measure of the roughness of the road/bridge surface, in meters height per kilometer of distance traveled. This is measured by either an IRI machine or taking the maximum speed that a vehicle can travel on a road/bridge and finding the corresponding roughness measure.	IRI	IDIQ Evaluation Firm	Socio-economic survey	Approximately 1 year after finishing each activity	MIT
Average Annual Daily Traffic	Average number of vehicles per day, averaged over different times (day and night) and over different seasons to arrive at an annualized daily average.	Number	IDIQ Evaluation Firm	Socio-economic survey	Approximately 1 year after finishing each activity	MIT

Objective	Indicator	Baseline	Annual Targets					
			Year					Compact
			1	2	3	4	5	Total
Increase integration	Mobility Ratio - "Percentage of beneficiary population who take at least 5 trips per month" (%)	52%					65%	65%
of internal markets and reduce	Travel Time Ratio - "Percentage of beneficiary population further than 30 minutes from nearest market" (%)	54%					48%	48%
transport costs	Savings on transport cost from upgraded roads and bridge improvements (millions USD)	0.0					1.9	1.9
Improve rural	Number of days per year that bridges are <u>not</u> passable (days)	8				0		0
transport network	Kilometers (km) of roads completed	0				24	15.3	39.3
	Kilometers (km) of Roads/Bridges under design	0		63.4				63.4
	Kilometers (km) of Roads/Bridges under works contracts	0					40.6	40.6
	USD Value of Roads/Bridges works feasibility, design, supervision and program mgmt contracts signed (millions USD)	0						NA
	USD Value of Roads/Bridges works feasibility, design, supervision and program mgmt contracts disbursed (millions USD)	0						NA
	Percent disbursed for contracted studies (%)	0%					100%	100%
	USD Value of Road/Bridges works contracts signed (millions USD)	0						NA
	USD Value of Roads/Bridges works contracts disbursed (millions USD)	0						NA
	Percent of contracted Roads/Bridges works disbursed (%)	0%					100%	100%
	Roughness Road 1 (Orgãos - Pedra Badejo) (IRI)	19					2	2
	Roughness Road 2 (Cruz Grande - Calhetona) (IRI)	18					2	2
	Roughness Road 4 (Assomada - Rincão) (IRI)	20.7					2	2

Roughness Road 4A (Assomada - Chã de Tanque) (IRI)	20.7	2	2
Roughness Road 4B (Chã de Tanque - Rincão) (IRI)	20.7	2	2
Roughness Road Vila das Pombas - Eito (Bridge B + Road Eito) (IRI)	18	10	10
Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 1 (Orgãos - Pedra Badejo) (days)	298	375	375
Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 2 (Cruz Grande - Calhetona) (days)	440	554	554
Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 4 (Assomada – Rincão) (days)	543	684	684
Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 4A (Assomada – Chã de Tanque (days)	46	58	58
Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 4B (Chã de Tanque – Rincão) (days)	497	626	626
Average Annual Daily Traffic Bridge Ribeira Grande – Paul (days)	552	695	695
Average Annual Daily Traffic Bridge Ribeira da Torre - Ponta de Sol (days)	765	963	963
Average Annual Daily Traffic Bridge A Paul (Vila das Pombas) (days)	671	845	845
Average Annual Daily Traffic Road Vila das Pombas - Eito (Bridge B + Road Eito) (days)	410	517	517

Indicator Definition Table: Private Sector Development Project

Objectives	Indicators	Definition of Indicators	Units	Source	Methodology	Frequency of Data Reporting to MCC	Responsible Party
Increase Financial	MFI Gross Loan portfolio	All outstanding principal for all outstanding client loans, including current, delinquent and restructured loans, but not loans that have been written off. Does not include interest receivable or employee loans.	Thousand \$ECV	MFI TA Provider / MFI's quarterly Report	Quarterly reports	Quarterly	MCA / Contractor
Intermediation	MFI Gross Loan portfolio, adjusted	Gross Loan portfolio adjusted 180 days	Thousand \$ECV	MFI TA Provider / MFI's quarterly Report	Quarterly reports	Quarterly	MCA / Contractor
Decrease Risk	MFI Portfolio at Risk above 30 days, adjusted	The value of all loans outstanding that have one or more installments of principal past due more than 30 days divided by the total Gross Loan Portfolio, adjusted 180 days	%	MFI TA Provider / MFI's quarterly Report	Quarterly reports	Quarterly	MCA / Contractor
	Ratio of MFIs Operationally Self-Sufficient	Number of MFIs out of all MFIs operating on their own after benefiting from MCA-CV Technical Assistance.	Ratio	Microfinance Contractor's report	Annual reports	Annually	MCA / Contractor
Increase Overall Financial Performance	Ratio of MFIs Financially Self- Sufficient	Number of MFIs out of all MFIs generating profit (net income) from micro-credit activities after benefiting from MCA-CV Technical Assistance.	Ratio	Microfinance Contractor's report	Annual reports	Annually	MCA / Contractor

Performance Tracking Table: Private Sector Development Project

			Annual	Targets				
Objective	Indicator	Baseline	Year					Compact
			1	2	3	4	5	Total
Increase Financial	MFI Gross Loan portfolio (Thousand \$ECV)	223,101			256,000	287,000	323,000	323,000
Intermediation	MFI Gross Loan portfolio, adjusted (Thousand \$ECV)	152,528			175,000	194,000	222,000	222,000
Decrease Risk	MFI Portfolio at Risk above 30 days, adjusted (%)	16%	16%				14%	14%
Increase Overall Financial	Ratio of MFIs Operationally Self-Sufficient (ratio)	2/5					4/5	4/5
Performance	Ratio of MFIs Financially Self-Sufficient (ratio)	0/5					3/5	3/5

Attachment 4 – Monitoring & Evaluation Officer Duties and Responsibilities

MONITORING AND EVALUATION OFFICER: The Monitoring and Evaluation Analyst will be responsible for the overall M&E system of the Program and implementation of related activities for each project, as well as providing timely and relevant information to all program stakeholders. This position reports to the Senior Economist of MCA-Cape Verde. Specific responsibilities include:

- Guide the set up of the M&E system and strategy, including data-collection, dataanalysis and reporting systems, and oversee its effective implementation by implementing partners.
- Collaborate on the design and the development of the M&E MIS system.
- Supervise data collection, including the design of surveys when needed, by implementing entities.
- Directly participate in the monitoring of each project through site visits, review of project reports and review of secondary data.
- Regularly review M&E data with appropriate decision makers to ensure that projects are reaching their objectives and, if changes are needed, that timely decisions on corrective actions are made and implemented.
- Ensure that MCA-CV maintains current comprehensive technical documentation of the baseline development and the methodologies used to calculate targets.
- Ensure that any modification or amendment of the M&E Plan is approved by MCC in writing, as per Compact Annex III Section 5 (d) regarding Modifications.
- Prepare periodic reports regarding program monitoring and evaluation for review by the Senior Economist that will be submitted to the Steering Committee, Stakeholders Group and MCC.
- Assist in the preparation of other periodic reports including, but not limited to, monitoring and evaluation reports, budgets, implementation reports from project managers and implementing entities, procurement reports, and others as defined in the implementation procedures.
- Ensure that the MCA-Cape Verde web page contains all up-to-date relevant reports for public access by the program stakeholders.
- Participate in the planning and execution of annual project reviews.
- Organize regular data quality reviews and oversee the process for selecting independent reviewers.
- Support the Senior Economist with the development of the evaluation plan and schedule.
- Develop terms of reference for procurement of evaluations and other studies related to the M&E process.
- Ensure that staff and implementing partners are receiving adequate support to be able to implement their M&E functions.
- Other tasks and responsibilities as requested by the Senior Economist.

Attachment 5 – Monitoring & Evaluation Assistant Duties and Responsibilities

The Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Assistant is responsible for the overall operation of the monitoring system within the Management Unit (MU) and to support the development of the implementations plans. He/she is also responsible for providing timely and relevant information to the Monitoring and Evaluation Officer and the Senior Economist. This entails close communication with all involved in M&E implementation: MCC-M&E Specialist, MCA-M&E Officer, Senior Economist, Project Managers and M&E staff within the Implementing Entities (IE). The M&E Assistant reports to the M&E Analyst and performs the following specific duties:

- In collaboration with the M&E Officer, coordinate the process for reporting on key performance indicators including comparison to targets. Design the format for such performance monitoring reports.
- Collaborate in updating the MCA Web site.
- Identify specific needs of primary data collection processes.
- Assist the M&E Officer in the development and implementation of the Monitoring Plan.
- Assist the M&E Officer in the design and the development of the M&E MIS system.
- Directly participate in the monitoring of each project through site visits, the review of project reports and the review of primary and secondary data.
- Permanently review the quality of data collected by implementing entity field monitors.
- Support the Procurement Manager and Project Managers in updating the Procurement Plan on Excel spreadsheets.
- Other tasks and responsibilities as requested by the M&E Officer.

The M&E Assistant will provide on-going support to the Senior Economist and perform the following specific duties:

- Assist in the development of the individual project budget and work plans disaggregated at the project activity and sub-activity levels.
- Address specific budget implementation issues as assigned by the Senior Economist.
- Provide follow-up to for the implementation of the Fiscal Accountability Plan.
- Design Excel spreadsheets for submission of project work plans and detailed budgets for each implementing entity.
- Assist the Senior Economist in the measurement of the Program's macroeconomic impact, including sectoral growth and poverty analysis.
- Other tasks and responsibilities as requested by the Senior Economist.

$Attachment\ 6-Text\ Modifications:\ from\ 14Apr06M\&E\ Plan\ to\ 20Dec08M\&E\ Plan$

Change	Section Number	Section Title	Nature of Change(s)	Reason for change
1.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: The Infrastructure Project	Project description changed from rehabilitation of 5 roads to rehabilitation of 3 roads.	Compact restructuring
2.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: Private Sector Development Project	Description of "Partnership to Mobilize Investment" deleted.	Reflect change in Compact scope.
3.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: Expected Impact	Identification of M&E analysis changed to five levels from three levels.	Reflection of new MCC monitoring guidelines and addition of Process Milestone indicators
4.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: Figure 1	Removal of 'Improved Environment for Business Development in Priority Sectors' from the Compact Results Chain.	Reflect change in Compact scope.
5.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: Table 1	 a. Increase in annual income changed from \$10 million and \$22.3 million to \$6.9 million and \$27.1 million in Years 5 and 10, respectively. b. Increase in income from WMAS project changed from \$1.5 million and \$1.5 million to \$0.7 million and 2.0 million in Years 5 and 10, respectively. c. Increase in income from Port Activity changed from \$5.4 million and \$16.7 million to \$4.1 million and \$21.9 million in Years 5 and 10, respectively. d. Increase in income from the Partnership to Mobilize Investment Activity deleted. 	 a. Update of Compact ERRs b. Update of WMAS ERR. c. Use of updated ERR methodology. d. Reflects changes in Compact scope.
6.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: Program Beneficiaries, Table 2 and Table 3.	Beneficiary numbers updated in Tables 2 and 3 for WMAS and Roads Projects, respectively, and in the accompanying text.	Reflect updated Project activities and national statistics.
7.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: Infrastructure	Text added to explain why MCC will only be funding Phase I of the Project.	

		Development Project		
8.	3	Monitoring Component	Removal of Project level monthly M&E plan requirement	Over-burdensome reporting and planning.
9.	3	Monitoring Component: Indicators	Mention of Process Milestone indicators' addition	Reflect new reporting requirement
10.	3	Monitoring Component: Pending Baselines and Targets, Table 4	 a. Number of crop-cycles removed. b. Targets needed for on-time repayment rate (farmers) and volume of new loans disbursed for drip irrigation. c. Aquifer level removed. d. Value-added, Volume of private investments, and Volume of public-investments above current trends removed. 	 a. Baseline and targets established for number of crop cycles. b. Updated definitions require updated targets c. No longer an indicator; baseline or targets necessary d. No longer indicators; baseline and targets necessary
11.	3	Monitoring Component: Disaggregation of Data, Table 5	Indicators in table updated	Reflections indicator updates and disaggregation needs.
12.	3	Monitoring Component: Data Quality Reviews	Second data quality review moved from Q12 to Q16	Maximize the data reviewed under the 2 nd Data Quality Review
13.	3	Monitoring Component: Standard Reporting Requirements	a. Mid-term review eliminated b. Updated language on Performance Reporting	 a. Reference to Mid-term review removed because quarterly Portfolio Reviews are sufficient. b. Reflects updated MCC policy.
14.	3	Monitoring Component: Linking Disbursements to Performance, Table 6	Linking Disbursements to Performance Section and Accompanying table (Table 6 in original version) removed.	Reflects managerial decision.
15.	4	Evaluation Component: Watershed Project Impact Evaluation	a. Control Group language updated;b. Selection method language refined;c. Methodology section discussing bias updated.	Reflects new methodology.
16.	4	Evaluation Component: Roads and Bridges Impact Evaluation	a. Treatment group language updated;b. Control group language updated;c. Figure 2 added to clarify methodology;	Reflects new methodology.

			d. Methodology updated.	
17.	4	Evaluation Component: Port Impact Evaluation	a. Interim data collection process updated;b. Final data collection process updated;	Reflects new methodology.
18.	4	Evaluation Component: Private Sector Development Project	Description of evaluation plan updated.	Reflects changes in Project scope.
19.	5	Economic Analysis, Assumptions, and Risks: Economic Analysis, Table 7	a. Agricultural Project ERR updated from 10% to a range of 3% to 13%.b. Port activity ERR updated from 23% to 29% along with corresponding text.c. Footnotes added for Port ERR	Updated methodology
20.	5	Economic Analysis, Assumptions, and Risks: Assumptions and Risks, Table 8	Table updated for every Project.	Reflects changes in risks since start of implementation.
21.	6	Implementation and Management of M&E: Coordination of M&E Gathering	Figure 3 added, which represents roles and responsibilities for the Watershed Project's reporting.	Increase clarity around the WMAS data collection process.
22.	6	Implementation and Management of M&E: Coordination of M&E Gathering	Updated M&E Gathering Structure Figure	Reflects new responsibilities for PSD project data gathering and reporting.
23.	7	Budget	Total budget reduced from \$4.9 million to \$3.5 million.	Result of Management's rebudgeting exercise in the face of administrative funding constraints. Main reductions were for special studies.

Attachment~7-Table~Modifications: from~14 Apr 06 M&E~Plan~to~20 Dec 08 M&E~Plan~to~20

Process Milestone Indicators

1.	Indicator	Signature of IEA with CSCC (Conselho Superior de Câmaras de Comércio)
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development
	Activity	Credit Bureau
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Contract enters into effect

2.	Indicator	Tender Documents Approved and Issued
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development
	Activity	Credit Bureau
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Establishes Credit Bureau

3.	Indicator	MCA-CV Approves Institutional Development Plans
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development
	Activity	Development of MFIs
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Definition of actions, trainings, and activities for MFIs completed
		completed

4.	Indicator	MCA-CV accepts Quarter 7 Progress Report
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development
	Activity	Development of MFIs
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Successful Achievement of project goals for pre-selected MFIs
5.	Indicator	Legislation modified permitting sale of securities to individuals
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development
	Activity	Government Securities
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Expands Access to the primary market
	T	
6.	Indicator	New auction process approved by Ministry of Finance
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development
	A -4::4	
	Activity	Government Securities
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Original Indicator Modification Justification	No: New indicator Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Process Milestone; Improves the market's operational environment.
7.	Original Indicator Modification Justification Indicator	No: New indicator Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Process Milestone; Improves the market's operational environment. Government approves new water pricing policy
7.	Original Indicator Modification Justification Indicator Date	No: New indicator Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Process Milestone; Improves the market's operational environment. Government approves new water pricing policy 9/27/2008
7.	Original Indicator Modification Justification Indicator Date Project / Objective	No: New indicator Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Process Milestone; Improves the market's operational environment. Government approves new water pricing policy 9/27/2008 WMAS
7.	Original Indicator Modification Justification Indicator Date Project / Objective Activity	No: New indicator Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Process Milestone; Improves the market's operational environment. Government approves new water pricing policy 9/27/2008 WMAS Sustainable Watershed Management
7.	Original Indicator Modification Justification Indicator Date Project / Objective Activity Original Indicator	No: New indicator Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Process Milestone; Improves the market's operational environment. Government approves new water pricing policy 9/27/2008 WMAS Sustainable Watershed Management No: New indicator
7.	Original Indicator Modification Justification Indicator Date Project / Objective Activity	No: New indicator Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Process Milestone; Improves the market's operational environment. Government approves new water pricing policy 9/27/2008 WMAS Sustainable Watershed Management

0	T., 11	Completion and equipping of rural extension centers in all 3 watersheds
1 X	1 Indicator	L Completion and equipping of ritral extension centers in all 3 watersneds
0.	marcator	completion and equipping of fural extension conters in all 5 watersheds

	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase productive capacity
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Technical assistance available to Islands' farmers
	T. P. set s ::	
9.	Indicator	Construct and equip packing and conservation service centers in all 3 watersheds
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Marketing of Agricultural Products
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Agricultural Marketing Services available to Islands' farmers
10.	Indicator	All compromise agreements signed for Road 1
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Roads Rehabilitation
	Activity	Road 1
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Allows construction for road 1 to begin.
	-	
11.	Indicator	All compromise agreements signed or Expropriation process completed for Road 2.
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Roads Rehabilitation
	Activity	Road and Bridges
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
1	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
1	Modification	Flocess inflestone mulcator added to 20Decoo M&E Flan

12.	Indicator	Contract for Phase 1 Works Signed
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Engineering construction firm officially contracted to complete
		Phase 1.

13.	Indicator	BCEOM Submits Final Design for Phase II Works
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Phase II designs and MCA obligation for Phase II complete.

14.	Indicator	Site Installation Complete
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	Process milestone indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	Process Milestone; Prepares Phase I works to begin.

Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project (WMAS)

1.	Indicator	Volume of available water
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Watershed Management and Agriculture Support (WMAS) Project
	Activity	Sustainable Watershed Management
	Original Indicator	Volume of available water
	Modification	Baseline and targets updated
	Justification	New indicator definition
	Justification	New indicator definition

2.	Indicator	Tons of solid material retained through soil conservation infrastructure
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Sustainable Watershed Management
	Original Indicator	No: New indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan
	Justification	More precisely measures the Project's desired outcome (increase agricultural
		productivity and corresponding participating farmer household income) through
		conservation/retention of arable land

3.	Indicator	Productivity
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Agricultural Productivity in the Intervention Areas
	Original Indicator	Productivity
	Modification	Baseline and targets updated
	Justification	Updated and improved methodology

4.	Indicator	Value added for farms
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Agricultural Productivity in the Intervention Areas
	Original Indicator	Value added for farms and agribusinesses
	Modification	Indicator now includes value added for farms only. Baselines and targets updated.
	Justification	More precise definition

5.	Indicator	Number of crop cycles
٥.	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	<u> </u>	Increase Agricultural Productivity in the Intervention Areas
	Activity	·
	Original Indicator	Number of crop cycles
	Modification	Baseline and targets updated
	Justification	New water availability figures
6.	Indicator	Number of farmers adopting drip irrigation
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Productive Capacity
	Original Indicator	Adoption rate of drip irrigation
	Modification	Definition changed. Baseline and targets updated as a result.
	Justification	Changed from a rate to an absolute number which is more precise.
7.	Indicator	Area irrigated with drip irrigation
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Productive Capacity
	Original Indicator	Area irrigated with drip irrigation
	Modification	Baseline and targets updated
	Justification	To reflect project changes
8.	Indicator	Number of crop cycles
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Agricultural Productivity in the Intervention Areas
	Original Indicator	Number of crop cycles
	Modification	Baseline and targets updated
	Justification	New water availability figures

9.	Indicator	Reservoirs constructed
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Productive Capacity
	Original Indicator	Reservoirs constructed
	Modification	Targets updated
	Justification	To reflect project changes as a result of groundwater availability and rising
		construction costs.
10.	Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in 3 of 5 core agricultural
10.	Indicator	disciplines
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Productive Capacity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers trained in drip irrigation
	Modification	Definition changed. Targets updated
	Justification	To reflect changes in training program and establish more rigorous/precise unit of
		measurement.
11.	Indicator	Number of agribusinesses
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Marketing of Agricultural Products
	Original Indicator	Number of agribusinesses
	Modification	Indicator retired
	Justification	Change in project scope
	T = 4:	
12.	Indicator	Sales revenue of agribusiness
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Marketing of Agricultural Products
	Original Indicator	Sales revenue of agribusiness
	Modification	Indicator retired
	Justification	Change in project scope

13.	Indicator	Volume of new loans disbursed for agricultural production
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Financial Capacity of Participants
	Original Indicator	Volume of new loans disbursed by sector
	Modification	Definition refined. Targets eliminated and changed to TBD
	Justification	More precise definition. Updated target data to be provide by MFIs
14.	Indicator	On-time repayment rate for agricultural production loans
	Doto	0/27/2009

14.	Indicator	On-time repayment rate for agricultural production loans
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Increase Financial Capacity of Participants
	Original Indicator	Default rate
	Modification	Definition changed. Baseline and targets updated
	Justification	To meet international micro-finance monitoring standards.

15.	Indicator	Aquifer level	
Date 9/27/2008		9/27/2008	
Project / Objective WMAS		WMAS	
	Activity	Sustainable watershed management	
	Original Indicator	Aquifer level	
	Modification	Indicator retired	
		Elimination of production wells in Faja and Mosteiros and significant reduction in Paul due to project restructuring reduces utility of monitoring performance indicator.	

16.	Indicator	Torrential dikes constructed	
	Date	9/27/2008	
	Project / Objective	WMAS	
	Activity	Sustainable Watershed Management	
	Original Indicator	Torrential dikes constructed	
	Modification	Indicator retired	
	Justification	Output captured in indicator "Tons of solid material retained by soil conservation	
		infrastructure".	

17.	Indicator	Volume of new loans disbursed to agribusinesses	
Date 9/27/2008		9/27/2008	
Project / Objective WMAS		WMAS	
	Activity	Increase Financial Capacity of Participants	
Original Indicator Volume of new loans disbursed to agribusinesses		Volume of new loans disbursed to agribusinesses	
Modification Indicator retired		Indicator retired	
	Justification Loans are neither targeted to agribusinesses or individual farmers; nu		
		of rural loans to be driven/determined by market demand.	

18.	Indicator	Percent of contracted irrigation works disbursed	
Date 9/27/2008		9/27/2008	
Project / Objective WMAS		WMAS	
Activity Increase Productive Capacity		Increase Productive Capacity	
Original Indicator Modification New indicator New indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan Justification New MCC standard reporting requirement.		No: New indicator	
		New indicator added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan	
		New MCC standard reporting requirement.	

Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Indicators

1. Indicators 1. Volume of goods shipped between Praia and other islands.		1. Volume of goods shipped between Praia and other islands.
		2. Tons of general cargo handled per hour
		3. Containers handled per hour
		4. Tons per year
		5. Containers per year
		6. Waiting time for container ships
		7. Berth occupancy time for container ships
		8. Percentage of works completed – Detached breakwater
		9. Percentage of works completed – Demolition
		10.Percentage of works completed – New Container Yard
		11.Percentage of works completed – Warf
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	Port of Praia
	Activity	Phase II
	Original Indicator	Same as listed above
	Modification	Indicators retired
Justification Restructuring of Project construction activities into Phase I and		Restructuring of Project construction activities into Phase I and Phase II. Significant

		gains in operational efficiency dependent on completion of combined works.	
_			
2.	Indicator	1. Percentage of works completed – Cargo Village	
		2. Percentage of works completed – Quay 2 Improvements	
		3. Percentage of works completed – Access Road	
	Date	9/27/2008	
	Project / Objective	Port of Praia	
	Activity	Phase I	
Original Indicator Same as above Modification Individual Phase I and II baseline and targets established.		Same as above	
		Individual Phase I and II baseline and targets established.	
		More rigorous performance monitoring of construction activity outputs	
3.	Indicator	Percent of contracted Port works disbursed	
	Date	9/27/2008	
	Project / Objective	Port of Praia	
Activity Phase I Original Indicator No: New Indicator		Phase I	
		No: New Indicator	
	Modification MCC common indicator (percent works disbursed) added to 20Dec08 Ma		
	Justification Introduction of MCC standard reporting requirement		

Roads and Bridges Indicators

1.	Indicator	Percentage of rehabilitation work phases completed for:	
		1. Road 1	
		2. Road 2	
		3. Road 4	
		4. Bridge Ribeira Grande	
		5. Bridge Ribeira Torre	
		6. Bridge Paul A	
		7. Bridge Paul B	
		8. Road Paul/Eito	
	Date	9/27/2008	
Project / Objective Roads and Bridges Project		Roads and Bridges Project	
	Activity	Improve rural transport network	
	Original Indicator	Same as above	
	Modification	Definition changed to focus on disbursements on construction contracts separately	
		for Santiago Roads and Santo Antao Bridges.	
	Justification	Introduction of MCC standard reporting requirement for common indicator (percent	
		works disbursed) added to 20Dec08 M&E Plan	

Private Sector Development

1.	Indicator	1. Value added in priority sectors above current trends	
		2. Volume of private investment in priority sectors above current trends	
		3. Volume of public investment in priority sectors above current trends	
	Date	9/27/2008	
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development Project	
	Activity	Develop Private Sector	
	Original Indicator	Same as above	
	Modification	Indicators retired	
Justification Activity eliminated from PSD Project		Activity eliminated from PSD Project	

2.	Indicator	1. MFI Gross Loan portfolio	
		2. MFI Gross Loan portfolio, adjusted	
		3. MFI Portfolio at risk, adjusted	
		4. MFI Recovery rate, adjusted	
		5. Ratio of MFIs Operationally Self-Sufficient	
		6. Ratio of MFI's Financially Self-Sufficient	
	Date	9/27/2008	
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development Project	
	Activity	Increase Financial Intermediation	
	Original Indicator	Volume of deposits in micro-finance institutions as % of total deposits	
	Modification	Replace indicator with a set of more rigorous indicators; establish baseline and	
		targets.	
	Justification	To meet international micro-finance monitoring standards.	

Attachment 8 – Text Modifications from 20Dec08 M&E Plan to 11Oct10 M&E Plan

Change	Section Number	Section Title	Nature of Change(s)	Reason for change
1.	2	Summary of the Program and Objectives: Infrastructure Development Project	Updated summary of the events, timeline and MCC funded works of the restructured Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity.	Reflect update in compact closeout documentation.
2.	3	Monitoring Component: Indicators	Incorporate statement of MCC mandated agricultural and infrastructure sector common indicators.	Reflect change in MCC guidance on MCA quarterly reporting requirements.
3.	3	Monitoring Component: Disaggregating Data by Gender, Income and Age	Public dissemination of results of Impact Evaluations on program beneficiaries will vary according to the completion dates of post compact evaluation activities. Estimated impact evaluation completion dates include December 2013 for Agricultural Support, November 2011 for Roads and Bridges, June 2014 for Port Expansion and Modernization and December 2010 for Private Sector Development.	Evaluation activities to extend into compact closeout and post compact periods due to end of compact or post compact completion of works.
4.	3	Monitoring Component: Data Quality Review	The second data quality review was reprogrammed from Quarter 16 to Quarter 20 (July-October 2010) in order to ensure in course field correction of closeout data collection activities.	Reflect change in timing of second planned data quality review to support M&E closeout strategy.
5.	3	Monitoring Component: Standard Reporting Requirements	Incorporate a reference to December 2009 MCC recommendation for the preparation of a Compact Closeout Report (CCR) in order to document the history/evolution of program events, performance, self-assessment of MCA-	Reflect change in scope of MCC reporting requirements due to compact closeout activities.

			CV's management of its program and provide recommendations/lessons learned regarding the MCC development model.	
6.	4	Evaluation Component: Final Impact Evaluation	Update relevant changes to Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project, Roads and Bridges Activity, Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity and Private Sector Development Project evaluation events.	Reflect changes in data sources, methodology, collaborating institutions, bidding process, contract arrangements and timing of evaluation events.
7.	7	Budget	Revision of M&E budget to reflect actual expenses and status of compact closeout operating budget as opposed to originating M&E budget statement.	Reflect actual disbursements during the 2005-2009 period and adjustments to 2010 operating budget.
8.	Attachment 2	Attachment 2: Process Milestone Indicators	Document updated status of indicators from "pending" to "completed", incorporate new indicators and/or revise target dates due to restructuring events.	Reflect current performance status of completed process milestones.
9.	Attachment 3	Attachment 3: Indicator Definition Tables and Performance Tracking Tables	Update tables to reflect revisions to number of performance indicators, language of indicator statements and definitions. As applicable, create historical series of newly introduced indicators and modify annual distribution of targets and/or end of compact targets in strict accordance with MCC M&E policy for target modification; e.g, increase USD value of MFI loan portfolio for the Watershed Management and Agricultural Support Project Credit Activity from USD 450,000 to USD 600,000.	Update status of indicator definition and performance tracking tables to reflect November 2009 MCC mandated agricultural, infrastructure (roads, bridges and port) and financial sector common indicators in support of MCC reporting on cross compact performance and target setting exercises to

				MCC senior management
				and constituents.
10.	Attachment 8	Attachment 8: Text	Document text modifications from 20Dec09 to	Compliance with MCC-M&E
		Modifications from	11Oct10 MCC approved M&E Plans.	Policy
		20Dec08 M&E Plan to	The state of the s	•
		11Oct10 M&E Plan		
		110ctio M&E Flaii		
11.	Attachment 9	Attachment 9: Table	Document table modifications from 20Dec09 to	Compliance with MCC-M&E
		Modifications: from	11Oct10 MCC approved M&E Plans.	Policy
		20Dec08 M&E Plan to	11	
		11Oct10 M&E Plan		
		11Octio M&E Flaii		
12.	Attachment 10	Attachment 10:		
		Methodology for		
		Calculating the		
		International Roughness		
		Index		

Attachment 9 – Table Modifications from 20Dec08 M&E Plan to 11Oct10 M&E Plan

Watershed Management and Agriculture Support Project

1.	Indicator	Number of new loans disbursed - Agriculture: All Watersheds (Paul, Faja and
		Mosteiros)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Financial Capacity of Participants
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Added to contextualize companion indicator "USD Value of agricultural and rural
		loans"

2.	Indicator	Portfolio at risk above 90 days
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Financial Capacity of Participants
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	On-time repayment rate of loans for agriculture
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	To improve quality/completeness of reported MFI financial data and comply with
		CGAP international reporting standards.

3.	Indicator	On-time repayment rate of loans for agriculture
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Financial Capacity of Participants
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Yes
	Modification	Indicator retired
	Justification	"Portfolio at risk above 90 days" incorporated as substitute for "On-time repayment
		rate of loans for agriculture" in order to improve quality/completeness of reported
		MFI financial data and comply with CGAP international reporting standards.

Modification

Justification

disciplines

watersheds.

4.	Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural
		disciplines: All Watersheds (Paul, Faja and Mosteiros)
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural
	Madification	disciplines Distribution of annual topota abandad End of aggregations to undergod. Qualifications of annual topota abandad End of aggregations and End of aggregations.
	Modification	Distribution of annual targets changed. End of compact target unchanged. Qualifier "All Watersheds (Paul, Faja and Mosteiros)" added to indicator statement to improve
		clarity about geographic area(s).
	Justification	Delays in development of updated list of participating watershed farmers to be
		trained introduced changes in training contractor schedule. The distribution of
		annual targets was changed to adjust for rescheduled training events. End of compact target remained unchanged.
5.	Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural
		disciplines (Paul)
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural

program, monitor and manage training progress.

Farmer training data series (targets and actual) was disaggregated by participating

Training data targets were disaggregated by watershed in order to more effectively

6.	Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural
		disciplines (Faja)
	Date	9/27/2008
Ī	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural disciplines
	Modification	Farmer training data series (targets and actual) was disaggregated by participating watersheds.
I	Justification	Training data targets were disaggregated by watershed in order to more effectively program, monitor and manage training progress.
7.	Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural disciplines (Mosteiros)
	Date	9/27/2008
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural disciplines
	Modification	Farmer training data series (targets and actual) was disaggregated by participating watersheds.
	Justification	Training data targets were disaggregated by watershed in order to more effectively program, monitor and manage training progress.
8.	Indicator	Value/Volume of new loans disbursed for agriculture (USD)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Value/Volume of new loans disbursed for agriculture (\$ US)
	Modification	The term "volume" was removed from the indicator statement. TBDs were replaced with established annual and end-of-compact targets.
	Justification	Financial Sector Reform Activity managers establish annual loan targets. Credit line changed from USD 450, 000 to USD 600,000 to provide additional credit to farmers. Credit line increased from reallocation of funds from Private Sector Development Project.

9.	Indicator	Number of new loans disbursed for agriculture
	Date	10/06/2010
	Project / Objective	WMAS
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Yes: Indicator name unchanged
	Modification	Change year 5 target and end of compact target
	Justification	Increase number of loans from 180 to 240 due to increase in credit line from USD
		450, 000 to 600,000 to provide additional credit to farmers. Number of loans
		increased from reallocation of funds from Private Sector Development Project.
10.	Indicator	Value of irrigation construction contracts signed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Water Managment Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
11.	Indicator	Percent of contracted irrigation construction works disbursed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Water Managment Activity
	Original Indicator	Percent of contracted irrigation works disbursed (cumulative)
	Modification	Modify indicator statement and definition
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
12.	Indicator	Number of farmers trained
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural
		disciplines: All Watersheds (Paul, Faja, and Mosteiros)
	Modification	Modify indicator statement and definition
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

13.	Indicator	Number of farmers trained (Paul)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural
		disciplines (Paul)
	Modification	Farmer training data series (targets and actual) was disaggregated by participating watersheds.
	Justification	Training data targets were disaggregated by watershed in order to more effectively
		program, monitor and manage training progress.
14.	Indicator	Number of farmers trained (Faja)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural disciplines (Faja)
	Modification	Farmer training data series (targets and actual) was disaggregated by participating watersheds.
	Justification	Training data targets were disaggregated by watershed in order to more effectively program, monitor and manage training progress.
15.	Indicator	Number of farmers trained (Mosteiros)
	Date	10/20/2009

15.	Indicator	Number of farmers trained (Mosteiros)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Number of farmers that have completed training in at least 3 of 5 core agricultural
		disciplines (Mosteiros)
	Modification	Farmer training data series (targets and actual) was disaggregated by participating
		watersheds.
	Justification	Training data targets were disaggregated by watershed in order to more effectively
		program, monitor and manage training progress.

16.	Indicator	Hectares under improved or new irrigation
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Area irrigated with drip irrigation: All Watersheds (Paul, Faja, and Mosteiros)
	Modification	Modify indicator statement and definition
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

17.	Indicator	Hectares under improved or new irrigation (Paul)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Area irrigated with drip irrigation (Paul)
	Modification	Modify indicator statement and definition. Data series was disaggregated by
		watershed in order to more effectively program, monitor and manage progress.
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

18.	Indicator	Hectares under improved or new irrigation (Faja)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Area irrigated with drip irrigation (Faja)
	Modification	Modify indicator statement and definition. Data series was disaggregated by
		watershed in order to more effectively program, monitor and manage progress.
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

19.	Indicator	Hectares under improved or new irrigation (Mosteiros)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	Area irrigated with drip irrigation (Mosteiros)
	Modification	Modify indicator statement and definition. Data series was disaggregated by watershed in order to more effectively program, monitor and manage progress.
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

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20.	Indicator	Hectares under production
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
21.	Indicator	Value of agricultural and rural loans
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Financial Capacity of Participants
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	Volume of new loans disbursed for agricultural production
	Modification	Modify indicator title
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
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22.	Indicator	Number of farmers that have applied improved techniques: All Watersheds (Paul,
		Faja, and Mosteiros)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Agribusiness Development Services Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
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23.	Indicator	Number of farmers trained in drip in irrigation: All Watersheds (Paul, Faja, and
		Mosteiros)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Credit Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
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24.	Indicator	Volume of Available Water
	Date	10 /06/2010
	Project / Objective	WMAS / Increase Productive Capacity
	Activity	Water Management Activity
	Original Indicator	Yes
	Modification	Establish new annual targets for Paul Watershed and end of compact totals
	Justification	Calculation error of flow thru rates for spring fed reservoirs

Private Sector Development

1.	Indicator	MFI Recovery Rate, Adjusted
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Private Sector Development Project / Decrease Risk
	Activity	Financial Sector Reform Activity
	Original Indicator	MFI Recovery Rate, Adjusted
	Modification	Indicator retired.
	Justification	"MFI Recovery Rate, Adjusted" is the inverse of "MFI Portfolio at Risk, Adjusted".
		Preference given to "MFI Portfolio at Risk, Adjusted" as per CGAP international
		reporting standards

Roads & Bridges Project

1.	Indicator	Kilometers (km) of roads under design
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

2.	Indicator	Value of signed contracts for feasibility, design, supervision and program
		management contracts
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
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3.	Indicator	Percent disbursed for contracted studies
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
4.	Indicator	USD value of signed contracts for road works
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
5.	Indicator	Percent of contracted roads works disbursed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	Percent of contracted Santiago Roads works disbursed (cumulative)
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

6.	Indicator	Kilometers (km) of roads under works contracts
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
7.	Indicator	Kilometers (km) of roads completed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	Kilometers of roads rehabilitated
	Modification	Modify indicator statement
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
8.	Indicator	Roughness Roads/Bridges
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
9.	Indicator	Roughness Road 1 (Orgãos - Pedra Badejo)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. "Roughness" data
		series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to monitor individual
		International Roughness Index (IRI) results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed
		roads in the transportation network.

10.	Indicator	Roughness Road 2 (Cruz Grande - Calhetona)
101	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. "Roughness" data
		series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to monitor individual
		International Roughness Index (IRI) results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed
		roads in the transportation network.
11.	Indicator	Roughness Road 4 (Assomada - Rincão)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. "Roughness" data
		series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to monitor individual
		International Roughness Index (IRI) results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed
		roads in the transportation network.
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12.	Indicator	Roughness Road (Vila das Pombas – Eito)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. "Roughness" data
		series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to monitor individual
		International Roughness Index (IRI) results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed
		roads in the transportation network.

13.	Indicator	Roughness Bridges Santo Antao (Ribeira Grande and Paul)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. "Roughness" data series monitors bridge results independent of roads results in the transportation network.
14.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic
	Data	10/20/2000

14.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

15.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 1 (Orgãos - Pedra Badejo)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Average Annual Daily
		Traffic (AADT) data series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to
		monitor individual results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed roads in the
		transportation network.

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16.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 2 (Cruz Grande - Calhetona)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) data series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to monitor individual results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed roads in the transportation network.
17.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 4 (Assomada – Rincão)
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	Date	
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Average Annual Daily
		Traffic (AADT) data series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to monitor individual results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed roads in the transportation network.
	<u> </u>	transportation network
18.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic Road 4 (Assomada – Rincão)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Average Annual Daily
		Traffic (AADT) data series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to
		monitor individual results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed roads in the
		transportation network.

19.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic Road (Vila das Pombas - Eito)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Average Annual Daily
		Traffic (AADT) data series was disaggregated by individual roads in order to
		monitor individual results of upgraded rehabilitated or constructed roads in the
		transportation network.

20.	Indicator	Average Annual Daily Traffic Bridges Santo Antao (Ribeira Grande and Paul)
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Roads & Bridges Project / Improve Rural Transport Network
	Activity	Roads and Bridges Activity
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. "Average Annual
		Daily Traffic" data series monitors bridge results independent of roads results in the
		transportation network.

Infrastructure Project: Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity (Phase I)

1.	Indicator	Port of Praia: percent of contracted works disbursed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No: New Indicator
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

2.	Indicator	Cargo Village: Percent of construction works completed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	Indicator retired
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Construction and supervisory contractors do not invoice/monitor time and materials for construction of port component works.

3.	Indicator	Quay 2 improvements: percent of works completed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	Indicator retired
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Construction and supervisory contractors do not invoice/monitor time and materials for construction of
		port component works.

4.	Indicator	Access Road: percent of works completed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	Indicator retired
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive. Construction and
		supervisory contractors do not invoice/monitor time and materials for construction of
		port component works.

5.	Indicator	USD value of Port works contracts signed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
6.	Indicator	USD value of Port works contracts disbursed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
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7.	Indicator	USD value of Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management
		contracts signed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
7.	Indicator	USD value of Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management
		contracts disbursed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive
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8.	Indicator	Percentage of Port feasibility, design, supervision and program management
		contracts disbursed
	Date	10/20/2009
	Project / Objective	Infrastructure Project/Improve the fixed assets of the Port of Praia
	Activity	Port of Praia Expansion and Modernization Activity: Phase I
	Original Indicator	No
	Modification	New indicator added to 11Oct10 M&E Plan
	Justification	Comply with 09/Oct/09 MCC Common Indicators Directive

Attachment 10: Methodology for Calculating the International Roughness Index

The means for calculating the IRI for roads is determined by using experience and visual guides to assess roughness index.

Roughness Range (IRI)	Road Description
1.5 to 2.5	Recently bladed surface of fine gravel or soil surface with excellent longitudinal and transverse profile (usually found only in short lengths).
3.5 to 4.5	Ride comfortable up to 80-100 km/h, aware of gentle undulations or swaying. Negligible depressions (e.g. < 5mm/3m) and no potholes.
7.5 to 9.0	Ride comfortable up to 70-80 km/h but aware of sharp movements and some wheel bounce. Frequent shallow/moderate depressions or shallow potholes (e.g. 6-30mm/3m with frequency 5-10 per 50m). Moderate corrugations (e.g. 6-20mm/0.7-1.5m).
11.5 to 13.0	Ride comfortable at 50km/h (or 40-70 km/h on specific sections). Frequent moderate transverse depressions (e.g. 20-40mm/3m-5m at frequency 10-20 per 50m) or occasional deep depressions or potholes (e.g. 40-80mm/3m with frequency less than 5 per 50m). Strong corrugations (e.g. > 20mm/0.7-1.5m).
16.0 to 17.5	Ride comfortable at 30-40 km/h. Frequent deep transverse depressions and/or potholes (e.g. 40-80mm/1.5m at frequency 5-10 per 50m); or occasional very deep depressions (e.g. 80mm/1-5m with frequency less than 5 per 50m) with other shallow depressions. Not possible to avoid all the depressions except the worst.
20.0 to 22.0	Ride comfortable at 20-30 km/h. Speeds higher that 40-50 km/h would cause extreme discomfort and possible damage to the car. On a good general profile: frequent deep depressions and/or potholes (e.g. 40-80mm/1.5m at frequency 10-15 per 50m) and occasional very deep depressions (e.g. > 80mm/0.6-2m). On a poor general profile: frequent moderate defects and depressions (e.g. poor earth surface).

Source: "Transport, Water and Urban Development: Unpaved Roads' Roughness Estimation by Subjective Evaluation", Rodrigo S. Archondo-Callao, Infrastructure Notes, Transport No. RT-02, October 1999.

Notes:

A. The "comfortable" ride is relative to a medium-size sedan car with regular independent shock absorber suspension. Ride varies from car to car so detailed descriptions are generally not transportable, but an observer can quickly become "calibrated"

for a given vehicle. The ride sensation can be described by the observer at a speed relevant to the level of roughness being defined. These descriptions can help considerably, but they must be developed for local conditions and vehicle types.

B. Travel Speed (km/h): Travel speed indicates common travelling speeds on dry, straight roads without traffic congestion, with due considerations of care for the vehicle and comfort of the occupants.